The Leading Motor House of Asia:
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The Bombay Chronicle

The World's Best Cycles and Motor Cars
can be obtained from
BOMBAY CYCLE AND MOTOR AGENCY,
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VOL. II NO. 101 BOMBAY: THURSDAY, APRIL 30, 1914. ONE ANNA

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR & ORIENTAL, S. N. COMPANY.

MAIL SERVICE.

LIST OF DEPARTURES.

FROM BOMBAY FOR

MARSEILLES & LONDON.

BOMBAY to MARSEILLES in .....13 days.
BOMBAY to LONDON via MARSEILLES by rail in ..... 14 ,,
BOMBAY to PLYMOUTH by sea in 19 ,,
BOMBAY to LONDON by sea in ... 20 ,,
Except during the South West Monsoon when the journeys will occupy one additional day.

Date of Sailing.	Steamers.	Tons.	Connecting at Adenwith	Tons.
2nd May.	Caledonia ..	8000	....	....
9th ,,	Salsette ..	6000	Malwa	11000
16th ,,	Persia ..	8000	....	....
23rd ,,	Salsette ..	6000	Mooltan	10000
30th ,,	Macedonia ..	10500	....	....
6th June	Salsette ..	6000	Morea	11000
13th ,,	India ..	8000	....	....
20th ,,	China ..	8000	Maloja	12500
27th ,,	Arabia ..	8000	....	....
4th July.	Salsette ..	6000	Marmora	10500
11th ,,	Arcadia ..	7000	....	....
18th ,,	Salsette ..	6000	Moldavia	10000
25th ,,	Persia ..	8000	....	....
1st Aug.	Salsette ..	6000	Medina	12500
8th ,,	Caledonia ..	8000	....	....
15th ,,	Salsette ..	6000	Mongolia	10000
22nd ,,	India ..	8000	....	....
29th ,,	Salsette ..	6000	Egypt	8000

All the Company's Steamer are fitted with WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY.
Passengers for Brindisi transhipto connecting Steamers at Port Said.
Tenders leave the BALLARD PIER on the day of sailing. All passengers must attend at that place at 12-30 p.m. for medical inspection by the Health Officer of the Port.
Friends of Passengers cannot go on board the Mail Steamer.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS CHINA, AUSTRALIA, and NEW ZEALAND.

The Company's Steamers leave Bombay fortnightly, usually on WEDNESDAY, taking passengers for the Straits, China, and Japan, and Return Tickets are issued on favourable terms.
For accommodation and further information apply to—

A. R. BURNEY,
Acting Superintendent,
164 P. & O. S. N. Co. Bombay.

NIPPON YUSSEN KAISHA.

To Japan *via* Singapore, Hongkong and Shanghai.

Steamer.	Commander.	Ton	Arrival.	Departure.
Rangoon Maru	Kamoshita	5143	18th April.	30th April.
Kawachi Maru	Christiansen	6163	28th ,,	7th May
Penang Maru	Murazumi	4965	6th May	17th ,,
Inaba Maru	Shinobe	6189	16th ,,	27th ,,
Hizen Maru	Sano	3795	26th ,,	6th June
Bombay Maru	Komatsubara	4625	5th June	16th ,,
Colombo Maru	Kawashima	4709	15th ,,	26th ,,
Kamakura Maru	Hori	6126	28th ,,	10th July

For Freight apply to—
T. IBUKIYAMA,
Manager,
York Building,
Hornby Road, Bombay.

INSURANCE.

FIRE
LIFE
MARINE
TRANSIT
PERSONAL ACCIDENT
AND SICKNESS
FIDELITY GUARANTEE
MOTOR CARS

FOR PROSPECTUS AND RATES
Apply to
E. F. HALLIWELL.
General Insurance Agent.
"BIBLE HOUSE", 166, Hornby Road,
Fort, BOMBAY
Phone: 2352 Telegrams: "Baltic

Are you losing weight? Muscles weak and flabby? Stearns' Wine of Cod Liver Extract builds up broken-down tissues and produces sound healthy flesh—increases your weight.

SHIPPING.

ELLERMAN'S CITY AND HALL LINES.

(JOINT SERVICE).

SAILINGS 1914.

HOMEWARD.

Steamers.	Tons	Leave Bombay about.	Leave Karachi about.
Adelia .....B	5478¶	10th May..	....
City of Lahore ....A & C	6875	....	29th April.
City of Birmingham A & C	7475‡	27th May..	25th May.
City of Calcutta.. A & C	7610‡	....	10th June.
City of Benares ....A & C	6984	....	20th June.
City of Manchester..A&C	5551	24th June..	....
City of York .....A & C	7811‡	....	24th June.

*Calling at Bombay for passengers only.
† "City of Lahore" calls at Marseilles and Plymouth.
‡These steamers call at Port Sudan.
§ "B" class carries neither Surgeon nor Stewardess.
¶ Destination Barrow-in-Furness.

OUTWARD.

Steamer.	Tons.	Leave Liverpool about.	Leave Marseilles or Naples about.	Bombay about.
				1914
*City of Poona.	7467	2nd July.	10th July..	24th July.
*City of Calcutta ..	7630	1st Aug..	9th Aug..	23rd Aug.
*City of York.	7811	14th Aug..	22nd Aug..	5th Sept.
City of Manchester ..	5551	22nd Aug..	....	14th Sept.
†City of Marseilles ..	8800	19th Sept..	26th Sept..	11th Oct.‡
*City of Glasgow ..	6529	28th Sept..	6th Oct.	21st Oct.
†City of Paris.	9235	10th Oct...	17th Oct...	31st Oct.
*City of Poona	7467	22nd Oct...	30th Oct...	14th Nov.
*City of Sparta	5415	30th Oct...	....	21st Nov.‡
†City of Calcutta ..	7630	7th Nov.	14th Nov..	29th Nov.
†Trafford Hall	5321	17th Nov..	25th Nov..	11th Dec.
City of Manchester ..	5551	5th Dec..	....	23th Dec.

*Calling at Naples. †Calling at Marseilles, ‡Calling Karachi direct.
¶ "Trafford Hall," carries 1st Class Passengers only.

Fares.	1st class Singles.	1st class Return.	2nd class Single	2nd class Return.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs	Rs.
Marseilles.....	578	891	429	649
London via Marseilles ..	653	1,091	489	809
Liverpool	605	957	462	704
London via Marseilles out from Liverpool	..	999	..	737

Concession granted to Families, Railway Employees, Hospital Nurses, Missionaries, Tea Planters, etc.
Officers of the Army are exempted from the penalty attached to overstaying their leave by reason of delay in arrival of steamer, provided it is timed to arrive within the period of their leave.
The A and C Class steamers carry a duly qualified Surgeon and experienced Stewardess.
A and C Class steamers have Electric Light and Fan, fitted in each cabin FREE OF CHARGE.
The Fares advertised include Free Passage by B. I. Steamer between Bombay and Karachi and vice-versa.
Through booking in connection with Nord-deutscher Lloyd and Cunard Line.
Most of the above steamers are fitted with "WIRELESS TLEGRAPHY."
For passages and full particulars apply to:—
Bombay.—Messrs. Ed. Bate & Sons, Agency.
KILLICK, NIXON & CO.,
Karachi: Messrs. Forbes, Forbes, Campbell and Co., Ltd.

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DIRECT SAILINGS MONTHLY.

TAKING CARGO FOR NEW YORK, BOSTON, PHILADELPHIA, OR BALTIMORE.

For further particulars regarding freight apply to
W. & A. GRAHAM & CO.,
TURNER, MORRISON & CO., LTD.,
391 Agents.

STANDARD OIL CO., OF NEW YORK.

MARSHALL'S BUILDING.
BALLARD ROAD, BOMBAY.

BRAND	Price. Rs. a. p.	
Snowflake 150 deg	6 0 2	per case.
White Rose 150 deg	5 12 2	per case.
Chester Brand 125 deg	5 2 2	per case.
Devoe's Brilliant 125 deg	5 0 2	per case.
Tiger Brand 125 deg	4 15 2	per case.
Monkey Brand 125 deg	4 15 2	per case.
White Camelia 125 deg. (in tins)	4 6 0	per 2 tins
Camel Brand 125 deg. (in tins)	4 6 0	per 2 tins.
Elephant Brand 125 deg. (in tins)	4 6 0	per 2 tins.
Elephant Brand 125 deg. (in bulk	3 12 0	per 8 Imp. galns.

The Company's Local Agents sell all or any of the above oils at the prices stated. Deliveries of bulk oil, on Malbar Hill and Cumballa Hill, are made at half an anna extra charge for coolie hire to cover the increased cost a haulage.
In all cases oil sold by Standard Oil Co., of New York IS IMPORTED IN CASES.
Bandra Agent adds one anna to the above prices excepting for bulk.
Coorla, Andheri and Thana Agents add one anna to the above prices.
Orders books applied gratis on application to
THE MANAGER

SHIPPING.

BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.

(INCORPORATED IN ENGLAND.)

INTEND to DESPATCH STEAMERS as follows:—

FOR KARACHI.

WEEKLY FROM VICTORIA DOCK.

Vessels. Tons. Sailing Date. Time. Routes.
LHASA, 2184, Fri. 1st May *6 a. m., Direct
LINGA, 2185; Mon. 4th May. 11 a.m. †P. D. & C. M.
DWARKA, 1695, Thur. 7th May, a.m. ‡C. M. *or later arrival of English mail steamer. †Porebunder, Dwarka and Cutch Mandvie. ‡Cutch Mandvie.

FOR KARACHI AND BUSREH.

(Weekly.)

S. S. "DWARKA," 1695 tons, on Thursday, the 7th May calling at Muscat, Bushire, and Mahomerah.

FOR KARACHI AND PERSIAN GULF PORTS.

(Weekly.)

S. S. "BARODA," 3,172 tons, on Thursday the 30th April, calling at Verawal, Mangrole, Karachi, Gwadur, Muscat, Jask, Bunder Abbas Henjam, Linga, Dubai, Bahrein, Bushire, Koweit, Mahemrah and Busreh.

FOR SEYCHELLES EAST AND SOUTH AFRICA.

(Fortnightly.)

Steamer.	Tonnage.	Sailing on or about.
†PURNEA	3306	Friday, 1st May.
*PUNDUA	3305	Thursday 14th May.
†PENTAKOTA	3418	,, 28th ,,
*PALAMCOTTA	3413	,, 11th June.

†Calls at Lamoo, Mombasa, Zanzibar, Beira, Delagoa Bay and Durban.
*Calls at Seychelles, Mombasa, Zanzibar, Mozambique, Beira, Delagoa Bay and Durban.
Passengers may book through to Cape Colony ports transhipping at Durban to the steamers of the Union Castle or other Line.

FOR RANGOON OR CALCUTTA.

(Direct.)

Frequent sailings with onward connections to ports in Arracan, Burma Strait Settlements, Mauritius, Australia and New Zealand.
Terms and rates of freight and passage may be arranged with,
MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co., Agents.
Nicol Road near Ballard Pier,
Bombay.
30th April, 1914.

BANKING.

THE EASTERN BANK LIMITED.

(Incorporated in England.)

HEAD OFFICE: 4, Crosby Square, London, E. C.
Branches at: Bombay, Calcutta and Baghdad.

Subscribed Capital	£1,000,000
Paid-up Capital	£ 400,000
Reserve Fund	£ 30,000
Reserve Liability of Shareholders	£ 600,000

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The Rt. Hon. Lord Balfour of Burleigh, K.T.
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BOMBAY OFFICE.

Corner of Hornby Road and Churchgate Street.

INTEREST ALLOWED ON DEPOSITS FIXED FOR ONE OR TWO YEARS AT THE RATE OF 4½ per cent PER ANNUM.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and FIXED DEPOSITS received for shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.
INTEREST ALLOWED on SAVINGS DEPOSIT ACCOUNT S at 3½ per cent. per anuum. Copies of the Rules may be obtained on application.
BILLS OF EXCHANGE purchased loans and credits granted on approved security and every description of Banking and Exchange business undertaken.
PURCHASES AND SALES of British and Foreign Securities effected on the usual terms.
SECURITIES received for Safe Custody, and interest and dividends collected for clients.
W. M. ANDERSON,
Manager.

SHIPPING.

ANCHOR LINE.

The following sailings have now been arranged:—

Steamer.	Tonnage.	Captain.	Leave Bombay
CASTALIA	.. 6388	G. Mitchell	2nd May
ELYSIA	 6368	J. A. Coverley	23rd ,, ,,
Massilia	5091	J. Thomson	9th June 1914
Olympia	5124	J. Kinnaird	24th June 1914
Circassia	6722	C.S. Osborne	R.N.R. 11th Jul. 1914
Scindia	5106	Wm. Kelso	25th July 1914
Castalia	6388	G. Mitchell	10th Aug. 1914
Elysia	6368	J.A. Coverley	24th Aug. 1914
Massilia	5091	J. Thomson	12th Sept. 1914
Olympia	5124	J. Kinnaird	28rd Sept. 1914
Circassia	6722	C.S.Osborne	R.N.R. 12th Oct. 1914
Scindia	5106	Wm. Kelso	21st Oct. 1914
Castalia	6388	G. Mitchell	6th Nov. 1914
Elysia	6368	J.A. Coverey	21st. Nov. 1914

ALL STEAMERS FITTED WITH MARCONI WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY.
All the four berth cabins have now been given up and in future only three persons will be berthed in the cabins that originally held four.

FARES.

	Single. Rs.	Return. Rs.
Bombay to Suez	413	627
Bombay to Port Said	446	677
Bombay to Marseilles and back from Liverpool	653	999
Bombay to London overland from Marseilles and back from Liverpool	653	999
Bombay to Gibraltar	590	891
Bombay to Liverpool	605	957
Bombay to New York	841	1,429
Bombay to Cairo, including train fares from Suez	443	

All return tickets are available for 2 years.
Concessions granted to Families, Railway employees, Hospital Nurses, Missionaries, Tea-Planters, etc.
Each steamer carries a duly qualified Surgeon and experienced Stewardess and is fitted with very comfort.
All steamers have electric lights and electric fans in every cabin free of charge.
Officers of the Army are exempted from the penalty attached to overstaying their leave by reason of delay in arrival of steamers provided it is timed to arrive within the period of their leave.
The advertised rates to Europe include free passage by B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer between Karachi and Bombay.
Through tickets to America per Anchor Cunard Joint Passenger Service.
For any further information regarding passage, apply to the undersigned.
W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Agents, Bombay.

F. CORNAGLIA,

LEADING CONFECTIONER AND CATERER OF WESTERN INDIA.

Cakes and Confectionery prepared daily on the Premises by Skilful European Labour only.

FANCY CAKES A SPECIALITY.

(Local and up-country orders promptly and carefully attended to).

PRICE LIST ON APPLICATION.

F. CORNAGLIA,

83—85, Medows Street, and 7, Esplanade Road, Bombay, and 6, Arsenal Road, Poona.

TELEGRAMS: "CORNAGLIA." TELEPHONE No. 42:

BANKING.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA LIMITED.

Esplanade Road, Fort, BOMBAY.

(Incorporated in the United Kingdom.)

Subscribed Capital	£2,000,000
Paid-up Capital	£1,000,000
Reserve Fund	£1,100,000

Head Office.
26, Bishopsgate, London, E.C.
Branches.

Calcutta	Chittagong	Zanzibar
Bombay	Rangoon	Mombasa
Madras	Mandalay	Nairobi
Karachi	Colombo	Nakuru
Lahore	Kandy	Kisuma
Amritsar	Newera-Eliya	Jinja
Delhi	Aden (Camp)	Kampala
Cawnpore	Aden (Steamer Point)	Entebbe
Tuticorin		
Cochin		

FIXED DEPOSITS.
The Bank receives Fixed Deposits for One Year and shorter periods at rates of interest to be ascertained on application.
CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.
are opened for Approved Customers, and interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on Daily Balances from Rs. 1,000 up to 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.
BILLS OF EXCHANGE.
payable in the principal Cities of Europe, India, China, Africa and Australia, purchased or collected.
DRAFTS.
are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the Principal Cities of Europe, Africa, America and Australia Remittances may be made by telegram.
The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks and Shares and receives same for safe custody realising Interest and Dividends when due.
Loans and Cash Credits granted on approved securities.

JAMES SMITH,
Acting Manager.

Post Box 141.

FOR ADVERTISEMENT RATES
APPLY
THE MANAGER,
"BOMBAY CHRONICLE,"
Medows Street,
Fort, BOMBAY.

BANKING.

THE BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

ESTABLISHED 7TH SEPTEMBER 1906.
INCORPORATED UNDER THE INDIAN COMPANIES' ACT VI OF 1882.
HEAD OFFICE:—ORIENTAL BUILDINGS, BOMBAY.

CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED	Rs. 1,00,00,000
CAPITAL PAID UP	Rs. 50,00,000
RESERVE FUND	Rs. 5,00,000

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.
Interest is allowed on daily balances from Rs. 300 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum from December 1st to May 31st and at 2 per cent. per annum for the remaining six months. On sums exceeding Rs. 1,00,000 interest is allowed by special arrangement. No interest will be allowed which does not amount to Rs. 3 per half year.
FIXED DEPOSITS.
Deposits are received fixed for one year or for shorter periods at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.
GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS.
Transacted, rules for which can be obtained on application.

H. P. STRINGFELLOW,
Manager.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LIMITED

ESTABLISHED 1880.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL. Yen.	48,000,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL	,, 30,000,000
RESERVE FUND	,, 18,550,000

HEAD OFFICE: YOKOHAMA.

Branches and Agencies at

Antung Hsien	Liaoyang	Osaka
Changchun	Calcutta	Pekin
Dairen (Dalney)	London	Ryojun (Port Arthur)
Hankow	Lyons	San Francisco
Harbin	Fengtien	Shanghai
Hongkong	(Mukden)	Tiehling
Honolulu	Nagasaki	Tientsin
Kobe	Newchwang	Tokyo
Los Angeles	New York. (Cal. U.S.A.)	Tsingtau

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved customers and interest allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000 provided that the amount of half-yearly interest is not less than Rs. 5.
FIXED DEPOSITS are received for one year and shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.
Every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business transacted.

N. IGARASHI, Manager.

Post Box N. 207.
Hornby Road Fort, Bombay.

THE BURMAH OIL CO., LD.

B. O. C. LAMP OILS.
B. O. C. PETROL.
B. O. C. MOTOR OILS.
AND GREASES.
B. O. C. CANDLES.

Agents:—SHAW WALLACE & Co.,
TAJ BUILDINGS.
Wallace Street, BOMBAY.
TELEPHONE NO. 102.

CAR AND CAMERA

Busy men and women of to-day are essentially neurotic subjects—not invalids exactly, but more liable to nervous ills than was the case with our forefathers when the circumstances surrounding life were totally different, We are to-day not exactly ill and we are not precisely well, and the only real remedy, we are advised, is to seek a change of air under conditions of healthful environment, healthy employment of mind and body and to seek a large amount of exercise in the open air. Consequently the demand for holidays is to-day greater than ever—not for a complete cessation of work in the form of rest which is sometimes understood to mean sleep, but a period of relaxation from labours which weary and disturb the body and mind.

NOISELESS NAPIER CARS

offer you adequate open air exercise when associated with a Goerz Camera. Both Car and Camera will help considerably to enthuse you into serious perseverence at successful picture making. The Napier car offers you the highest degree of perfection and luxury that motor car construction has attained. It offers you ecstasy of speed, which in the Napier, arises from its equable moving smoothness, as if drawn by an invisible wire. Napier cars offer you the quintessence of calm and quiet enjoyment, free from all that annoys or disturbs the nervous system. The Napier car will give you peace of mind, contentment, comfort and sense of luxurious ease which is difficult to obtain in most cars. The Napier will restore the jaded nerves and fill you with a spirit of cheerfulness which will help to shorten the miles of a long journey.

GOERZ CAMERAS

with a Napier car will be invaluable to those who have ambitions to get beyond the capricious or earlier stages of amateur photography. The car will help you to establish a healthful mind to be followed naturally by the all important artistic perception of the beautiful which nature offers you over every yard of ground. Landscapes, Seascapes, portraiture either single or in group will all help to recreative and intellectual occupation.

Photography undoubtedly appeals to the amateur because it has the advantage of taking us out of doors, where nature gives us ideal beauty appropriate to pictures and in such a wide range of subjects that the amateur needs to trouble very little about rules, as one is more likely to excel solely with practice. With an unencumbered mind therefore about the theory of photography, with a camera of supreme quality like the Goerz cameras, having the best lens and shutter and free from all complications and with the Napier car, known as the "King of Cars" we can say with *Dryden*.

Thy well-breathed horse
Impels the flying car and wins the course.

The car and camera will have provided you with a complete change of occupation. They will have diverted the working of your mind into another channel and they will have released energy in fresh directions thereby strengthening the brain to more efficiently control the body. The highest brain specialists of the world recommend that every man and woman should have a hobby if it is even the mental safety valve of "letters to the Editor column" of the daily newspapers, but the Car and Camera must take the most prominent places in out-of-door hobbies.

MARCKS & Co. Ltd.,

Agents for NOISELESS NAPIER CARS
GOERZ CAMERAS AND BINOCULARS.
BOMBAY AND POONA.

BANKING.

THE EMPIRE BANK, LIMITED.

17-19, GREEN STREET, FORT BOMBAY.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed at 3 per cent. p. a. on minimum daily balances of Rs. 200 to Rs. 1,00,000.
FIXED DEPOSITS for 12 months at 5 per cent. p. a.
SAVINGS BANK deposits at 4 per cent. p. a.
LOANS, OVERDRAFTS AND CASH CREDITS granted on approved security.
SECURITIES AND STOCKS Received for safe custody and dividends and interest thereon collected. Also bought and sold for constituents at market rates.
All kinds of Banking business transacted.
Further particulrs on application.
HEREDIA & Co.,
Agents.

ALL INDIA UNITED INSURANCE CO., LTD.

Established 1906.

FIRE LIFE.

(Funds invested in Government Securities.)

Authorised Capital...	...	50,00,000
Subscribed Capital ...	...	25,00,000
Paid up Capital	... ...	5,00,000
Reserve Funds	... ...	65,000
Claims Paid Over	... ...	1,50,000

Special Features.

Expert actuarial advice.
Rates low consistent with safety.
Policies simple in form.
Claims paid promptly.
Economical management.

WANTED on handsome salary and commission, agents and canvassers for Bombay and unrepresented parts of India.
For full particulars apply to:—
Messrs. M. M. SHIRAZEE & SONS.,
SECRETARIES.
Apollo Street, Fort, BOMBAY.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVTS.

"WANTED" "TO LET" and "FOR SALE" Advertisements are charged at the following rates WHICH MUST BE PREPAID:—

ADVERTISEMENTS not exceeding twenty words, Re 1 per insertion; every additional line(six words) or part of a line 4 annas. Headings count as two lines.

Advertisers are requested to send remittance with copy of advertisement to avoid delay in publication.

Advertisers are requested to note that the Publishers cannot undertake to send Replies to Advertisements unless a sufficient amount is prepaid to cover Postage. Replies can always be obtained at the Office on production of the Voucher given between the hours of 11 a.m. and 6 p.m.

SPECIAL CONTRACT RATES

may be had on application to—

The Manager "Bombay Chronicle" office, Bombay.

DAVAR'S COLLEGE OF COMMERCE, Economics, Law and Banking. The Premier College in India: patronised by Princes, and recognised by other High Authorities. Best Examination results. 80, Esplanade Road. 332

MAHABLESHWAR and PANCHGANI.—For seats in Mail Motors or Reserved Cars from Wathar apply to THE MAHABLESHWAR MOTOR SERVICE Co., Ltd., Mahableshwar. 1989b.

MAHABLESHWAR and PANCHGANI by Motor Cars from Poona First Class Fast, comfortable and reliable cars at competitive prices. MODY'S MOTOR MART, Poona. 382

AMERICAN GENTLEMAN with projects returning 200 per cent profits WANTS to meet SOLICITOR, BANKER, BROKER, ACCOUNTANT or persons able to organize and float Limited Companies. Apply to Box No. 444, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 2451

WHITEHALL WHITE EDGED CARBON—A Novelty—The finest typewriting Carbon on the market. Try it. To be had at BOMBAY STATIONERY MART, the leading Stationers and Paper Merchants in India, Victoria Buildings Parsee Bazaar Street. 2314

BENEDICTINS DENTIFRICE. The wonderful French Dentifrice recommended by all Dentists and introduced for the first time in India. Can be had in liquid, paste or powder at: ARMY & NAVY STORES & THOMPSON & TAYLOR, Bombay. 2170

YOUR PIANO—Does it need tuning or repairing. We place the services of thoroughly competent workman at your disposal. Our charges are moderate and whatever we do for your instrument we guarantee it will be done as well as it is possible. MARCKS and Co., Ltd., Bombay and Poona, Agents for the World-known Bluthner Pianos. 1011

WANTED.

A FRENCH LADY desires to give lessons in French. Apply to Box No. 436, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 2429

WANTED at once a SMART GUJARATI SHORT-HAND TYPIST. Apply to PREMCHAND ROYCHAND & Sons, Fort, Bombay. 2403

EXPERIENCED Indian Journalist would be gald to act as PRIVATE SECRETARY to Bombay Public Man. Free in the morning. Highest references. Apply to Box No. 523, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1401

WANTED FOR THE GWALIOR LIGHT RAILWAYS.—A FITTER MISTRI to take charge of Locomotive Running Shed repairs. Salary up to Rs. 50 p. m. according to qualifications with free quarters.

Only those who have thorough experience of Locomotive work should apply with copies of certificates to

THE MANAGER,
1791 G. L. Ry., Gwalior.

WANTED an OFFICER to be called MANAGING AGENT for the Bengal Luxmi Cotton Mills, Ld., to manage the whole concern of the Company. Remuneration Rs. 700 (Seven hundred only) a month inclusive of travelling charges. Security not to be less than Rs. 25,000. Applications with testimonials should reach the Managing Director on or before the 15th May, 1914.

A. B. GUHA,
Managing Director,
Bengal Luxmi Cotton Mills, Ld.,
1791 No. 23, Pollock Street, Calcutta.

APPLICATIONS are invited for the post of ASSISTANT MECHANICAL and ELECTRICAL ENGINEER at the General Hospital, Rangoon. Applications should be addressed to the Electrical Inspector to the Government of Burma. P. W. D.

The candidates must have a good practical knowledge of Mechanical Engineering including the maintenance and running of Lancashire Boilers, High Speed Engines and Refrigerating Plant, as well as experience with both alternating and direct current; they must hold a 2nd Class Engineer's certificate under the Burma Boiler and Prime Movers Act.

The successful candidate will be required to take charge of the running of the entire Electrical and Mechanical plant in the Hospital under the directions of the Senior Electrician and in the absence of the Senior Electrician he will be responsible for the maintenance as well as the running of the plant.

Candidates must state their age and give a short account of the various works on which they have been employed and their applications must be accompanied by authentic copies of testimonials.

Candidates are to state what salary they expect.

The service will be temporary and the successful candidate will be required to sign a temporary service declaration on appointment.

B. RAIKES,
Electrical Inspector,
to the Government of Burma, P. W. D.,
1765 Rangoon.

WANTED.

WANTED, an ENGLISH NURSE to take charge of a child of four. Apply "R. R." c/o. "Bombay Chronicle." 2440.

WANTED two ACCOUNTS CLERKS with neat handwriting. Salary 30 to 45. Apply to Box No. 452, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 2456

WANTED GUJERATI MEHTA for accounts one with knowledge of English preferred. Apply to Box No. 438, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 2432

WANTED—A MASTER TAILOR required for the 29th Lancers. Apply with testimonials and terms, to the QUARTER MASTER, 29th Lancers. 1792

WANTED—INFORMATION.—What happened to Mary. A handsome reward to the informer. Please write Bar-at-Law "C/o. Bombay Chronicle." 2380

WANTED STOREKEEPER with knowledge of Electrical Stores. Must know accounts. Secu required Rs. 1,000. Salary 100 and free qua s. Apply to Box No. 453, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 2456

WANTED from June to September, a furnished BUNGALOW or FLAT with four bed-rooms ,in locality free from noise of motor or tram. Apply to Box No. 442, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle" 2448

WANTED a SCIENCE TEACHER for Bhavsingji High School, Porbander. Good salary and prospects. Apply, stating terms, to THE EDUCATIONAL INSPECTOR, Porbander. 1793

WANTED a FLAT in Apollo Bunder or the Fort. First or second floor away from the tram lines. Moderate rental. Full particulars to Box No. 527, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1702

WANTED—a CLERK with knowledge of SHORTHAND & TYPEWRITING. Salary Rs. 60 to 70 according to qualifications. Apply to Box No. 445C., Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 2452

WANTED a CASHIER and ACCOUNTANT with knowledge of typewriting. Cash security to the extent of Rs. 1,000/- required. Good prospects for capable man. Apply to Box No. 600, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 2420

WANTED— a STOREKEEPER with knowledge of Electrical Stores. A selected applicant will be required to furnish security Rs. 1,000. Salary Rs. 100 per month with free quarters. Apply to Box No. 445S, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 2452

WANTED — a HEAD MECHANIC to take charge of an Electrical Workshop; the applicant must have had considerable experience in lathe work and instrument repairs. Salary Rs. 100 per month. Apply to Box No. 445M, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 2452

WANTED PORTION OF FLAT.—Two rooms, bath-room; Electric Lights and Fans, Furnished or Unfurnished, without Board, Separate entrance, for Mercantile married man. Boarding houses need not apply Apply to Box No. 445, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 2463

ENGLISH graduate, experienced and successful coach, DESIRES POST as SECRETARY and Tutor combined, Excellent Latin, English, French and Mathematics. Apply to Box No. 416 Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 2322

A STRONG EDUCATED young man WANTS EMPLOYMENT as Valet, Secretary or Tutor. Excellent character and highest references good correspondent and Typist. Willing to do any honest work. Salary Rs. 25 with board and bed. Apply to Box No. 450, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1869

ST. JOHN'S COLLEGE, AGRA—Wanted a Professor of Zoology, from July 1914. Salary 150, or to an experienced teacher Rs. 175. Also a Professor of History, to teach Intermediate classes. Salary Rs 150 to M.A., or Rs. 130 to M.A. (Previous)—Apply PRINCIPAL. 1706

WANTED a PRINCIPAL and a PROFESSOR OF HISTORY and LOGIC for the Dungar Memorial College, Bikaner. None need apply who is not an M.A. in English and History, respectively, with some previous experience of College work and teaching. Pay according to qualifications. Apply stating terms and enclosing copies of testimonials and record of previous services to THE HOME MEMBER OF COUNCIL. 1762

WANTED an experienced HEAD DRAUGHTSMAN on a salary of Rs. 60 p.m. on the Temporary Establishment for this office.

2. The candidate should be well up in
   (a) Design of Irrigation works, bridges, etc.
   (b) Estimating.
   (c) Drawing.
3. Certificates of previous service should be attached to application.
4. The application to reach this office on or before the 10th May, 1914.

A. W. HANCKEL.
Executive Engineer,
1792 Lonand District.

GOVERNMENT COLLEGE, RANGOON. —WANTED for the Government College, Rangoon.—

(1) A PROFESSOR OF PHILOSOPHY for four months from 1st June, 1914. Pay Rs. 400 per mensem. Applicants should have taken the M.A. degree of a University in the first class and have had experience in College work.

(2) A LECTURER IN PHILOSOPHY for four months or possibly for a longer period from 1st June, 1914. Pay Rs. 200 per mensem. Applicants should have taken the M.A. degree of a University and experience in teaching is desirable.

Applications should be addressed to THE PRINCIPAL, Government College, Rangoon. 1793

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—100 LOOMS made by Henry Levesey.

35 CARDS 40in. wide H. and Bullough
16 ROWING FRAMES of 160 spindles
8 INTERMEDIATE ,, 120 do.
4 SLUBBING ,, 84 do.
4 MULES 780 do.
4 DRAWING FRAMES of 3 heads and 7 delivery.

30 FLAT CARDS 38in. WIDE.

All the above made by ASSA LEES, 1897 These can be seen in a very good working condition any time by appointment. For prices and full particulars apply to:—

K. A. HILALY,
Opp. Messrs. Kemp & Co.,
2387 Byculla, BOMBAY.

FOR SALE — MOTOR LORRIES carrying 3 tons load of Thorney croft; can be seen, 14 Kamatipura, Coverji's Liquor Shop. 2460

PIANO— Good upright piano by Ronisch, steel frame, fine ebony case, in excellent condition. Address to Box No. 451 Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 2432

FOR SALE—7½ Couple English Foxhounds, regularly hunted, in fine condition, at the end of March. Apply to PRIVATE SECY. to His Highness Nawab of Jaora, C. I. 1589

FOR SALE — PROPERTY about 800 sq. yds., Second Fanaswady Lane, Near Dadyseth Agiary. Bonafide purchasers. No Brokers. Apply to Box No. 454, Advt. Dept. "Bombay Chronicle." 2458

FOR SALE—Best ALPHONSO and PAIRIE MANGOES and other fruits. Mangoes shipped to England. Send for Price List. DHOBLE & Co., Crawford Market, Bombay. 2302b

TO BE LET.

TO LET—An office room on the third floor with electric fittings; open on all sides. Apply to SHARP & Co., 72-74, Medows Street, Fort. 2460

FLORENCE HOUSE, APOLO BUNDER. Very fine FLAT, exceptionally ample accommodation, newly decorated, excellent cuisine and service. Terms moderate. Apply Mrs. MATCHIN (Late Matchin's Hotel.) 2431

WELL Furnished airy room TO LET, Apollo Bunder. Will suit married couple or two Bachelors with or without board. Electric light and fans. Apply to Box No. 525, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1600

TO LET—Orient Building. Colaba Reclamation 1st FLOOR. Bed rooms facing West Electric lights. Rent Rs. 140 from 1st June.

S. R. SUBEDAR,
2455 16, Apollo Street.

TO LET—At No. 23 Club Back Road, 1st floor of Bungalow facing recreation ground. Drawing, Dining, and three bed rooms with bath rooms attached, stabling accommodation. Apply for particulars to Mrs. J. D. Mugaseth, next door. 2222

TO BE LET—From 1st May 1914 "SOMERSET HOUSE" Warden Road, Breach Candy, Khamballa Hill lately residence of the late Hon. Mr. Justice Tyab fitted with Electric Lights and Fans, large grounds. Tennis Courts and garden. Reasonable offers invited. Apply to HUSAIN B. TYABJI Esq., 15, Marine Line, Fort, Bombay. 1842

NOTICES.

NOTICE.

SEALED TENDERS are invited for carting materials from Poona Railway Station, to Poona Store, Bhatghar and Diva.

Forms of tender and specifications can be obtained from the Accountant of this office on any day except Sundays and holidays on payment of rupee one in cash.

The tenders should reach this office before 20th May 1914, and should be accompanied by Rs. 25 as earnest money.

C. B. POOLEY,
Executive Engineer,
2437 Lake Whiting District.

RE, MARY.

MARY was last seen admiring LEACH and WEBORNY'S Shop Windows. 2462

THE INDIAN TEA AND COMMERCE LIMITED.

(Registered under the Indian Companies Act).

CAPITAL Rs. 2,00,000, (two lacs) divided into 40,000 Shares of Rs. 5 each, payable at once with share application with an admission fee of Re. 1. Board of Directors—Tea Garden Managers, all-tried experts in the managements of vast and successful tea-estates yielding high percentage of dividends annually ranging from 24 to 100 P. C. Negotiations for opening a tea-garden with 4,000 acres of suitable lands and for purchasing a big working concern are nearing completion.

Demand for shares being very considerable, the Directors intend to recommend to the share holders to raise the capital to Rs. 10,00,000, (ten lacs) and to invest the amount expected to be subscribed very soon, in five big estates if not more.

For particulars apply to—

Messrs. SINHA & DAS,
Managing Agent.
383 Karimganj A. B. Ry. (Sylhet).

NOTICES.

NOTICE.

THE PREMIER AGENCY have pleasure in announcing that for the convenience of their numerous clients they have opened a FURNITURE DEPARTMENT with extensize Show Rooms at "PHEROZE BUILDING," APOLLO BUNDER, FORT, BOMBAY, where they have on view a large and varied stock of High-Grade FURNITURE of all descriptions at very moderate prices. Inspection invited. Telephone No. 2426. 2465

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that Five Shares Nos. 32190/94 in the Bombay Telephone Co. Ltd. last endorsed to Sorabji Dadabhai have been LOST STOLEN or MISLAID. Due notice thereof has been given to the Company and all persons are warned against dealing with the said shares in any way.

JAMNADAS MORARJEE,
Share and Stock Broker.
Fort, Bombay, 28-4-1914. 2454

BOMBAY BARODA AND CENTRAL INDIA RAILWAY.

WITH effect from 1st May, 1914, FAST PASSENGER TRAINS will run between BAYANA and AGRA FORT connecting with the up and down Northern Express trains at Bayana.

Bombay Dep.	21 0	Agra Fort Dep.	7 50
Agra Fort Arr.	21 25	Bombay Arr.	8 30

FREDERICK W. HANSON,
250 General Traffic Manager.

THE CITY OF BOMBAY IMPROVEMENT ACT 1898.

NOTIFICATION OF A STREET SCHEME.
PAREL ROAD (CENTRAL) STREET SCHEME.

SCHEME NO. 43.

PURSUANT to Sections 27 (1) and 32 of the above Act, NOTICE is hereby given that the Trustees for the Improvement of the City of Bombay have, under the provisions of section 30 of the said Act, made a Street Scheme for portions of the Municipal Wards B, C, & E of the City of Bombay, for forming or altering Streets within the limits of the area comprised in the Scheme which are bounded as follows:—

As to the part in Ward E.

On the North by parts of Clare and Parel Roads.

On the East proceeding from North to South by properties bearing Ward Nos. 4709 (1-2), 4708 (1-2) parts of, 4706 & 4707, part of Nesbit Road, parts of properties bearing Ward Nos. 4699 (1 & 2), 4694 to 4698 (1 & 2), 4689, 4688, 4663 (1) and 4618 (2), part of Piru Lane, part of properties bearing Ward Nos. 4606, 4601 to 4603, 4598, 4574 (2), 4574 (1) & 4573 and part of Babula Tank Road.

On the South—Partly by properties bearing B Ward Nos. 2311 & 2312 and partly by a portion of Parel Road.

On the West and proceeding from South to North by a portion of Grant Road, properties bearing Ward Nos. 1 (1), 1 (2), 2252 to 2270, part of Bellasis Junction Road, properties bearing Ward Nos. 3209, 3458, 3459 (1-2), 3460 to 3466 & 3467 to 3472, part of 4th Peerkhan Street, properties bearing Ward Nos. 3516 & 3517, part of 2nd Peerkhan street, properties bearing Ward Nos. 3518 (1 to 3), 3519, 3520, 3521 (1) & 3522 to 3530, part of New Nagpada Road, properties bearing Ward Nos. 3536 to 3542, 3543, 3554, 3555, parts of properties bearing Ward Nos. 3556 (1 & 2) & 3564 (1 to 3), part of Shephard Road, parts of properties bearing Ward Nos. 3588, 3587, 3586, 3585, 3569, 3568, 3567, 3566 & properties bearing Ward Nos. 3570, 3571, 3606, 3607, 3575 & 3721, and part of Clare Road.

As to the part in Wards B. & C: On the North—by parts of Parel and Babula Tank Roads.

On the East proceeding from North to South by properties bearing B Ward Nos. 3610 (1 & 2), 3611 to 3615, 3616 (1 to 3), 3617 (1 to 7), 2349 to 2358, 2335, 2336 (1 to 3), 2337 to 2348, 2281, 2313, 2277, 2276, 2275, 2274, 2273, 2272, 2271, 2270, 3396 to 3399, 2268, 2267, 2266, 2265, 2264, 2263, 2262 & 3386 & part of Imamwada Road.

On the South—by a portion of Parel Road and properties bearing C. Ward Nos. 8067, 6842 to 6843.

On the East—By a portion of the Board's Scheme 3, part of Dharamsey Street, properties bearing C Ward Nos. 8010A, 6932 to 6937, 7988, part of Guzar Street, & Parsi Agiary Street, part of Mevawalla Lane, properties bearing C Ward Nos. 7941 to 7943, part of 1st Cooper Street, property bearing C Ward No. 7932, part of 2nd Cooper Street, properties bearing C Ward Nos. 8095 to 8099, part of Yacoob Street, properties bearing C Ward Nos. 8100 to 8105, part of Bapty Road, and properties bearing C Ward No. 8106.

The Office of the said Trustees at Esplanade Road within the Fort of Bombay is the place where particulars of the said Scheme, Maps (Plans Nos. 28 and 33 dated 21st February 1914 & 26th February 1914 respectively) of the area comprised therein and the Statement specifying the land proposed to be acquired may be seen at all reasonable hours.

Dated 21st April 1914.

(Sd.) J. P. ORR,
2372 Chairman of the Board.

When you go visiting—don't have a headache, and be out of sorts. Carry Stearns' Headache Cure, make your stay pleasant. Headache relieved immediately.

NOTICES.

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that JOHARMALL SAROOPCHAND of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant has contracted to sell the property hereunder described to my client.

All persons having any claim to or against the said property or any part thereof by way of sale, mortgage, charge, gift, trust, inheritance, Lease, lien, easement or otherwise howsoever, are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at his office, No. 44, Tamarind lane Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without regard to any such claim, and the same will be considered as waived.

All that piece or parcel of Government Foras Free Hold land or ground with the messuages tenements or dwelling house standing thereon situate on the Northern side of Falkland Road in the Island and Registration Sub-District of Bombay containing by admeasurement One thousand and twelve square yards and one half of another square yard or thereabouts (out of which one hundred and eight square yards are taken up in and form part of the passage on the west side thereof) and registered in the Books of the Collector of land Revenue under Old No. 546 New No. 14098, Old Survey No. 4 and New Survey Nos. 5 5541 and 5A 5541 and bounded on or towards the East partly by the property of Gulamali Karum partly by the property of Sheskar partly by the property of Abdul Rehman and partly by the property of Dhunjibhoy Cursetji, on or towards the West by the said passage aforesaid, on or towards the North by the property of Khatri Kisson Mohanji and on or towards the South by Faekland Road and which said messuage or tenement are assessed by the Municipality under D Ward No. 2227, 2228 and 2229 and street Nos. 2.3. 255 to 263.

Dated this 29th day of April 1914.

F. P. PAVRI,
2457 Purchaser's Attorney.

AUCTION SALE.

CRAWFORD & CO.

AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS.

16, Apollo Street, Fort.

SALE THIS DAY THURSDAY, 30TH APRIL, AT 2-30 P.M., (S. T.)

Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction THIS DAY, THURSDAY, the 30th instant, at 2-30 p. m., (S.T.) at the Orient House, Colaba, opposite Colaba station, (on 2nd floor) very valuable teak and blackwood dining, drawing and bedroom furniture by well-known makers such as rich glass, crockery and platedware, dining tables and chairs, sweet toned cottage piano by S. Rose and Co., mirror back side boards, dumbwaiters, dinner waggons, glass and panel door single and double almirahs, richly lined drawing room suite of sofas and chairs, drawing room rich cabinets, corner cabinets, hanging and wall lamps, carpets, writing dressing and wash-hand tables, tiled teapoys, ornaments, rich table and wall ornaments, figures, bronze ornaments, bedsteads, bed room sofas, cupboards, and other sundry things.

The property of Sassoon Basson, Esq., and others.

At 4-30 p.m. (S. T.).

The property of a gentleman leaving Bombay.

One Bedalia motor-car (French) single cylinder, double seated with Minchlin tyres, very light and simple mechanism. Upkeep expense very little.

1 second hand motor cycle in working order.

1 beautiful arab horse going in harness.

Catalogues are published and the property is on view

BONA FIDE SALE.

A GOOD OPPORTUNITY TO FURNITURE SHOP-KEEPERS.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE AND WELL KEPT SHOP FITTINGS ETC.

Under instructions from Messrs. W. M. Cassim and Bros. Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction, TO-MORROW, FRIDAY, the 1st May, 1914, at 2-30 p. m., (S. T.), at the ground floor of The Candy House, opposite the Taj Hotel, Apollo Bunder the following:—

Cupboards with glass sliding doors, glass show cases, tables, chairs, pane glasses, wooden sign boards, planks sewing machine etc.

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

The above is on view.

SALE on SATURDAY the 2nd PROX. AT 2-30 P.M. (S. T.)

AUCTION SALE OF DINING, DRAWING AND BED-ROOM FURNITURE, GLASSWARE, CROCKERYWARE, PLATEDWARE AND PERSIAN AND INDIAN CARPETS, &c.

On SATURDAY the 2nd day of May, 1914, at 2-30 p.m. (S. T.), Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co., will sell by Public Auction at the ground floor of Glenrose House, Apollo Bunder (opp. the Taj Hotel) the household furniture (specially made to order by well-known makers) consisting of drawing-room suite of sofas and chairs lined plush, cushioned chairs, marble topped tables and teapoys, wardrobes, single and double door glass fitted almirahs, clothes press, side and corner cabinets, single and double brass and iron cots, chiffoneers, jardineers, writing and dressing tables, chest of drawers, arm low easy chairs, screens, dining table and chairs, dinner waggons, ice box, law books, glass and crockeryware, platedware, table ornaments, beautiful vases, Persian and Indian carpets, verandah benches, phonograph with records, &c., &c., the property of A. R. Quarmes, Esq., and others.

Catalogues are printed and the goods are on view

CRAWFORD & Co.,
Auctioneers.
Bombay, 30th April, 1914.

AUCTION SALE.

J. S. MODY & CO.

AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS.

24-26, Bank Street, Fort.

AUCTION SALE ON THURSDAY, THE 30th APRIL, AT 2-30 p.m. (S.T.)

THIS DAY, THURSDAY, the 30th day of April, 1914, at 2-30 p.m., (S.T.), Messrs. J. S. MODY and Co., are instructed to sell by Public Auction, on Altamont Road, Cumballa Hill, very valuable and handsome plain and carved made to order household furniture some pieces by Roberts and others comprising of sliding dining table, arm and armless chair, handsome sideboard, dinner waggons, teapoys, meatsafe, rich glass and porcelainware, tapestry upholstered drawing room suite, handsome hall cabinets, corner cabinets marble top tables, tiled top teapoys, rich engavings, table ornaments rich toned cottage piano, very little used, Chesterfield sofas, palm stands double and single bedsteads, mirror door almiras marble top dressing and wash-hand tables, clothes and gown presses, writing tables, revolving book cases, chest of drawers, Jost radio fan, cooking stove, large ice box, rich carpets, cooking utensils, garden plants etc., etc.

The property of EDWIN YEO Esq., of Messrs. Fleming Shaw and Co.,

Catalogues are published and the property is on view.

AUCTION SALE OF LANDED PROPERTY AND PIECES OF LAND AT VAPI AND SALVAV NEAR THE DAMAN ROAD STATION ON B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY.

On SUNDAY the 3rd day of May, 1914 at 3-30 p.m., (S.T.), Messrs. J. S. MODY and Co. will sell by Public Auction, on the property fifthly described below by order of the Mortgagees Bai Jenabai widow of Gulamali Pirbhoy and Mr. Jafferbhoy Somji Parpia and with the consent of the Mortgagors Messrs. Rahimtulla Allana and Ebrahim Janmahomed the following properties.

PARTICULARS.

FIRST:—All that piece of land with the trees thereon and all the rights and appurtenances belonging thereto situate at Mouje Vapin Sub-District Pardi, in the District of Surat and in the registration Sub-District of Pardi bearing Survey No. 257 and containing by admeasurement two acres and six Gunthas or thereabout.

SECONDLY:—All that piece of land forming a portion of land bearing Survey No. 255 situate at Mouje Vapi in Sub-District Pardi in the District of Surat and the registration Sub-district of Pardi being by admeasurement about twelve carpenters' Gaj in breadth from North to South and about hundred carpenters' Gaj in length from East to West and bounded on the East by a "Gowcharan" grazing land, on the West by the land of Bhika Ranchod, on the North by the house of the said Rahimtulla Allana and on the South by the remaining portion of the said Survey No. 255.

THIRLY:—All that piece of land with the trees thereon and the rights and appurtenances belonging thereto bearing Survey No. 254 and containing by admeasurement one Acre and two Gunthas or there abouts situate at Mouje Vapi in Sub-district Pardi in the District of Surat and in the registration Sub-district of Pardi and bounded on the North by the land of Ranchod Nichha, on the South by the Road leading to the Government Bungalow of the Customs Department and beyond that the property of Ebrahimji Rajbhai, on the East by the property of Ebrahim Esmail and on the West by the land belonging to Government and to Mitha Ganda and others.

FOURTHLY:—All those pieces of land with the tress thereon together with all the rights and appurtenances belonging thereto situate at Mouje Salvav in Sub-district Pardi, bearing Survey Nos. 332, 333, 334, 335 and 336 respectively and the said survey numbers containing by admeasurement four acres and twenty six Gunthas, one acre and twenty six Gunthas, two acres and two gunthas, two acres and thirty Gunthas and one acre and thirty-three Gunthas or thereabouts respectively.

FIFTHLY:—All that piece of land together with the buildings, outhouses and other structures standing thereon and the well dug therein, being by admeasurement about fourteen feet in breadth from North to South and two hundred feet in length from East to West situate at Mouje Vapi, in Sub-district of Pardi in the district of Surat and being a portion of Survey No. 255 containing two acres and eleven Gunthas or thereabouts and bounded on the East by Government "Gowcharan" or grazing land, on the West by the property of Bi'ica Ranchod and others on the North by the house of Mahomed Ebrahim and on the South by the land of Bai Mariam Ebrahim.

SIXTHLY:—All that piece of land situate at Mouje Vapi in Sub-district Pardi in the district of Surat and Sub-registration district of Pardi admeasuring and bearing Survey No. 18 and comprised in the Putta granted by the Government to the said Rahimtulla Allana on the Twentieth day of November one thousand nine hundred and three along with plots bearing Survey Nos. 22 to 26 together with the buildings outhouses and structures standing thereon now occupied by the said Rahimtulla Allana as for his pehdi or firm and bounded on the East by the Dawan Road on the West by a Public "Gowcharan" or grazing ground on the North by the house of Magniram Marwadi and on the South by the Public Road.

For further particulars and conditions of sale applications may be made to the undersigned.

J. S. MODY & Co.,
Auctioneers.
Bombay, 30th April, 1914.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 09 April, 2017

AUCTION SALE.

MEHTA & CO.,

AUCTIONEERS, VALUERS, COMMISSION AND ABSENTEE'S AGENTS.

No. 53, Medows Street, Fort.

AN UNIQUE OPPORTUNITY TO PURCHASE MOTOR-CARS.

AUCTION SALE OF 13 MOTOR-CARS and 2 MOTOR BICYCLES OF DIFFERENT MAKERS.

THIS DAY, THURSDAY, the 30th April, at 2-30 p.m. (S. T.), Messrs. MEHTA and Co., Auctioneers, will under instructions from the Automobile Co., Ld., sell by Public Auction in their yard at Queen's Road and opposite the Chowpati Level Crossing Gate the following Motor Cars.

1. One Beeston Humber 30 H. P. cylinder, painted dark red, to seat five people, Easimen high tension ignition, car in good order.
2. One 30 h.p. Humber recently overhauled four cylinder, Beeston model, Easimen high tension ignition, four speeds and reverse, tyres in good order to seat 5 people.
3. One two-cylinder Beaufort with four seated body in running order.
4. One R.C.H. four-cylinder 5-seated Torpedo body. Bosch Magneto car in splendid order.
5. One four-cylinder 12 H. P. Coventry Humber, Bosch magneto, White and Poppe carburettor, recently overhauled, tyres in good condition, 4 seater, cape hart, hood and screen, painted blue.
6. One four-cylinder Coventry Humber 15 H.P., Bosch magneto, cape cart hood and screen, to seat five people with extra folding seat, car recently overhauled and repainted, tyres in good condition.
7. One two-cylinder DARRACQ just overhauled, tyres in good condition all new, back entrance body four seater, complete with hood, etc.
8. One de Dion seven seated body 12 H. P. two-cylinder, perfect order, new condition, Bosch magneto.
9. One De Dion 8 H. P. single cylinder Bosch magneto, four seated body, new condition, splendid order.
10. One 16/20 H. P. MASS, engine and gear box overhauled, all new gears, new clutch fitted, car in excellent condition, tyres serviceable, fitted with Torpedo body with two extra seats to seat 7, cape cart hood and screen, Bosch high tension magneto, White and Poppe carburettor.
11. One R.C.H. 2 seater 20 H. P. 4 cylinder, Bosch Magneto Chassis in good order.
12. One De Dion 7 seater 2 cylinder Bosch Magneto car recently overhauled, in splendid order. New leather upholstery and paint as new.
13. One 10/12 H. P. RICHARD-BRAZIER just overhauled, in splendid condition, Bosch high tension magneto, Victoria body to seat four, all tyres new, leather hood, screen, etc.
14. One Lincoln Elk Motor Bicycle 2½ H. P. splendid running order. Tyres as new.
15. One Triumph 3½ H. P. 2 speed gear free engine. First class touring machine in excellent running order.

The above cars can be inspected on application to the Manager, Automobile & Co., at the above mentioned place.

MEHTA & Co.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 30th April, 1914.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.

AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS, 21, MEDOWS STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

IMPORTANT TO MAIL AND STATE CONTRACTORS, ENGINEERS AND MACHINERY MERCHANTS.

In the matter of the Indian Companies Act VI of 1882

and

In the matter of the Gujrat Automobile Transport Co., Ltd., in liquidation.

Messrs. SORABJI COWASJI and Co. will, by order of Messrs. Chandabhoy and Jassoobhoy, Liquidators of the Gujrat Automobile Transport Co., Ltd. (in liquidation), sell by Public Auction, on TUESDAY, the 5th day of May, 1914, at 3 p.m. (S. T.), in the compound of Seth Thackersey Moolji's Western India Mill, at Chinchpoogly, Bombay, the following stock and materials belonging to the said Company.

1 Road Locomotive, by Messrs. John Fowler and Co., Ltd.

8 Goods Waggons, 73 feet long by 7 feet wide, 2½ feet height of sides.

2 Passenger coaches, 18 feet long by 6½ feet wide, by Messrs. Dykes and Co., of Calcutta.

1 eight ton single cylinder road-roller.

A lot of rolling stock, spare parts, consisting of piston rings, boiler tubes, bolts, fire bars, boiler pumps, cast and scrape iron, spanners, cans, funnels, etc.

The stock may be inspected on the above said premises any day before the sale.

Full particulars and conditions of sale may be obtained from the undersigned.

SORABJI COWASJI & CO.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 30th April, 1914.

AUCTION SALE.

MENESSE & CO.,

AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS.

No. 85, HUMMUM STREET, FORT.

AUCTION SALE OF UNCLAIMED LUGGAGE, PARCEL, ETC., AT THE G. I. P. RAILWAY VICTORIA TERMINUS.

In accordance with Sections 55 and 56, of Railway Act IX of 1890, under instruction from the G. I. P. Railway Company, Messrs. MENESSE and Co., will sell by Public Auction, THIS DAY THURSDAY, the 30th April at 2 p.m. (S.T.), at the abovenamed placed

A quantity of unclaimed goods, parcels, etc.

AUCTION SALE OF SWEET: COCOANUT: RAPE SEED AND WHITE OIL.

Messrs. MENESSE & Co. will sell by Public Auction THIS DAY, THURSDAY, the 30th instant, 11-30 a.m., (S.T.), in the morning at Fulgate in Dharamsey Street by order of the Insurance Office concerned the following goods salved from the late fire that has occurred in the shop of Mr. Shivjee Keshowjee.

A large quantity of sweet: cocoanut: rape seed and white oil. damaged by fire and water.

AUCTION SALE OF ABOUT 110 FULL PRESSED BALES OF HIGH CLASS STAPLED COTTON.

Messrs. MENESSE & Co., will sell by Public Auction TO-MORROW FRIDAY, 1st May 1914, at 4-30 p.m. (S. T.) at Colaba where the late big fire occurred opposite the Slate godown in Bussan No. 66 to 68, Jetta, on account of the Insurance offices concerned.

About 110 full pressed bales of FINE STAPLED Cotton, slightly damaged by water belonging to Messrs. MITSUI RUSSAN KAISHA, Ltd., specially selected and purchased by their own representatives at Khandesh, Oomraoti, Broach.

A deposit of 50 per cent. will be required on the lots being knocked down.

AUCTION SALE OF 28 BALES COTTON.

In accordance with sections 55 and 56 of Railway Act IX of 1890, under instructions from the G. I. P. Railway Company, Messrs. MENESSE and Co., will sell by Public Auction, on TUESDAY the 5th May, 1914, at 4 p.m. (S.T.), at the Railway Coy.'s Goods Depot. Colaba, the undermentioned bales of cotton damaged by fire:—

28 bales cotton (Warora to Colaba Inv. No. 30 of 17-11-13), consigned by Pragdas N. to Messrs. Breul and Co.

MENESSE & CO.,

Bombay, 30th April, 1914.

BENNETT & CO.,

No. 22. APOLLO STREET, FORT.

AUCTION SALE OF UNCLAIMED GOODS, SWEEPINGS, ETC., AT THE G. I. P. RAILWAY. GOODS DEPOT, WARI, BUNDER.

In accordance with Sections 55 and 56 of the Railway Act 9 of 1890, and under instructions from the G. I. P. Railway Messrs. BENNETT & Co., will, THIS DAY, THURSDAY, the 30th instant, at 2-30 p.m., (S.T.), sell by Public Auction at the abovementioned place, a quantity of unclaimed goods, grain and seeds in bags, cottonseeds in bags, linseed tilly, jawaree, wheat rice, and harda ground nuts seeds & chillies in bags, bundles of picking cotton, empty cylinders, bale of C. P. Goods, bundles of machinery iron weights, baskets, bundles of bagging, empty casks, bundle of iron nails; lot of condemned sheets, lot of old records, loose iron, bags of sweeping grains, etc., etc.,

BENNETT & Co.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 30th April, 1914.

AMUSEMENTS.

Mlle. Marie Vivienne Dagmar

Professor of Deportment
Mimique Theatrale,
Dancing (ancient or modern)
from the

CONSERVATOIRE OF CALCUTTA

NOW IN BOMBAY.

MLLE. DAGMAR will accept pupils for the above subject on the following terms:—

Classes (two lessons weekly) Rs. 15 per month.

Private Lessons (one lesson) Rs. 5.

A course of eight Lessons Rs. 35.

The latest dances (including the drawing room Tango) taught. (No steps except those entirely free from all vulgarity are taught.)

All communications until further notice should be addressed to—

MLLE. DAGMAR,

SECRETARY, CONSERVATOIRE,

Co "THE BOMBAY CHRONICLE."

AMUSEMENTS.

THE EXCELSIOR.

6-30 TWO SHOWS NIGHTLY 10

LAST TWO NIGHTS
OF
THE GRAND NATIONAL 1914

A NIGHT IN A GIPSY CAMP
(At 10 P. M. only).

Acknowledged on all hands to be the finest entertainment since "Hullo! Bombay."

DON'T MISS
THIS DAINTY
Miniature Musical Comedy.

A BUMPER BILL
OF
13 ARTISTES 13.

Here are some more of them:—

Frank J. Sidney & Co.....*Jumpers and Acrobats.*
Mostyn Kelly & Co.....*Sketch Artistes.*
Henry and May.....*Comedy Cyclists.*
Miss Beatrice Willey.....*The Sparkling Soubrette.*

Twice the Quantity, Twice the Quality, but the prices the same.

To be shown on Saturday

"The Chevalier de Maison Rouge" Another great film after Duma's well known Novel.

AMUSEMENTS.

LA SCALA (Ltd.)

PALACE OF VARIETIES

In Association with Bandmann-Rickards Circuit and Coliseum Theatres, Colombo.

6-30 To-night 10

Last Night of Present Programme.

Mr. E. FRED. HAWLEY & Co. in the most thrilling Sketch ever Staged.

"THE BANDIT"

THE CLEMENDOS TRIO

ACROBATIC EXTRAORDINARY.

TO-NIGHT. LAST NIGHT.

of Bombay's Favourite

MISS ALICE DIGBY

(The Versatile Girl)

The latest "STAR" Film Releases from London.

TOMORROW

ANOTHER GRAND CHANGE OF PROGRAMME.

"DE FRA" Marvellous Balancer

The Nerveless Wonder. "DE FRA"

BOOK NOW.—PLANTAT ROSE & Co.

AMERICA-INDIA CINEMA.

Charni Road. TO-NIGHT! Tel. No. 1271

SHAKESPEARE'S FAMOUS COMEDY DRAMA.

AS YOU LIKE T.

Produced by a Company of Talented Artistes.
A PRETTY PLAY PRETTILY RENDERED.

IN THREE PARTS—3500 FEET.

Our New programme.

1 Love & Boxing. (*Comedy with Max Linder in the leading role*)
2 As you Like It .. .. (*Shakesperian Drama*)
Two Little Red-Skins.. .. .. (*Comedy*)
3 Shows Nightly—7 to 8-15; 8-30 to 9-45; 10 to 11-15
Saturday & Sunday. { Prize Show—5-30 to 6-45. Extra Show—11-15 to12-30

Films for Sale or Hire.

The Indian Succession Act

FOR

STUDENTS and PRACTITIONERS

BY

P. L. PARUCK, B.A., L.L.M.

Attorney-at-Law, High Court, Bombay.

The only book of its kind for students going in for the LL. B. and others reexaminations in with copious instructions at the end of each subjects.

All the recent cases on the subject decided between 1900 and 1913 by the High Court of Bombay, Calcutta, Madras and Allahabad, and by the Privy Council including important Chancery cases cited and incorporated.

WITH AN APPENDIX.

containing the full text of the Indian Succession Act, the Hindu Wills Act, the Parsi Intestate Succession Act, etc., etc.

Price, Rs. 5.

Ramchandra Govind & Son

BOOKSELLERS.

Kalbadevi Road, BOMBAY.

OPINIONS.

"Bombay Law Report—"The Indian Succession Act is one of the Acts which, as to certain important portions thereof, is very difficult for beginners to understand. We have to congratulate Mr. Paruck upon his commentary on the Succession Act which we feel no doubt will be very useful to students and also to practitioners. The arrangement is a very happy one, and the only one suited for a clear exposition of some of the difficult rules contained in the Act. The leading cases are given in the form of illustrations, and the point of distinction between the Succession Act, the Probate and Administration Act and the Hindu Wills Act have all been noted in their appropriate places. We do not know of any work on the subject better suited to the requirements of students and young practitioners."

THE BOMBAY WIDOWS' PENSION FUND.
Ltd., ESTABLISHED 1876.

No. 273, Hornby Road, next to Fire Brigade Station.

Funded Capital of Rs. 1,88,606.

Bankers—The Bank of Bombay.

OBJECT.—The object of the Fund is to enable married pesrons to make provision after their death for their wives in the shape of a monthly pension for life. Subscriptions are based upon a very low scale. No distinction between European and Indian lives. Funds are invested in Government and other approved subscription is refunded to a subscriber in the event of his wife pre-deceasing him. Twelve months' grace is allowed for paying subscription in the event of a subscriber losing his employment. Liberal commission is offered to canvassers.

GAJANAN SADANAND DESAI,

The Bombay Chronicle.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

TOWN.

Yearly .. .. Rs. 20
Half-yearly .. .. Rs. 11.
Quarterly .. .. Rs. 6

MOFUSSIL.

Yearly .. .. Rs. 30.
Half-yearly .. .. Rs. 16.
Quarterly .. .. Rs. 9.

GENUINE CARARA
MARBLE STATUARY.

A few select pieces at English Prices.

PREMIER ART SALON,

Navasari Building.

ALL INDIA WEATHER.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

SIMLA, April 29.

The weather has been greatly disturbed in Assam and Bengal and a number of thunderstorms occurred with hail and squally winds.

The chief falls are:—Sibsagar one inch; Tezpur and Dhubri one and a half; Gauhati and Silchar two; Cherrapunji three; Shillong, Cox's Bazar, Naraingani, Calcutta and Mymensingh one; Chittagong one and a half over the rest of the country the weather has been practically dry and the temperature is below normal in the region of rainfall and more or less above elsewhere.

Forecast.—Continued thunderstorms in North-east India.

Earthquake Report.—A shock of slight intensity at its origin about 1,000 miles away, was recorded on the Simla Seismograph at 11-30. yesterday morning.

DAILY WEATHER REPORT.

Summary of observations recorded at 8 hours on Wednesday, the 29th April 1914, giving data for the preceding 24 hours.

The Punjab.—Skies are clear or lightly clouded. Day temperature is in excess over the whole division; night temperature is also above normal at Multan, Lahor eand Ambala.

The United Provinces.—Skies are clear. The moisture in the air is either equal to or below the average. Temperature is in excess.

Sind and Rajputana.—Skies are moderately clouded at Karachi and clear elsewhere. Humidity is in excess in upper Sind. Temperature is generally in excess.

Gujarat, Kathiawar and Central India West.—Skies are clear or very lightly clouded. Humidity is normal or in excess. Temperature is above normal at Neemuch.

The Central Provinces.—Skies are generally clear. Humidity is in defect. Temperature is in excess at Saugon and Jubbulpore.

The Konkan.—Skies are lightly to moderately clouded.

The Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad.—Hyderabad records 0.11in. of rain during a thunderstorm. Skies are clear in the northern half of the division and lightly to moderately clouded in the southern half. Humidity is normal or in defect. Temperature is in excess during the day in the north Bombay Deccan and at night in the south Bombay Deccan. Both day and night temperatures are in excess in south Hyderabad.

General Remarks.—Thunderstorms have given light local rain in Hyderabad.

A few dust or thunderstorms are possible in Hyderabad and the south-east Central Provinces.

OBSERVATIONS TAKEN at 8 a.m. on WEDNESDAY, the 29th of April 1914.

STATION.	Temp. in Shade. Maximum of past 24 hours.	Temp. in Shade. Minimum of past 24 hours.	Humidity. 8 A.M.	Rainfall. Past 24 hours.	Rainfall. Total 1st Dec. to date.	Rainfall. Variation 1st Dec. to Date
PERSIAN GULF—						
Bushire ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Do. (28th) ..	100.5	75.8	83	..	11.55	0.61
Jask ..	95.1	75.9	77	..	4.54	0.47
Muskat ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Do. (28th) ..	102.3	86.1	56	..	2.41	—1.29
PUNJAB—						
Multan ..	111.3	77.3	48	..	1.88	0.18
Rawalpindi ..	97.9	61.7	47	..	15.77	5.73
Lahore ..	107.2	77.2	37	..	4.49	0.74
Sirsa ..	99.3	76.0	28	..	2.99	0.98
Ambala ..	106.7	75.3	29	..	3.25	—2.65
Delhi ..	107.6	80.6	24	..	1.56	—1.59
UNITED PROVINCES—						
Agra ..	111.9	81.0	30	..	0.88	—0.94
Mainpuri ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Jhansi ..	114.4	84.0	11	..	1.42	—0.53
Cawnpore ..	111.2	81.9	26	..	1.58	—0.64
Allahabad ..	113.1	79.5	24	..	1.98	—0.30
SIND AND RAJPUTANA						
Jacobad ..	117.1	79.8	44	..	2.45	1.20
Karachi ..	88.0	80.3	88	..	2.11	0.52
Ajmer ..	101.3	87.3	33	..	2.73	1.25
Jaipore ..	112.2	81.0	25	..	0.87	—0.76
Kotah ..	112.6	87.8	23	..	1.20	—0.09
GUJARAT, KATHIAWAR AND CENTRAL INDIA WEST—						
Bhuj ..	102.1	75.1	85	..	1.01	0.48
Dwarka ..	85.3	78.7	88	..	0.38	—0.30
Veraval ..	82.9	78.8	84	..	0.11	—0.36
Rajkot ..	107.1	73.0	78	..	0.08	—0.45
Bhavnagar ..	106.0	74.8	63	..	0.04	—0.65
Surat ..	93.9	78.0	74	..	0.04	—0.35
Ahmedabad ..	106.8	76.6	71	..	0.09	—0.33
Deesa ..	107.6	76.9	66	..	0.16	—0.38
Neemuch ..	106.7	81.0	48	..	0.14	—0.78
Indore ..	106.1	75.1	46	..	0.70	—0.34
CENTRAL PROVINCES—						
Jubbulpore ..	108.5	80.3	27	..	7.48	4.66
Saugor ..	109.2	83.8	18	..	2.20	—0.41
Hoshangabad ..	111.3	76.3	27	..	2.52	0.61
Khandwa ..	109.5	80.8	38	..	0.30	—0.92
Akola ..	111.2	81.2	20	..	1.06	—1.15
Amraoti ..	111.1	80.9	26	..	2.13	—0.17
Nagpur ..	109.6	81.1	24	..	5.00	1.05
Chanda ..	109.9	80.0	32	..	4.89	1.47
Raipur ..	108.7	84.6	32	..	4.71	1.87
KONKAN—						
Bombay ..	90.7	78.4	81	..	0.15	—0.50
Ratnagiri ..	90.7	78.3	80	..	..	—0.84
Mormugao ..	94.2	78.3	75	..	0.13	—1.90
Karwar ..	90.0	79.8	78	..	0.03	—2.46
BOMBAY DECCAN AND HYDERABAD—						
Malegaon ..	110.3	75.1	35	..	0.08	—0.92
Ahmednagar ..	104.6	69.5	22	..	0.16	—1.63
Poona ..	104.3	71.8	50	..	0.04	—1.71
Sholapur ..	106.3	80.9	27	..	0.28	—1.92
Bijapur ..	104.1	80.9	32	..	0.28	—2.06
Belgaum ..	94.0	71.3	58	..	2.22	—3.74
Aurangabad ..	105.7	74.2	23	..	0.09	—1.61
Nizamabad (Indur).	100.8	83.3	25	0.01	0.47	—2.25
Hyderabad ..	107.1	81.3	44	0.11	0.37	—2.82
MALABAR COAST AND CEYLON—						
Mangalore ..	93.4	81.0	65	..	0.93	—3.95
Calicut ..	90.9	79.4	79	..	4.67	—6.08
Cochin ..	94.0	79.7	69	..	5.22	—11.12
Colombo ..	90.0	75.0	93	0.08	36.41	—1.40
MADRAS (EXCLUDING MALABAR) AND MYSORE—						
Masulipatam ..	96.6	80.9	76	..	0.93	—6.61
Bellary ..	108.3	79.3	51	..	0.56	—2.72
Cuddapah ..	107.6	78.8	78	..	3.48	—1.88
Madras ..	92.0	77.7	72	..	30.78	9.74
Bangalore ..	97.3	71.7	70	..	4.18	—1.34
Coimbatore ..	100.7	73.2	73	..	4.87	—2.49
Trichinopoly ..	102.8	80.3	74	..	11.94	0.97
Negapatam ..	90.3	79.6	73	..	53.59	23.40

STANDARD BAROMETER READING.

The following information is published in order that vessels in the Bombay Harbour may, by comparison with a standard instrument, ascertain the errors of their barometers:—

The reading of the Standard Barometer at the Colaba Observatory corrected for index error and reduced to 32 deg. F., and to the level of the tide, at 8-45 a.m., Standard Time on the 29th April 1914 was 29.973 inches. For temperature corrections applicable to mercurial barometers of ships the reading of the ship's barometer has to be increased or decreased by .013 inch. for every 5 degrees according as the temperature of the attached thermometer is respectively below or above 80 deg. F. In case of the aneroid no temperature correction is needed. But for comparison at 80 F. all aneroid readings should be increased by 136 inch. For correcting the ship's barometer either mercurial or aneroid for the height of the barometer cistern above the tide level in the steam at 8-45 a.m., Standard Time, the ship's barometer reading should be increased by .010 inch. for every 10 feet of the height to make it comparable with the observatory barometer reading given above.

After the stress and worry of a busy day of the office take a dose of Stearns' Wine of Cod Liver Extract. It infuses a new strength and energy.

TEMPERATURE IN BOMBAY.

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY, COLABA.
BOMBAY, 28th April 1914.

Means of observations taken at 6 a.m., 10 a.m. 2 p.m., 4 p.m. and 10 p.m.

Barometer corrected to 32 deg. Fahr	..Inches.	29.804
Temperature of Air	..degrees	85.1
Wet Bulb Thermometer	.. „	79.1
Dew Point	.. „	77.0
Relative humidity of Air	.. „	0.773
Extent of cloudy sky (the whole sky cloudy=10)		1.0
Maximum temperature of Air ..	..degrees	90.7
Minimum do do	.. „	80.2
General direction of Wind from midnight to midnight.		SSE, WSW.
Movement of Wind do	miles	127

SUN, MOON AND TIDES AT BOMBAY.

The following are the hours and heights of the tide in Bombay Harbour during the ensuing week. Hours stated in Bombay Mean Time; depth of water is at Prince's Dock Sill.

Day of Week	Day of Month	HIGH WATER. Bombay Mean Time.	HIGH WATER. Depth on Sill.	LOW WATER. Day of Month.	LOW WATER. Bombay Mean Time	LOW WATER. Depth on Sill
	April	h m	ft. in.	April	h m	ft. in
W	29	m 0 53	25 11	29	m 6 52	15 11
		1 50 a	27 5		7 33 a	20 1
TH	30	m 27	25 5	30	m 7 24	16 3
		2 30 a	26 10		8 12 a	20 7
	May			May		
F	1st	m 2 5	24 11	1st	m 8 1	16 10
		3 10 a	26			21
SA.	2	m 2 51	24 4	2	m 8 48	17 8
		4 10 a	25 10		10 24 a	21 2
S	3	m 4 1 a	25 10	3	9 59	18 6
		5 17 a	25 8			
M	4	m 5 29	24 10	4	m 0 4	20 7
		6 28 a	25 9		m 11 29	19 0
TU	5	m 7 38	24 6	5	m 6 13	19 6
		7 32 a	25 2		0 57 a	19 0

The following are the hours of sunrise and sunset according to Indian Standard Time, during the ensuing week:—

April 29 (Wednesday) Sunrise 6h. 12m. Sunset 7h. 0 m.
„ 30 (Thursday) „ 6m. 12m. „ 7h. 0 m.
May 1st (Friday) „ 6h. 11m. „ 7h. 1m.
„ 2 (Saturday) „ 6h. 11m. „ 7h. 1 m.
„ 3 (Sunday) „ 6h. 14m. „ 7h. 1 m.
„ 4 (Monday) „ 6h. 10m. „ 7h. 2 m.
„ 5 (Tuesday) „ 6h. 9m. „ 7h. 2 m.

PHASES OF THE MOON.—New Moon, April 25th, 4h. 51-9m. p.m.; First Quarter, May 3rd 11h. 59-0m. a.m.; Full Moon, 10th, 3h. 0-8m. a.m.; Last Quarter, 17th, 3h. 2 a.m.

AUTONOMOUS MONGOLIA.

DEFINITION OF RUSSIAN POLICY.

The St. Petersburg correspondent of "The Times" wiring on April 6, stated as follows:—

The Foreign Office to-day issued an Orange-book on Mongolia, including the correspondence preceding the Russo-Mongolian Agreement of November, 1912; the text and protocol of that agreement; the diplomatic correspondence preceding the Russo-Chinese Agreement on the Mongolian question of November, 1913; the Russian declaration and Note on the Mongolian question; and, finally, the communication thereof to the Mongolian Government.

The documents show that the Russian Government strictly adhered to the view that Mongolia must be autonomous under the suzerainty of China, and, in spite of resistance both from Urga and from Peking, carried its point. The instructions of M. Sazonoff, the Foreign Minister, to M. Korostovetz, the Minister at Peking, with which the Orange-book opens, contain the following:—

The decision of the Imperial Government to assure the autonomy of Outer Mongolia aims at the creation of a Chinese province, the special status of which will be guaranteed by Russia. As I explained in the Duma last April, our policy in the Khalkha (Outer Mongolia) endeavours to prevent the establishment in this frontier region of a strong military Power.

MONGOLIAN AMBITIONS.

This formed the keynote of the subsequent conventions, the terms of which are already known. The ill-concealed discontent of the Urga authorities, who fondly hoped to achieve the complete independence of Outer and Inner Mongolia and to indulge in other ambitions at the expense of the Russian Treasury, is clearly indicated in M. Sazonoff's attempt to gild the pill in his dispatch to the Diplomatic Agent in Mongolia of November, 1913:—

We have warned the Mongolians of our inability to secure their complete independence of China. The Chinese suzerainty over Mongolia recognized by us is a mere juridical tie, inasmuch as it does not deprive the Mongolian Government of the right to decide all questions, not excluding political questions, provided that the Chinese Government participates in political negotiations on external questions. We also from the beginning reserved the right to define the geographical limits of autonomous Mongolia, and repeatedly pointed out the impossibility of including Inner Mongolia.

In reply the Russian Diplomatic Agent, M. Muller, wrote:—"The Mongolians listened to me with great attention. They are particularly gratified that, thanks to the insistence of Russia, they will be admitted to a tripartite conference at Kiakhta." But this history of Russo-Mongolian relations, dashed as it is with burlesque, has intensified the impression that the Mongols are unsatisfied and intractable. The Kiakhta conference is still remote.

THE RACE PROBLEM IN INDIA.

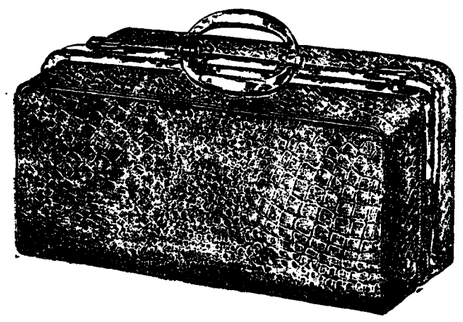
Sir Krishna Gupta, at the opening of the new headquarters of the Indian Students' Club, in High Holborn, on April 3, said there were sinister agencies at work to create dissension and discord in India, and of late he was sorry to say that even in the seats of our great universities, even at Oxford, there had of late been a manifestation of feeling towards Indian university students which all friends of India and England alike must greatly regret. They found the principal mouthpiece of a university giving expression to sentiments and feelings which alike were disgraceful to those who expressed them and to those who listen to them. Therefore, it was very necessary that there should be agencies of that kind which were intended to bring about a state of good feeling between Indians and Englishmen, for it was only by the interchange of good feeling and good fellowship that they could serve the best interests of the empire. General Sir Charles Scott (late member of the Viceroy's Council) opened the club rooms, and among those present were Sir Arthur Hirtzel, Sir Frederick and Lady Robertson, Felicia Countess Lindsey, and the Hon. Montagu Waldegrave (honorary secretary of the club).

UNRIVALLED VALUE IN INDIA

CROCODILE GRAINED-SELECTED SOLID LEATHER

SQUARE HAND BAGS.

Dark Tan or Black



Lock in Handle

SOUND QUALITY.

High-class Nickel Plated Rivetted Fittings.

Sizes	16"	18"	20"
Prices	Rs. 16	Rs. 18	Rs. 20

From

SUNDARRAO NARAYAN & Co.,

At The MYSO CHROME DEPOT—BADRI MAHAL

Hornby Road, Fort, BOMBAY.

COMMERCIAL.

CABLE QUOTATIONS.

THE MONEY MARKET.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

London, April 28th.

Consols 2½ % 74 11.16plus 1.16
Exchange on London at Paris Fcs. 25.15—1½
Rentes 3 % .. .. 86½—½
Berlin Cheques on Loncon .. 20.48½plus ½
Bar Silver Spot 27½plus 1.16
Bar Silver 2 months hence .. 27½plus 1.16
Closing Tone of silver:—Indian Buying.
Rupee Paper 3½ % .. .. 63⅝unchgd.
Exchange on India 30 d-st. (Bank buying Rate) .. .. .. ½27.32unchgd.
Discount, Bank of England Rate 3 % since 29th January 1914.
3½ % India Stock (Sterling Loan) ..87½plus ½
Discount Bank Bills 3 m-st. .. 2 11.16plus ⅛
„ Indian Bank Bills 6 m-st. 2⅝plus 1.16
„ Fine Trade Bills 3 months .. 3¼plus ½
„ „ „ „ 6 „ 3⅜unchgd.
Bar Gold (per oz.) 77.9½
Interest day to day loans .. .. 1⅝plus ¼
„ 7 day market loans .. .. 1½plus ¼

AMERICAN MARKETS.

New York, April 28th.

Day's Receipts at all U.S. Ports .. 17,000
„ Exports to Great Britain .. 2,000
„ „ to Continent 12,000
Futures at New York May .. 12.62plus 2
Futures at New York July .. 12.45—13.
Advanced on unfavorable weather reports and declined owing to commission house liquidation.
Spot Cotton at New York .. 13.10—15
Spot Cotton at New Orleans .. 13¼unchgd.
Tone of Spot Cotton:—Quiet.
Futures at New Orleans May .. ..12.88—8
Futures at New Orleans July .. ..12.73—9
Fair Rio Coffee (No. 7 quality) 8¾unchgd.
Demand Bills .. .. .. 4.87⅜unchgd.
Silver Commercial Bars .. ..59½plus ⅛

LIVERPOOL COTTON.

Liverpool, April 28th.

Bales.

Total Day's Sales at Liverpool .. 12,000
„ Sales on Spec. & for Exp. 1,000
„ Imports 18,000
Tone of Liverpool Cotton. Spot:—Good business done-steady.
Tone of Liverpool Cotton Futures steady.
Tone of Manchester Market steady with a moderate demand.
Mid. Americans .. .. .. 7.35unchgd.
Egyptian F.G.F. .. .. .. 9.05unchgd.
New York 11 a.m. (As known in Liverpool at closing time.) May 12.56—4 July 12.47—11
New York Official noon call May 12.52— 8 July 12.43—15
New Orleans 10 a.m. May 12.90— 6 July 12.78— 4

CLOSING PRICES.

Months.	To-day's price.
A.M.	6.91plus 1
M.J.	6.91 „ 1
J.J.	6.82 „ 1
J.A.	6.79 „ 1
A.S.	6.65 „ 2
S.O.	6.45 „ 2
O.N.	6.35 „ 2
N.D.	6.29 „ 2
D.J.	6.27 „ 2
J.F.	6.27 „ 2

LIVERPOOL COTTON GOODS.

Liverpool, April 28ht.

Tone "Dhooties" and "Shirtings" Brisk Competition at steady rates.
Tone "Cloths" steady and firm.
Weft American 54's 11½
„ Egyptain 80's 17
Tone "Yarns" .. ..steady.
Weft Egyptian 32's 12
Twist 32's W.T.C. 10⅛
„ 32's B. 10⅝
„ 36's W.T.C. 10⅜
„ 36's B. 10⅞
„ 42's 11½
„ American 60's 14¼
„ Egyptian 60's 16⅜
„ „ 80's 20⅜
Grey Shirtings 39" by 37½-38 yards 16 by 12—8lbs. Red Heading 7.7
Grey Shirtings 44" by 39 yards 14 by 13—8lbs. 8.1
White Nainsooks 28" by 18 yards 16 by 13 to 16—15 Range 2.8
White Mulls 28" by 18 yards 14 by 12 Green Ends 20¾
Cloth Gunnis's 36" G. 20 cif. 2.10½
40's Bannermills Twist.. .. .. 11¼
Geo. Mayalls Yarns 11½
F.G.F. Tinnivelly cif. Liverpool .. 5 11.16
Buyers or Sellers .. .. .. nominal
Months .. .. May
Water Twist American 30's 10⅝
„ „ „ 40's 11½
Mule „ „ 40's 11⅜
„ „ „ 50's 12⅜
„ „ „ 60's 14⅞
„ „ Egyptian 40's 16
„ „ „ 50's 16½
„ „ „ 60's 17½

MISCELLANEOUS MARKET REPORT.

London, April 28th.

WHEAT.

Choice White Karachi, per 492lbs. C.I.F May-June; London Buyers 37/-—¼
F.A.Q. Red Karachi, per 492lbs. C.I.F. dull
South American Rozario Santa Fe—60lbs. sellers April; dull unchanged 33¼
Barletta Russo—62½lbs. sellers May; dull 34¼—¼
New South Wales April-May; done and sellers unchanged 36⅜

SEEDS.

Rapeseed, Yellow Cawnpore 416lbs. 85 % ex-Ship April-May; Antwerp sellers unchanged 53¾
Rapeseed, Yellow Guzerat, 416lbs. ex-Ship New Terms April-May; Dunkirk sellers 54¼plus ¼
Rapeseed, Brown, 416lbs. ex-Ship New Terms April-May; Dunkirk sellers quiet but steady unchanged 49½
Linseed Bombay per 416lbs. ex-Ship New Terms April-May; Hamburg sellers firm unchanged 51
Linseed Calcutta April-May; London, sellers firm New Terms 49plus 3d
Linseed Argentine (La Plata) April-May; Hamburg sellers firm 44plus ¼
Bombay Cottonseed April-May; Hull sellers dull 5.12—6—1s

METALS.

Standard Copper G.M.B. £63⅜—⅜
Copper Braziers £78—½
Yellow Metal unchanged 6¾

FREIGHT.

Coals:—Cardiff to Bombay Canal value unchanged 11
Arrivals:—"Habsburg," "Umvolosi."

SUGAR.

German granulated Sugar C. & F. India (Double bags) sellers May-August; very steady unchanged 12.8½
Hungarian Crystals Sugar C. & F. India nominal Oct.-Dec.; no business doing to test price unchanged 11.11½
German Beet-root 88 % sellers May; unchanged 9.4½
German Beet-root 88 % sellers Oct.-Dec.; 9.8plus ½
Very steady and rather dearer very fair business.
E.A.R. & Similar Crystals C. & F. India sellers May-August; quiet but steady unchanged 13.3½
Mauritius Crystals C. & F. Calcutta April; value unchanged 11.2½
Mauritius Crystals C. & F. Bombay April; value quiet unchanged 11.1½
Raw Java Nos. 16-18 C. & F. Calcutta July-Dec.; value unchanged 10.7½
Raw Java, C. & F. Bombay and Karachi July-Dec.; value unchanged 10.9
Fine White Java C. & F. Calcutta July-Dec.; value unchanged 11.9¾
Fine White Java, C. & F. Bombay and Karachi July-Dec.; value nothing doing unchanged 11.11½

RUBBER.

Para Rubber May-June; Buyers steady 2.11½plus ¼

COTTON FIRES ENQUIRY.

PRELIMINARY MEETING.

As announced in yesterday's "Chronicle," the preliminary meeting of the Edwardes Committee appointed to inquire into the causes of the recent cotton fires at the Colaba Green was held yesterday afternoon at the Secretariat, Mr. S. M. Edwardes, Commissioner of Police, being in the chair.

The proceedings were in camera but the press representatives were informed that reporters would be allowed at the subsequent meetings provided the witnesses did not object. If any witness were to object to give evidence in the presence of reporters, he would be examined in camera.

The committee yesterday decided upon the witnesses to be examined and the form of the letter to be addressed to various companies and firms.

The next sitting will be held on Tuesday at 8 a.m.

CROMPTONS FANS.

THREE ALUMINIUM BLADES, 60 INCHES SWEEP,

Rs. 83 each.

THREE ALUMINIUM BLADES, 36 INCHES SWEEP,

Rs. 45 each.

THE MOST ECONOMICAL FANS OBTAINABLE

CROMPTONS BOMBAY, Ld.,

35-37, APOLLO STREET,

BOMBAY MARKET.

IMPORTS OF TREASURE.

Bombay, 29th April 1914

Imports of Treasure .. .. .. Nil.

EXCHANGE.

There has been a firm enquiry for Bank wire, and the rate for ready T. T. has given way 1/32d. Usance bills are very scarce. The tone of the Market at the close is easier.

We quote:—

BANKS SELLING—	s.	d.
T. T. ready ..	1	4
D. D. mail	1	4 1-32
T. T. forward, to May..	1	4

BANKS BUYING—		
Private D. D. ready ...	1	4 3-32
Credits 3 m-s ready ...	1	4 7-32
„ „ forward, 23rd May	1	4 3-16
„ 6 m-s ready ..	1	4 11-32
Francs 3 m-s ready ..		170½
Marks „ „ ...		138½
60 days Hongkong ...		143½
„ „ Shanghai ...		194
„ „ Japan		149½

BULLION.

There was a further advance of 1/16 in rates for Bar Silver in London, the price both for ready and for delivery in two months now being 27½. The tone of the Local Market is easier and rates close 4 to 5 annas below yesterday's quotations. A moderate business is reported.

	Rs.	a.	p.
We quote:—			
English bar gold 24	3	6	
Australian bar gold 24	2	6	
Sovereigns 15	0	0	
Silver (cum duty) ready 78	7	0	
1st Settlement.....78	7	0	
2nd Settlement.....78	11	0	

Exports of Bar Silver from Bombay by Rail on 25th and 26th April 1914.

	Bars	Ounces
G. I. P. Railway.....69*		77,852
B. B. & C. I. Railway.....32		38,879

* Boxes and bars.

GOVERNMENT PAPER.

The Paper Market presented a very firm tone to-day owing to the short covering by bear operators at advancing rates. The Calcutta quotations were also reported strong. The Market opened at Rs. 95-11 but steadily improved and closed at Rs. 95-13 (sellers). The difference between the current and the next settlement increased and kept low at about annas three and a half.

4 per cent. Port Trust Bonds changed hands at Rs. 102-8 (New Issue).

SHARES.

The Cotton Mill Share Market kept steady to-day and a fair amount of "budla" business was done during the course of the day.

David stood steady at Rs. 507-8 and Fazulbhai at Rs. 475.

Standards changed hands at Rs. 1.100.

Madhavji were quoted at Rs. 1,040, Swadeshi at Rs. 1,480 and Centrals at Rs. 1,825 x.d.

Currimbhai were quoted at Rs. 211-4 x.d.

Swans were in demand at Rs. 260 x.d.

Tata Iron and Steel Ordinary shares stood firm at Rs. 78-8 and Deferred declined to Rs. 144.

Tata Hydro Ordinary shares were in demand at Rs. 1,045.

Tapti Valley Ry. shares changed hands at Rs. 582-8.

Central Provinces Ry. shares were placed at Rs. 123.

COTTON.

The following are the latest private cables to hand:—

Weld and Co:—(Liverpool):—"Market steady on bad weather reports. Spinners calling cotton freely." (New York):—"Steady; heavy local short selling of July delivery." (New Crop):—"Very heavy rains over very large area Texas; much replanting will be necessary and farm work will be further delayed."

Grunling:—"Improved demand for spot gives tone to the Market. There is some fear of overflows."

The Home Markets are again irregular. New York closed 2 up for the May position and 13 down for July. New Orleans was 8 and 9 down, and Liverpool, in spite of New York opening 4 and 11 down, was 1 to 2 up at the close. Weather reports are unfavourable, and it is stated that replanting will be necessary in parts of Texas owing to heavy rain. Dry weather is now needed.

The Local Market opened quiet with prices Re. 1 to Rs. 2 lower than last evening's closing rates. Business continues slack and there is no life in the Market. Prices have given way further during the day, and export houses have bought fine Khamgaon-Akola May at Rs. 206 and fine Bengal May at Rs. 189. Business has also been done in fine Broach May at Rs. 266. New Crop rates are also easier, good Broach March being Rs. 276 and fully good Bengal January Rs. 207. Fine Khamgaon-Akola January is Rs. 236.

For ready cotton the enquiry has been very moderate and prices are easier. Holders are anxious to reduce stocks and are willingly meeting any demand even at some concessions as to prices.

B C T A QUOTATIONS.

Growths.	Super Fine	Fine	Fairly Good.	Good	Del y
H. G. Bengals ..	..	..	181	171 ..	Ready
M.G. Bengals ..	..	..	203	193 181 ..	„
M.G. Scind-Punjab ..	..	..	188	178 ..	„
M. G. Khandeish ..	..	..	198	187 ..	„
M.G. Hinganghat Wardha ..	..	..	243	.. ..	„
M.G. Nagpore, Kamptee ..	..	..	241	.. ..	„
M.G. Yeotmahl ..	..	..	234	.. ..	„
M.G. Dhamangaum, Pookaum ..	..	..	225	.. ..	„
M.G. Akola, Khamgaum "Fair Staple" ..	..	..	211	203 ..	„
M.G. Amraoti ..	..	..	216	.. ..	„
M.G. Broach ..	..	..	272	268 266	„
M. G. Muttia ..	..	..	193	183 ..	„
Saw-ginned Dharwar ..	..	..	..	.. 251	25 May
M. G. Westerns ..	..	..	..	.. 247	„
H. G. Westerns ..	..	..	..	.. 242	„
M. G. Compta ..	..	..	..	.. 265	„

OPENING TONE AND PRICES.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

Opening Tone .. .. .. Barely steady
Estimated Sales 10,000
Total Imports 3,000
Future delivery prices —

Months.		
A.M.	6.90 —	1
M.J.	6.90 „	1
J.J.	6.81 „	1
J.A.	6.78 „	1
A.S.	6.64 „	1
S.O	6.43 „	2
O.N	6.33 „	2
N.D.	6.27 „	2
D.J.	6.25 „	2

WHEAT AND SEEDS.

Wheat:—The Market is firm

Quotations —	Rs.	a.	p.	
Ready White, Pesi 85 % ...	5	15	6	R T
White Pesi 75 % ...	5	14	6	„
White Delhi, May ...	5	15	3	„

Linseed:—The Market is steady.

Quotations:—	Rs	a.	p.	
Bold Brown Ready ...	8	8	0	B. T.
Bold Brown May ...	9	1	0	R T

Rapeseed:—The Market is steady.

Quotations:	Rs	a	p.	
Brown Cawnpore May ...	8	1	0	B. T
Yellow Cawnpore May ...	9	6	0	R. T.
Brown Delhi May ...	9	7	0	R T.

Teeleed:—The Market is steady.

Quotations:	Rs.	a.	p.
85 % Bold White.....55	0	0	
Yellow Hinganghat 58	0	0	
Back Kutai 46	0	0	

Groundnuts:—The Market is steady.

Quotations:	Rs.	a.	p
Bold 47	8	0	
Small 46	0	0	

Mowraseed:—The Market is quiet.

Quotations:	Rs	a	p.	
Ready	6	8	0	Nominal

Poppyseed:—The Market is quiet but steady.

Quotations:—	Rs	a.	p.	
Ready	10	0	0	B. T.
May	10	9	0	R. T.

Castorseed:—The Market is steady

Quotations:—	Rs	a	p.
Madras ready 34	8	0	
Guzerat ready 34	0	0	
April May 7	1	0	R T.

Cottonseed:—The Market is quiet but steady.

Quotations—	Rs.	a.	p.
Berar 23	0	0	
Guzerat 22	8	0	

RECEIPTS.

The following are the Receipts of Cotton produce and principal Food Grains into Bombay for the 24 hours ending yesterday at 6 p.m. yesterday:—

Cotton	25,512 Bales
Wheat	21,607 Cwts
Linseed	20,032 „
Rape itai etc.	5,534 „
Gin e lyseed.....	2,467 „
Poppyseed.....	901 „
Groundnuts.....	6,164 „
Castorseed	15.351 „
Rice	79,766 „
Myrabollams	16,937 „
Cottonseed	7,370 „
Mowraseed	50 „
Gram	495 „
Jowar.....	19,785 „
Maize	Nil „
Barley	784 „

CALCUTTA SHARE MARKET.

(From our Correspondent.)

CALCUTTA, April 29.

In the Calcutta share market to-day business was fairly spread.

The transactions included:—

Banks,—Allahabad Bank (ord) 350.

Coal.—Bengal coal 807; Baraboni 12½; Basjorah 9; Bhalgora 25½; Bengal Giridh 12; North-West 17¾; Phoenix Pref. 2; Raneegunge 21; Sendra 13¾; South Govindpore 8½; Union 71¼.

Jute.—Barnagore (ord) 65; Gouripore (pref) 99½ (small lot), Kanknarrah (ord) 188; Kamarhatty (ord) 120.

Tea.—Phoenix 41; Terrihannah 16¼.

Miscellaneous.—India General (ord) 155.

INDIAN COMPANY MEETINGS.

THE GREAVES MILLS.

Mr. H. R. Greaves presided at the annual meeting of the mills, managed by Messrs. Greaves, Cotton & Co., held yesterday, when the following reports and the recommendations made therein were adopted.

EMPRESS S. & W. COMPANY.

Their annual report up to 31st December 1913, shews a loss of Rs. 84,607-0-1. The Directors regret that the result of the year's working has not been satisfactory chiefly owing to the accident to the rising mill engine that occurred on the 22nd February entailing a complete stoppage of the mill, which practically caused a six weeks' suspension of outturn accounting for over Rs. 50,000 of the year's losses. Secondly there have been two labour troubles with the employees, necessitating the closing of the Company's Mills for many days. The causes in dispute have been settled, thanks to the good advice of one of your Directors (Sir Shapurjee Broacha) who personally interviewed the employees. The prospects for the present year are good; the productions of the Mills have been forward for several months for which the necessary supply of cotton has been bought leaving a fair margin of profit.

IMPERIAL COTTON MILLS.

Their annual report made up to 31st December 1913, shews a loss of Rs. 59,545-3-5, which is due chiefly to the labour troubles experienced during the year, neccessitating the closing down of the Mill for a period.

JAMES GREAVES MILLS.

Their annual report made up to 31st December 1913 shews a loss of Rs. 70,243-11-6. The Directors regret that the result of the year's working shews a loss, which is mainly due to the labour troubles experienced during the year, necessitating the closing down of the mills for a period, and later to a great shortage of labour. The new Machinery ordered has improved the quality of the Mill's production, which has been sold forward for three months ahead and sufficient cotton secured leaving a fair working profit.

CONNAUGHT MILLS.

The annual report, made up to 31st December 1913 shews a loss of Rs. 30,161-4-1. The Directors regret that the result of the year's working shews a loss, but it is mainly due to the labour troubles that have been prevalent in Bombay during the past year, and your Company had two serious strikes in June and September which necessitated closing the mills for a considerable period. The new machinery with which your mill is now completely filled has necessitated the expenditure of a large sum of money, wholly drawn from the Depreciation Fund, as the Capital of the Company is (after repaying some Rs. 1,27,800 in 1907) only Rs. Rs. 4,93,200 and the capital expenditure Rs. 14,15,469-13-4. Your directors propose to issue on 1st July next 6 per cent. Preference Shares (preference both as to Capital and Interest) to the extent of Rs. 4,00,000 so as to relieve the Company from excessive borrowings.

HOWARD AND BULLOUGH MILLS.

Their annual Report, with the Audited Balance Sheet and Profit and Loss Account, made up to 31st December 1913, which shews a loss of Rs. 13,509-8-6. The Directors regret the small loss shown on working the mill during the period under review. The year opens favourably; your Company's production is well sold ahead; sufficient cotton has been bought to cover the sales at a fair margin of profit. Under these circumstances your Directors recommend that a dividend of 5 per cent. or Rs. 25 per share be paid out of the Reserve Funds. During the year, new Machinery has been erected to replace old and a further large addition will be added this year, so as to keep your Company's property in first class condition.

BANDRA WATER SUPPLY.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "CHRONICLE."

Sir,—Having read an article in your paper this morning about the Bandra water supply signed by "An Old Resident," I should like to point out that most of his article is entirely incorrect. Had he endeavoured to ascertain the facts he would have been informed that the residents of Pali Hill have been in the same state if not a worse one than Bandorites as regards shortage of water: for while the Bandorites have got sufficient well water within a *reasonable* distance, the residents of Pali Hill have had to employ coolies to carry it from a considerable distance which entails a good deal of expense.

The carts employed by the Municipality are few and very irregular in their visits and charge eight annas a time for cartage, on to which is tacked the charge of water by the Municipality.

Arrangements should be made for the Bombay Water Department to inform the Municipality at Bandra, when they intend to cut off the supply, so that residents can be warned and have time to take in sufficient water to last them some time without going at once to the needless expense and trouble of cart and coolie hire.—Yours, etc.,

AQUEDUCT.

Pali Hill, April, 29.

THE SOUND INVESTMENT AGENCY.

EVERY description of Shares and Securities bought and sold at the most favourable rates. Expert and reliable advice and information given free of charge to Investors. The Investors' Referee, a monthly guide giving quotations of shares and securities, sent gratis on application. List of daily quotations forwarded if required. Great facility afforded to mofusil customers. Orders of any amount promptly executed and thorough satisfaction guaranteed. Highest reference given.

31, Hummum Street, Fort, Bombay.

SHIPPING

ARRIVALS.

Apl. 29th

S. S. Havraise	Saludo	Mauritius Ap'. 1
S. S. Lhasa	Manley	Karachi Apl. 27

DEPARTURES.

pl. 29th

AS. S, Tellena	White	Colombo
S. S. Twlngoa e	Fraser	Do.
S. S. Stamboul	Thorn	Colombo and Calcutta
S.S- Steinturm	Haisenher	Antwerp and Hamburg
S.S, Lightning	Lane	Mangalore etc.
S.S, Arcadia	Barcham	London

The following vessels obtained their port clearances yesterday

S.S. Kasara	Guliver	Busreh via Karachi.
S.S. Baroda	Horscroft	Persian Gulf via Karachi,

The following vessels began to load yesterday.

Steamer Kawachi Maru for Kobe etc

S. S. Havraise:—The steamer Havraise, 3,549 tons, Captain Saludo, arrived in harbour yesterday from Mauritius, which port she had left on April 17, with a general cargo and passengers.

S. S. Lhasa:—The B. I S. N. Co's steamer Lhasa, 951 tons, Captain H. Manley, arrived in harbour yesterday from Karachi, which port she had left on April 27, with a general cargo and passengers.

S.S. Arcadia:—The P. & O. S. N. Co's steamer Arcadia, 3,513 tons, Captain S. Barcham, sailed yesterday for London, with a general cargo and passengers.

S. S. Lightning:—The B. I. S. N. Co's steamer Lightning 2,121 tons, Captain C. W. S. Lane, sailed yesterday for Mangalore etc., with a general cargo and passengers.

S. S. Kasara:—The B. I. S. N. Co's steamer Kasara, 504 tons, Captain B. F. Guliver, will sail to-day for Busreh via Karachi, with a general cargo and passengers.

S. S. Baroda:—The B. I. S. N. Co's steamer Baroda, 1,899 tons, Captain A. Horscroft, will sail to-day for Persian Gulf via Karachi,, with a general cargo and passengers.

S.S. Umvolosi:—The Natal Line steamer Umvolosi arrived in Weymouth from Bombay on the morning of the 27th inst.

S. S. Neuralia:—The P. I S. N. Co's steamer Neuralia arrived at Plymouth on the evening of the 27th inst.

S. S. Semiramis:—The Austrian Lloyd steamer Semiramis from Bombay via Karachi arrived at Aden in the after of the 28th arrived at Aden on the 28 inst in the instant.

Wednesday, April 29th 1914,

P DOCK.

SHED STEAMER	CAPT.	AGENTS
A Rangoon Maru	Kamoshita	N. Y. K.
B Clan Sinclair	Smith	J. F. & Co
C. R. Chello	Tum	J. F. & Co.
D & E. Clan Ferguson	Jones	W. & A. G & Co.
H Khosron	Hawsh	T. M & Co
N. Clan Shaw	Edward	J. F. & Co.
O Dupal	Donovan	W. & A. G & Co.
P Hallamshire	True	T. M. & Co
Q Sardar	Weeks	H. M. S. Shoosryt

V. DOCK.

1 Trentham Hall	Jones	J. F. & Co
2 Castalla	Mitchell	W. & A. G. & C.
4 Oceana	Romico	T. M. & Co
5. Exford	Donavan	J. M. & Co
6 Colonial	Whidborne	K N. & Co
7 wartarn	Koull	W. & A.G. & Co
8 Red Italia	Pesnett	Rubattino Line
9 City of Baroda	Mason	K. N. & Co
10 & 11 Karmark	Reimer	W. & A. G & Co
12 & 13. Dwarka	Hickey	P. & O. S. N. Co
14. Cape Finisterre	Wilson	J. F. & Co
16 Kasara	Deane	M. M. & Co

ALEXANDRA DOCK.

1 Caledonia	Dowell	P. & O S. N. Co
4 Gabloaz	Gilhuber	A. L. S. N. & Co
5 St Monica	Stabb	T. M. & Co
7 Austria	Cosulick	A. L S. N. Co
18. Tauyabi	Kawa A. M	Kawasaki & Co

H. W. W. D.

Lhasa	Manley	M. M. & Co

HARBOUR WHARF.

Homayun	Courtena	T. M. & Co

M. W. D. D.

Okara	Maude	M. M. & Co

VESSELS IN THE STREAM.

Aviemoor	Kosfod	T. Jeewandas & Co
Adalia	Perry	J. F. & Co
Banca	Garwood	P. & O. N. & Co
Begum	Atkin	T. M. & Co
Baroda	Hrcroft	M. M. & Co
Buyo Maru	Moriss	S. W. & Co
Bahrein	Ternel	Arab Steamer
Clan Macneil	Higgens	T. M. & Co
Clan Macdouyall	Price	J. F. & Co
Clematis	Gunn	J. M. & Co
Corsinia	Premuda	W. & A. G. & Co
Coniston Water	Simpson	T. M. & Co
Chakdina	Macfadyan	T. M. & Co
Crostafels	Schneider	W. & A. G. & Co
Den of Ewnie	White	K. N. & Co
D'arka	Morzon	M. M. & Co
Fazilka	Rose	M. M. & Co
Highland Monarch	Scott	J. M. & Co
Hellas	Berg	F. F. C. & Co
Havraise	Saluds	
Itonus	Carey	M. M. & Co
Kamchi Maru	Christiansen	N. Y. K.
Lindula	Lane	M. M. & Co
Manin	Pennary	V. S. N. Co
Markgraf	Schade	A. S. & Co
Oranvmoor	Moffet	D. R. & Sons
Perlak	Guttes	L. B. F. & Co
Purnea	Piggott	M. M. & Co
Queen Amelie	McKay	W. & A. G. & Co
Quilon	Foss	M. M. & Co
Ketchenda	Kabetin	W. & A. G. & Co
Rahmani	Cusack	T. M. & O
Rhodesia	Couch	Raill Br.
Rosslyn	Fishley	W. & A. G. & C
Sumatra	Potter	P & O S N Co
Zoroastrian	Ostrorne	A. Y. & Co

CRIME AND PUNISHMENT

We are beginning to realise that punishment alone is not sufficient; that wrongdoers are the victims of the system in which they are raised, rather than malefactors whom any punishment can correct; that if the Law is to be even relatively just and sane, social conditions also must be taken into account, and so the instrument adapted to its purpose, writes Mr. Austin Harrison in "The English Review."

I am not thinking of humanitarianism or of any "sloppy" sentimental legislation: we have quite enough of that. It is the scientific insight into causes and effects that we need to-day in our administration of the Law; the right to treat men pathologically—to correct intelligently. The vindictive philosophy of our fathers is out of date, because we now know that it is useless. We have only to think of our cruel bastardy laws—to remember that a child born out of wedlock can, by law, never even by marriage, become legitimate—to see how curiously reactionary and unsuitable the Law is in this one respect in our modern life, and how greatly we are need of change. For one thing, we have too many lawyers in our politics, and too much politics in our Law. It would be a salutary beginning if we could pass through an Act of Parliament to keep the one purified from the other.

The death is announced of the senior Rani of Partabgarh, at Lucknow on Sunday evening. She was an educated lady who was charitably disposed and several public institutions benefited by her philanthropy.

BOMBAY CITY AND SUBURBS.

PUBLIC ENGAGEMENTS.

TO-DAY.

Arab steamers Co., annual meeting, 5 p.m.
FRIDAY, May 1.
The Mail steamer Persia, due at 5 a.m.

DAILY.

Excelsior Cinematograph, Excelsior Theatre, 6-30 and 10 p.m
"La Scala," Edwards Theatre, Bandmann-Rickard Vaudeville Co. 6-30 and 10 p.m.
America India Cinematograph, Charni Road, 7 to 8-15, 8-30 to 9-45, and 10 to 11-15.
Imperial Cinematograph, Charni Road, 6-30 to 8, 8-30 to 10, and 10-30 to 12.
Olympia Cinematograph, Sandhurst Road 5-15 to 6-45, 7 to 8-30, 9 to 10-30, and 11 to 12-30 p.m.

RAILWAY TIME TABLE.

The following are the hours of arrival and departure of the principal Mails and Express trains at and from Victoria Terminus daily. Standard Time is given in all cases:—

G. I. P. RAILWAY.

	Arr. H. M.	Dep. H. M
Punjab Mail	12-35	17-3
Calcutta Mail (via Jubbulpur)	13-20	21-0
Calcutta Mail (via Nagpur)	9-15	13 0
Madras Mail	6-0	21-30
Delhi Express (3rd and inter class)	7-40	7-30
Poona Mail	11-10	14-45
Poona Express	19-35	8-0
Manmad Express	11-30	14-25

The Punjab Mail leaves Victoria Terminus at 17-0 which is 15 minutes earlier from 1st March, 1914.
Punjab Postal Express, Five hours after Mail Steamer is signalled on Fridays only.
Calcutta Postal Express, Five hours after Mail Steamer is signalled on Fridays only.
Madras Postal Express, Five hours after Mail Steamer is signalled on Fridays only.

B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY
(In force from 1st March, 1914.)
Bombay.

	Arr. H. M.	Dep H. M
Northern Express	8-30	21-0
Gujarat Mail	7-30	21-30
Kathiawar Express	6-45	21-45

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

Regimental Orders By The Hon. Colonel R. W. L. Dunlop, C.I.E., V.D., Commanding,
April, 30.

319. Musketry. The Range at Ghat Kopar is allotted as follows:—
Thursday 30th afternoon "H" Coy.
Friday 1st morning Any Coy. Class Firing, Afternoon "H" Coy.
Saturday 2nd, Morning any Coy. Class Firing, afternoon "H" Coy.
Sunday 3rd Practice Binning Shield Competition.
Train leaves Victoria Terminus morning 6-15 a.m. afternoon 1-5 p.m.
The Binning Shield Competition will be fired on Sunday the 24th May instead of Tuesday the 26th May as stated in programme issued to members.
320. Enrolment. The undermentioned having been enrolled is taken on the strength of the Corps and posted to "M" Coy. No. 7719 Vol. H. L. Inwood.
321. Appointment No. 7719 Vol. H. L. Inwood to be Cr. Sergt. in "M" Coy. with effect from this date.
(Sd.) O. T. Mac R. LECKIE, Captain,
Offg. Adjutant Bombay Vol. Rifles.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY

Regimental Orders by Major J. W. Hawes, V. D. Commanding.
April, 29.

162 Singnalling Class. Friday 1st May 1914, The Signalling Class will parade at Head Quarters on Friday next the 1st May 1914 at 6-45 p.m.
163 Resignation. The undermentioned having resigned is struck off the Strength of the Corps from to-days date:—
No. 1400 Bombr. P. H. Rood No. 1 Company.
(Sd.) R. C. D. GRAHAM, Captain R.A.
Adjutant, Bombay Volunteer Artillery.

BAND AT THE PRINCESS MARY GYMKHANA.

By kind permission of Lieut.-Colonel T. W. Bonner V. D. and Officers, the Band of the 1st Battn. G. I. P. Ry. Volunteers, will play this evening the following programme of music, under the direction of Mr. Hugh, B. Mitchell Bandmaster, commencing at 6-15 p.m.

March ..... Europe United ..... Zehle
Overture ..... Light Cavalry ..... Suppe
Valse ..... Veschmahte Liebe ..... Lincke
Selection of ... Posti's Popular Songs ... Pougher
Serenata ..... Love in Idleness ..... Macbeth
Melodies from ..... The Foreador ..... Caryll
Two Step ..... Anona ..... Grey

THE LORD REAY LECTURESHIP.

Dr. C. S. Thakar, Tutor in Physiology, has been appointed the Lord Reay Lecturer at the Grant Medical College and will deliver a series of lectures in the Winter Session. The lectures will be open to the medical public and the dates will be notified later on.

NAGPUR MAIL LATE.

The Bengal-Nagpur mail from Calcutta, which was due at Victoria Terminus at 9-15 yesterday morning was three hours late. The time was lost soon after leaving Calcutta, and on Tuesday morning the train was over two hours behind schedule. The train was very full, and the passengers complained of intense heat all day on Tuesday.

D. D. PATELL AND OTHERS AKOLA MILLS.

At the vacation sitting of the Bombay High Court on Tuesday, the Hon. Mr. Justice Batchelor passed an order allowing the plaintiffs to withdraw this suit with the consent of the defendants but with liberty to the plaintiffs to file, if necessary, a fresh suit against the defendants in respect of the 10 bales of cloth referred to in term 2 of the terms of compromise arrived at between the parties on 9th April and recorded in Court. Each party to bear his own costs.

HOME NURSING EXAMINATION.

The following are the names of the ladies who passed the Home Nursing Examination held by Dr. S. R. Shirgaokar M. D., (London) on behalf of the St. John Ambulance Association. These students were prepared for the examination by Dr. Miss. Nagutai M. Joshi under the auspices of the Social Service League, Bombay:—Su'ochanabai Shasne, Mathurabai Navalkar, Shantabai Brahmandkar, Saraswatibai Sanzgiri, Champubai Joshi, Gangubai Bhide, Shantabai Gothoskar, Lilabai Trilokekar, Sharadabai Benkar, Saraswatibai Raote, Lilavatibai Talgaokar, and Sonubai Pandit.

DAILY MORTALITY RETURNS.

During the 24 hours ended at 6 a. m. on Wednesday there were recorded in Bombay City 63 attacks and 57 deaths from plague and 2 attacks and 3 deaths from small-pox. There were no cases of cholera. The total mortality from all causes during the day was 156, as compared with 125 of the corresponding day of 1913 and 107 of 1912. The plague attacks were reported from the following places:—Byculla 10, Sewri 6, Worli 5, Sion 5, Mahim 3, Parel 3, Tardeo 3, Tarwadi 3, Khetwadi 3, Umarkhadi 3, Fort (North) 2, Esplanade 2, Mandvi 2, Kumbharwada 2, Mahalaxmi 2, Kamatipura 1, Second Nagpada 1, Walkeshwar 1, Chowpati 1, Khara Talao 1, Bhuleshwar 1, Dhobi Talao 1, Market 1 and Chukla 1. On Tuesday 1,832 rats were caught by the municipal rat-catchers, 120 of them being found to be plague infected. A Ward contributed 8 of these latter kind of rats, B Ward 34, C Ward 55, D Ward 8, E Ward 12 F Ward 1, and G Ward 2.

EXCELSIOR THEATRE.

A SUCCESSFUL BENEFIT PERFORMANCE.

The benefit tendered to Miss Gladys Cunningham last night at the Excelsior Theatre was more successful than even the promoters had dared to hope. The theatre was full, and, though there was the usual trouble about seats booked twice over, the victims, acting on the maxim that charity suffereth long and is kind, shrugged their shoulders and took any seats they could get.

There was a very full programme, comprising eleven turns, several of which were new. Henry and May did a comedy cyclist act, which was quite good; Frank M. Kelly and Charles Willoughby played a sketch in which most of the jokes were old and the Americanisms in the speech of the former were quite irritating and Frank J. Sidney and Co., presented a clever jumping turn.

Three amateurs, Messrs. C. E. Rooke, J. Dodds and A. F. Simpson sang, and all were encored; Miss Beatrice Willey did a smart singing and dancing act; Madame Gelli and Mr. A. L. Cowen repeated the prison scene from "Il Travatore," and a summarised version of the Gipsy Camp was given.

It was announced during the evening that Miss Cunningham would probably receive about £120 as a result of the performance.

THE RANGOON NAVJOT.

SETLEMENT FALLS THROUGH.

We understand that the proposed settlement regarding the Rangoon Navjot has fallen through, and Sirdar Dastur Kaikobad Adarbad, who had been in Bombay, has left for Poona without interviewing the Hon. Sir Dinshaw Davar.

The oppositionists to the Navjot have announced their intention of forwarding the requisition on Saturday next to the Trustees of the Parsi Panchayet for convening a meeting of the Anjuman. The reformers, who uphold Dastur Kaikobad's action, are contemplating a counter-requisition.

THE "ZEMINDAR'S" MISREPRESENTATIONS.

GOVERNMENT'S LAND POLICY.

(Associated Press.)
LAHORE, April 29.

A detailed "Press Communique" has been issued with regard to the mis-representations recently made ny the resuscitated "Zemindar" which was lately warned by the Commissioner.

The "Zemindar" wrote that in Mahomedan times, the State took only one-tenth of the entire produce of soil, while the British Government took half the produce. The Communique points out by quotations from Aini-akbari that this statement is altogether false. In Mahomedan times, the husbandman was loaded with a number of taxes which altogether exceeded the half produce. After explaining that the general principle of the assessment now is that the Government demand is never to exceed the estimated half net assets of the estate, the Communique points out that the Government has contented itself with considerably less and that in the Punjab, the Government revenue represents a value of one-eighth to one-twelfth of the agricultural produce.

INTERNATIONAL SALVATIONIST CONGRESS.

An international Salvation Army Congress, which will be attained by over two thousand delegates is to be held in London in June next. The meetings are to take place in a special building which is to be created on a portion of the Aldwych site, arrangements having been made with the London County Council for the temperory leasing of an area of about 40,000 square feet with frontages to the Strand and Alwych. Ten years ago, on the occasion of a similar international Salvationist Congress a temporary hall was built on the Alwych island site for the delegates. The buiddig for the forthcoming Congress will have slating accommodation for five thousand persons. The delegates will come from all parts of the world, and over thirty languages will be spoken. There will be Salvationist cowboys from the north-east of the Dominion, Indian, Maori, Red Indian, Kaffir, Zula, and Korean converts, in addition to large Colonial and American delegations. Miss Eva Booth is bringing four hands with her from the United States. The Congress will open on June 11, and continue for a fortnight.

BOMBAY POLICE COURTS.

A MEAN TRICK.

TAKING ADVANTAGE OF A DRUNKEN FRIEND.

Inspector Rale, Excise Inspector, charged one Sukia Pera yesterday, before Mr. Frank Oliviera, third Presidency Magistrate with being in possession of two grains of cocaine without a licence. The prosecution story was that on Tuesday evening, Sukia and one Limboo Yessoo were stopped by an Excise Sepoy and searched on suspicion, and a packet containing two grains was found on Limboo, who, it was testified was very drunk at the time. Duttoo Anand, a witness of the incident, said that he saw Sukia put the packet into Limboo's pocket as the sepoy approached them. Sukia was sentenced to fifteen days' rigorous imprisonment, His Worship remarking that, taking advantage of a friend in a drunken condition to screen oneself, was worse than the offence of being in illicit possession of cocaine.

KIDNAPPER SENTENCED.

At the Esplanade Police Court, before Mr. Frank Oliviera, third Presidency Magistrate, Sub-Inspector Chimanlal charged one Hussein Esai, with kidnapping a child under ten years of age with intent to steal ornaments.

The case for the prosecution was that on the 27th, the complainant, Dowd Usman, a worker in gold embroidery, residing at Colsamulla, reported to the police that he and his daughter, Kathigabai, who is about six years of age, went to a wedding at Gogarimulla. About 1-30 in the afternoon the girl was playing in the compound of the house, but she was subsequently missed, and immediately the matter was reported to the police. She wore gold and silver ornaments, valued at Rs. 200.

A man named Abdul Latiff overheard a gharrywallah tell another that a *mawali* (vagabond) had been seen taking a child away. He overtook the accused and the child and handed them over to the police.

The accused stated that he was taking the child to her house in the hope of receiving two annas, but the magistrate held that it was his duty to hand the child over to a policeman, or to have made enquiries where the child was found. He sentenced the accused to four months' rigorous imprisonment.

SCOPE OF "ACCIDENT" IN COMPENSATION LAW.

CASE OF TEACHER KILLED BY PUPILS.

The House of Lords, on April 6, dismissed the appeal of the managers of the Trim Joint District School against the ruling that the death of a master of the school as the result of an attack by some boys was an accident arising out of his employment. The question that came before their Lordships was whether the master, Kelly, died as the result of an accident arising out of and in the course of his employment so as to the entitle his mother, Mrs. Elizabeth Kelly, to compensation under the Workmen's Compensation Act.

Some of the boys in the school had a grudge against Kelly because he detected one who was guilty of theft, and he prevented the lads playing a certain game in a shed attached to the school. The boys arranged to attack Kelly, and two of them did so with such violence that his skull was fractured in two places and he died the same day. The county court judge held that this was an accident arising out of and in the course of Kelly's employment, and he awarded the mother, who was dependent upon her son, £100 compensation. This view of the case was upheld by the Irish Court of Appeal.

For the applicants if was urged that, as the attack on Kelly was clearly a conspiracy, it was not an accident arising out of his employment. The fact that the assault was designed, it was said, removed it from the catagory of an accident within the meaning of the Workmen's Compensation Act. The case had twice been argued before the House of Lords; on the first occasion, it is understood, there was an equal division of opinion.

The Lord Chancellor, in his judgment, said if the object, of the statue were as wide as he gathered from the study of its language, its construction must be that "accident" included any injury which was not expected or designed by the workman himself. If so, the Court of Appeal in Ireland was right. To take a different view appeared to him to amount to the reading into the Act of a proviso that an accident was not to be deemed within it if it arose from the mischievous act of a person not in the service of the employer. He had little doubt that Kelly met with an accident, and it was not the less an accident for the reason that it was caused by deliberate violence. He had no doubt that there was evidence on which the arbitrator could find, as he did, that the accident so defined arose out of and in the course of the employment. He was therefore of opinion that the appeal should be dismissed with costs.

Lord Loreburn concurred.

APPEAL DISMISSED BY FOUR TO THREE.

Lord Dunedin took the opposite view. It must be conceded, he said, that the injury here was caused by design. The word "accident" in popular language was the very antithesis of design. Popular language would never say that Kelly met his death by accident. It would say that he was murdered. To the question, "Did Kelly meet with an accident arising out and in the course of his employment?" his answer was an emphatic "No." He thought the appeal should be allowed.

Lord Atkinson took the same view as Lord Dunedin. Lord Shaw concurred with the Lord Chancellor and Lord Loreburn, but Lord Parker agreed with Lords Dunedin and Atkinson. The final judgment delivered was that of Lord Reading who agreed with the Chancellor, and the appeal was accordingly dismissed by four to three.

BOMBAY CORPORATION.

DR. SUKHIA'S MOTION RULED OUT OF ORDER.

A meeting of the Standing Committee of the Bombay Municipal Corporation was held yesterday, Mr. Cowasji Jehangir presiding.

The Chairman at the outset said it was his melancholy duty to announce the sad death of Mr. Jaffer Rahimtoola, who had served on the Committee some years ago, and had also been its Chairman. His death was a distinct loss to the public and he (the speaker) was sure they all shared this feeling of regret at the untimely death of their late colleague.

WORLI ROAD.

With reference to Corporation Resolutions sanctioning a grant of Rs. 67,202 for the widening of a portion of Worli Road and an additional grant of Rs. 14,729 for improving the gradient of the road, the Commissioner stated that this work had almost been completed, and it was desirable that the work of widening and improving the gradient of the further portion of the road from Worli Post Office up to very near the Low Level Channel should now be put in hand. The cost of carrying out. this improvement was estimated at Rs. 11,18,557 and he requested sanction to the execution of the work and to an additional grant of Rs. 12,430.

It was resolved to forward the letter to the Corporation.

A POINT OF ORDER.

The Chairman ruled out of order the following motion standing in the name of Dr. N. H. E. Sukhia:

"That the Chairman's ruling published at page 100 of the Standing Committee Proceedings, dated the 22nd April 1914, regarding Dr. Sukhia's letter of complaint—Item No. 25 of the Agenda—about the conduct of the Chair and his other rulings published at pages 46, 61, &c., are wrong, illegal, and subversive of even ordinary Rules of debate and Procedure, and that the Chairman fails to appreciate the difference between a Point of order and a motion or proposition challenging his rulings. That the attention of the Chairman and of the Standing Committee be invited to the marginally cited paras—(A.)—From Felt's Parliamentary Procedure of Deliberative Assemblies including Point of Order and Appeal from the Chairman's ruling. (B.)—From the late Premier, the Right Hon'ble Mr. W. E. Gladstone's Speech delivered on the 4th August 1881; (C.)—From the joint opinion of Counsel, Messrs. Macpherson and Inverarity obtained by the Corporation and published in their Record of Proceedings for the year 1895-96 at page 253; and (D.)—From the opinion of Counsel Mr. Inverarity obtained on January 12th, 1907."

The Chairman, in ruling the motion out of order, said:

In this notice of motion Dr. Sukhia has cited various extracts but it seems he has still to learn that such extracts must apply to the Rules of Procedure in force in the Corporation and Standing Committee. This is by no means the first time Dr. Sukhia has challenged the ruling of the presiding authority.

In, 1906, Dr. Sukhia, in challengng the ruling of the President, placed all these very extracts except the last one before the Corporation, which he now places before you. His notice of motion was nevertheless ruled out of order. Upto the year 1909, Dr. Sukhia challenged the rulings of various Presidents on 23 occasions. He was consistantly ruled out of orders on every occasion.

But in that year in a case very similar to this one that has started his present challenge the President said as follows. "As, however, Dr. Sukhia proposed to question the course adopted by him he desired to give him as a special case an opportunity by allowing him to move the proposition, it being distinctly understood that the permission should not be taken as creating a precedent. The result was Dr. Sukhia's proposition was lost by 19 votes to 1.

I have therefore, no hesitation in ruling this notice out of order.

LIQUOR CONSUMPTION.

EFFORTS TO MINIMISE DRINK EVILS

The following Press Note was issued yesterday, by the Government of Bombay:—

In pursuance of their policy of checking consumption by enhancing the rates of still-head duty on country spirit in areas where consumption is increasing, Government have, as a result of their annual survey of existing rates, revised the rates as follows with effect 1st April 1914.

In the Panch Mahals District, the outlying Parantij Taluka of the Ahmedabad District, the Sankheda Mewas, the Peint Taluka of the Nasik District and the Navapur Petha of the West Khandesh District, it has been deemed possible to raise the duty on 25 deg U. P. spirit from Re. 1-8-0 to Rs. 2-4-0. In the eastern portions of the Bardoli and Chikhli Talukas of the Surat District it has been enhanced from Rs. 2-4-0 to Rs. 3-0-0, and in the Broach District from Rs. 3-12-0 to Rs. 4-8-0. In the Dharwar, Belgaum and Poona Districts, in the above-ghats portion of the Kanara District, in Thana, Bandra and Kurla Towns and in the Salsette Taluka generally, the duty is hemceforth to be Rs. 5-4-0 in place of Rs. 4-8-0.

Government have also been endeavouring to minimise the evil of drink by encouraging the substitution of weak spirit for strong. They have declared that "the lower the strength (of liquor) which consumers can be induced to favour, the greater is the advance towards that sobriety and temperance which it is the policy of Government to promote." It has accordingly been decided to reduce the duty on the weaker liquor, retainnig the existing selling price. The duty on liquor of 60 deg. U. P. strength is now exactly half that on liquor of 25 deg. U. P. strength; in future it will be four annas less. A proportionate reduction will also be made in the duty on liquor of 40 deg. U. P. It is hoped that in this way shop-keepers will be encouraged to sell the weaker spirit in preference to the stronger, and that the cause of temperance will be thereby advanced.

SIR H. PROCTER AND SIR C. ARMSTRONG.

PORT TRUSTEE'S APPRECIATION OF SERVICES.

Sir Henry Proctor and Sir Charles Armstrong, who are both retiring from India, have served for some years on the Bombay Port Trust, and at the last meeting of the Trustees resolutions of regret were passed.

Mr. N. J. Gamadia said that as this was the last Board meeting which would be attended by the Hon. Sir Charles Armstrong, the occasion could not be passed by without some suitable tribute to his long and useful service on the Board. He then proposed the following resolution which was unanimously passed:—

In expressing the regret they feel at the retirement of the Hon. Sir Charles H. Armstrong from the Board, the Trustees desire to place on record their high appreciation of his valuable services extending over a period of ten years. During the whole of this period Sir Charles Armstrong has been a very prominent member of the Board, displaying the keenest interest in all the problems before them. His grasp of the many details of the administration of the Port entitles him to the highest consideration of the Trustees and his guidance and advice will be much missed.

SIR HENRY PROCTOR.

Mr. N. J. Gamadia then proposed the following resolution, which was seconded by Mr. W. L. Graham, who paid a warm tribute to Sir Henry Procter's business, ability and sound judgment and expressed the regret all would feel on his departure.

The Chairman also expressed his appreciation of Sir Henry Procter's ability and foresight on the Board and the following resolution was unanimously agreed to:—

The Trustees express the sense of regret they feel at the severance of the connection with the Trust of their colleague, Sir Henry Procter, on his departure from India, and while doing so they hereby placed on record their appreciation of the very valuable services he rendered to the Trust for a period of more than eleven years. They recognise the great usefulness of his presence at their Board of which he was all along a regular attendant, and where his views and advice were always eagerly sought, particularly in connection with the framing of budgets, and in matters of finance, on Committees of which he was a member almost throughout his connection with the Trust; and the results of these years' accounts are an eloquent testimony to the zeal and care which he brought to bear on the finances of the Trust, the interest of which, no less than those of Trade which he represented, he always had at heart.

MOVEMENTS OF WARSHIPS.

THE PELORUS DUE FOR HOME.

H. M. S. Pelorus, which recently returned from the Persian Gulf, entered the Government Dockyard yesterday for repairs, and will sail in three weeks time for England, her term of duty in Eastern waters having expired. Her crew, 210 in number, are in the Sailors Home.

The Royal Indian Marine steamer Hardinge will leave Bombay for China on the 5th proximo, with the 36th Sikhs, from Lucknow. This Regiment will replace the 124th Duchess of Connaught's Own Baluchistan Infantry at Tientsin, who have been stationed there for the last three years. The Hardinge returns to Bombay with this Regiment, which will go to Quetta.

H. M. S. Sphinx, at present in the Government Dockyard, undergoing extensive repairs, will sail on the 16th May for the Persian Gulf.

The R. I. M. S. Minto, which is at present lying in the Harbour, is expected to leave about the 20th of next month for Muscat.

H. M. S. Dartmouth is expected to arrive here to-day and the Flagship, H. M. S. Swiftsure, with His Excellency, Rear Admiral R. H. Pierse, Naval Commander-in-Chief of the East Indies Squadron, is expected on the 3rd proximo.

The Swiftsure will only stay here a day or two, and will then sail for Colombo.

DEFEAT OF THE MULLAH.

RAIDERS AMBUSHED AND WIPED OUT.

Sensational news has been received in Bombay to-day from Aden concerning a severe defeat suffered by the Mullah's followers in Somaliland, says the "Advocate of India."

Somalis arriving at Aden from the Protectorate originally spread the report, and this has now been confirmed.

The Mullah, who has been actively engaged in raiding friendly tribes, sent a large force of Dervishes to the Haud plateau to seize the camels of the Habr Yunis tribe which was encamped there

The tribe learnt of the proposed raid and at once sent messengers to Ogaden appealing for help against the raiders. They left their camels and women and children on the plateau, to act as a lure for the Mullah's followers.

The raiders massacred the women and children, and were departing with the camels, when they were ambushed by the Habr Yunis and Ogaden tribes, who took them completely by surprise and practically exterminated the force.

The tribes claim to have wiped out 2,000 of the Mullah's followers, and though this figure may be an exaggeration it is certain that the Mullah has suffered a severe reverse.

RAILWAY RESTAURANT BURNT.

(Associated Press.)
CALCUTTA, April 29.

The Railway restaurant at Dharampore on the Kalka-Simla Railway was burnt to the ground this morning.

SPORTING NEWS.

LAWN TENNIS.

BOMBAY GYMKHANA TOURNAMENT.

Of four games played yesterday, three were connected with the Doubles, the other the first semi-final of "A" Class of the Singles. The last named attracted a great deal of attention, there being a good number round the court on which it was played. On the Championship form, it looked as though Nicholson was not very liberally treated with England, but despite the small start he received he made a very creditable fight of it. He plays a steady game, at the same time putting a good deal of power behind his racquet, whereas England is inclined to be erratic, sometimes brilliant and at others missing the easiest of shots. In the first set each won in turn for the first four games, then Nicholson took one out of his turn and led at 3-2. The next four saw them again win alternate games, but from 4-all Nicholson went out with two in succession. Nicholson took the first of the second set, but that was all, England going straight out with six. It consequently looked as though the latter had got his opponent's measure, but all was by no means over, as in the decider after losing the opening game, Nicholson took two. Here England came into the lead again and was in a good position at 4-2, and as each then won in turn he eventually went to set and match, moving into the final.

Result:—

"A" Class Singles:—R. D. England, minus 40, beat M. F. Nicholson, minus 30; 4-6, 6-1, 6-4.

Two of the games in the Doubles went to three sets, Lowndes and McCormack giving Orr and McCormick nearly fifteen in each game and a beating. They lasted the better, Lowndes attending to the back line and McCormack doing most of the work at the net; their opponents' returns towards the end lacking strength. Orr and McCormick began well with the first two games, and after the others had won as many they went off again with two more. Being well in front, they went to set as each won in turn. Losing the first of the next, they then led at 2-1, but that was all they could do. They made a game fight of it against the younger pair in the third, but after each had won one, Lowndes and McCormack took three in succession and level pegging took them out.

Another long match was the one in which Wilkinson and Fox met Croft and Sephton on level terms. The former won the first set as though they had a soft thing on, but in the second the others kept with them, and after 4 all went to set-all. The last, however, saw the first named reassert themselves, and taking the lead they had it decisively their way.

Clayton and Latimer proved in very good form when they met Bartlett and Hutcheson, both at scratch, and had little difficulty in winning. After winning only one game in the first set, the latter improved a good deal in the second as after winning the first two, their opponents were at one time ahead at 4-1, each then taking a game in their turn.

Results:

Doubles:—Lowndes and McCormack, secr. beat Orr and Major McCormick, plus 4/6; 4-6, 6-2, 6-3.

Clayton and Latimer, scr., beat Bartley and Capt. Hutcheson, scr., 6-1, 6-3.

Wilkinson and Fox, plus 3/6, beat Croft and Sephton, plus 3/6; 6-1, 4-6, 6-3.

TO-DAY'S GAME.

The second semi-final of "A" Class of the Singles takes place to-day, Kilby and Bartlett meeting.

FRACAS AT A PURITY CAMPAIGN MEETING.

TWO POLICE OFFICERS INJURED.

(Associated Press.)
RANGOON, April 29.

During a meeting of the Social Purity League last night in the quarter inhabited by the unfortunate class of people in the 29th Street, a fracas took place and two police officers were injured rather severely.

After the meeting had proceeded for an hour a number of stones were thrown. Sergeant Brown seized one man and he was struck in the back with a brick being followed by a heavy blow with a stone on the eye. Stones bricks and bottles were flying in all directions and Sergeant Behan received a heavy blow on the side. Every available man in the Mogal Guard, including mounted police, promptly turned out. The meeting had to be stopped but the patrol was maintained, there being no further trouble.

TELEGRAPHIC MONEYORDERS VIA ADEN.

(From Our Correspondent.)
SIMLA, April 29.

Arrangements have been made whereby money orders may now be telegraphed to Aden for transmissions by post to any country for which Aden is an office of exchange. The contents of the telegram will have to be paid for at ordinary rates, plus the amount of money to be remitted and fee, representing the cost of the commission.

IMPERIAL COUNCIL.

REPRESENTATIVE FOR CENTRAL PROVINCES.

(From our Correspondent.)
SIMLA, April 29.

It may be taken as settled that on the creation of the Provincial Council, at Nagpur the seat which has been filled in the Imperial Legislative Council by Mr. V. R. Pandit will be declared vacant and non-official members will be invited to elect their representative.

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A STIMULANT *without* ALCOHOL

Domestic Occurrences.

BIRTHS.

MONTEATH.—On April 26, at Ahmednagar, the wife of J. Mouteath, I.C.S., of a son.

RIDEN.—April 12th, at St. Stephens Hospital, Delhi, the wife of R. Riden, N. W. Soap Co., Ltd., Meerut, of a daughter.

MARRIAGE.

COOPER—PAAR.—April 14th, at the Catholic Church, Darjeeling, Raymond Corry Cooper (2nd son of the late Charles Corry Cooper, late Assessor and Surveyor to the Corporation) to Melanie, eldest daughter of Mrs. and Mr. Thos. Parr, of Darjeeling.

DEATH.

SKILL.—April 13th, at Shoranur, Lilian Doreen, the dearly loved infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. E. M. Skill, S. I. Ry., Shoranur, aged 1 year.

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THE BOMBAY CHRONICLE.

Thursday, April 30, 1914.

A PROSPECT OF PEACE.

The progress of events in connection with the political crisis in Ulster has been full of surprises, but nothing, perhaps, has been more surprising than the sudden announcement in to-day's telegrams, when matters were at the gravest juncture, that a settlement is not only possible but probable. Only yesterday we published the Premier's strong and emphatic declaration that "the Government would take without delay the proper steps to vindicate the authority of the law and to protect the officers and servants of the King and His Majesty's subjects in the exercise of their duties and the enjoyment of their legal rights." And the event which had necessitated this pronouncement was sufficiently grave. The landing of arms and ammunition by force on the coast of Ireland for distribution among those who are pledged to resist the authority of the King in the event of the Home Rule Bill becoming law was a challenge which the Government could not ignore. It is hardly surprising, therefore, that the debate in the Commons on Tuesday began in a tone of "passionate temper." Mr. Austen Chamberlain, who moved the motion on behalf of the Opposition for an "impartial enquiry into the movement of troops in Ireland," was placed on somewhat uncertain ground by what had happened between the drafting of his motion and the moving of it. Interest in the question as to whether the Government did or did not a few weeks ago contemplate taking active precautionary measures had been superseded by that aroused in occurrences which, ironically enough, clearly showed that the Government, far from being aggressive in their measures, had actually allowed themselves to be caught napping by their failure to take precautionary steps which they would have been justified in doing long ago. The ex-Chancellor of the Exchequer could therefore only indulge in vague charges of a party-polemical character against the Government of having concealed the truth Mr. Churchill was on much firmer ground, in replying on behalf of the Government, and, with the facility for apt phraseology which always distinguishes his aggressive oratory, exposed the absurdity, and even hypocrisy, of the Opposition demand, when he compared the motion to "the criminal classes moving a vote of censure on the police." Indeed, the Opposition would have done better to have sought some other point of attack. The truth of Mr. Churchill's declarations that the Conservative party was committed to tampering with the Army and Navy is undeniable,—incidentally we would express our satisfaction that he asked the Opposition to consider how these doctrines would apply in India. Here is a party which associates itself fully and absolutely with a movement blatantly aimed, in certain eventualities, at defiance of the King's authority,—a movement which, on whatever merits it may be founded, spells rebellion and nothing less,—and which applauds the first active steps towards putting these intentions into practice, actually demanding explanations from the King's Ministers of an alleged intention to put the forces of the State in motion for the repression of this rebellious design. The thing would be laughable, if it did not involve the grave spectacle of a great and historic political party pursuing a course, which is subversive of all those constitutional doctrines the maintainance of which it has always claimed as its special prerogative, and as the repository of which it has always based its chief claim to the confidence of the country. Mr. Churchill's description of Mr. Chamberlain's demand as "audacious and impudent" was not a whit too strong.

But Mr. Churchill was once more the "Deus ex machina" from whom came the utterance which gave the conciliatory note on which the debate terminated. He used the curious expression that the Government would not use force till force was used against the representatives of law and order,—curious because such force has been already used,—and made an appeal to Sir Edward Carson to "run a risk for paece" instead of for strife. Much of what followed, as reported by Reuter, is somewhat obscure, but it seems to have made an effective impression on the House. The allusion to "the anxiety felt by every friendly country owing to the belief that the balance of power would presently be changed" seems to indicate that apprehensions have been expressed by those countries with whom Great Britain is on terms either of alliance or close co-operation, that civil strife in Ulster would render her ineffective for practical purposes in such alliance or co-operation, and that advantage might be taken of internal dissensions in the United Kingdom to change the balance of power. Perhaps, it is true, as Mr. Churchill said, that external complications would dispel internal dissensions, though it is equally true that foreign countries cannot be expected to realise that. But it provided him, at any rate, with the basis of an effective appeal to dispel internal dissensions at the call of internal amity, equally as at the "higher call of patriotism." The appeal, however, could not have been fully effective without some material change in the situation being indicated, and that change was indicated by the frank invitation to Sir Edward Carson to say boldly:—"Give me the amendments to the Home Rule Bill for which I ask to safeguard the dignity and interests of Protestant Ulster. I will reciprocate, using my influence to make Ireland the integral unit of a federal system."

Hitherto the bar to peace has been Sir Edward Carson's failure to say definitely what the Ulsterites would or would not accept. Even if the exclusion proposals were stripped of the time limit he would offer to do no more than discuss the matter with a Convention. He was unable to give a definite promise of peace. To the Prime Minister's enquiry whether he would abide by the decision of a referendum, he replied by asking for a firm offer. As we have pointed out before, so long as Sir Edward Carson and his friends would listen to no talk of reconciliation which did not involve a complete surrender to their demands, reconciliation was impossible. But there is justification now for believing that that attitude has been abandoned. Mr. Churchill spoke of "making Ireland the integral unit of a federal scheme." This suggests that the Government have at last devised a federal scheme which would leave Ulster in a position which she could consistently accept, and which would not establish that permanent barrier to Irish unity which is so much feared by the Nationalists, We are told that the Nationalists, "to whose persuasions the Government's non-adoption of measures of retaliation is attributed," regard this new situation with complacency, while Captain Craig, Sir Edward Carson's chief lieutenant, declares that an important advance has been made, and that, though peace has not yet been reached, further negotiations are expected. Prospects of peaceful solution at the eleventh hour, therefore, undoubtedly exist, and even the most staunch advocate of an unimpaired scheme of Home Rule, and the most bitter opponent of the Bill, will surely not be averse to sacrifice something to avoid the calamity of civil strife.

THE POWERS AND EPIRUS.

With the complete evacuation of Northern Epirus by the Greek troops, reported by Reuter yesterday, the Epirote problem loses much of its international character, and Albania is left, without the direct aid of the Powers, to find a solution alone. It is possible, of course, that questions connected with the future status and administration of the country may again arise and assume a form acute enough to compel the intervention of the Powers, but at present, at any rate, the advice which the International Commission of Control is employed in giving the Mpret is probably the only action which Europe is inclined to take in the matter. At the same time the Greek evacuation, although tardily carried out, must be in the nature of a welcome relief to the Albanian Government, whose negotiations with the "Autonomous Government" may, under the altered circumstances, be attended with more satisfactory results, than up to now. The situation, however, is still one of danger, and, as we pointed on a previous occasion, the difficulty presented by Northern Epirus appears to be too deep-seated to be disposed of by a punitive expedition. In such circumstances statesmanship is a better remedy than armed force, and it is by no means inconceivable that, if honestly striven for, a *modus vivendi*, after the usual hard bargaining which seems to be a necessary concomitant of Balkan negotiations, may at last be arrived at between Prince William and M. Zographos. Doubtless the Epirotes will seek special privileges and concessions, by reason of their Hellenic traditions, but, if these do not clash with the interests of the northern population or of the country as a whole, they may fairly be conceded, in order, not only to placate and win over the extremists to the new Government, but also to prevent the country from developing into a perennial storm-centre in Europe. Briefly, the Epirote demands comprise the grant of a special scholastic, ecclesiastical and administrative status involving the formation of an autonomous area under the Albanian Government. These demands are not unreasonable, inasmuch as the Hellenic civilisation of Epirus naturally needs a different administrative treatment to that considered necessary for the tribally organised areas in Northern Albania. Northern Epirus is economically necessary to Albania, and, if the unconscionable delay of the Powers in settling the southern boundary had not given ample opportunity for the separatism of the Epirotes to grow and develop into armed insurrection, the men of the south could probably have been led to take a larger share in the direction of the country than is now open to them. At the moment, however, there are ominous indications that the Epirotes are bent upon deciding on the battlefield how much their forces are worth. These forces are well armed and organised, supplied and supported by numerous sympathisers including many Greek officers and men formerly in the Hellenic Army. The Powers are, of course, fully aware of the impending crisis, but as it does not affect the European balance, but only a small Balkan area, they obviously do not feel that the prestige, either of the Triple Alliance or the Triple Entente, has anything to gain from further intervention. No one can possibly question the soundness and prudence of the policy after giving Prince William a free hand in Albania; moreover, the only Power to whose interest it is to secure a European mandate for intervention in Epirus is closely watched by the only Power whose interests are emphatically opposed to such a course. So far as Britain is concerned, the steps that Sir Edward Grey took in the formation of the new Albania were, taken solely, for the purpose of keeping the peace among the Powers. Great Britain has no special interests in that country; her commercial interests are unimportant, while her strategic interest in the ownership of the coast-line of the Adriatic vanished when she handed over the Ionian Islands to Greece half a century ago.

Notes of the Day.

The By-Elections.

Two by-elections of interest are now pending,—in Grimsby by the death of Sir George Doughty, which was announced a few days ago, and in North East Derbyshire by the death of Mr. William Harvey, reported to-day. The former was a great protagonist of Tariff Reform and was a very effective platform champion of that cause, though his oratory was not of a style that commands much attention in the House of Commons. He first entered Parliament in 1895 as a Liberal, but in 1898 he became a Liberal Unionist. He went back to Grimsby, submitted himself for re-election and came back with a majority of 1,800. In January 1910, he lost his seat by a small majority but he was only out of the House for eleven months, getting back at the election in the following December by a satisfactory majority. It will be interesting now to see how Grimsby votes on the Home Rule issue. Sir George Doughty owed his popularity, firstly, to his local position as a native and ex-mayor of the borough and, secondly, to his attractions as a platform speaker. Grimsby voted for him when he was a Liberal and it voted for him when he became a Unionist. Now it will have an opportunity of showing what its political opinions really are. Mr. William Harvey had held the North-East Derbyshire seat in the Labour interest since 1907, his last majority having been of the substantial figure of over 1,700. He was a miner and Secretary of the Derbyshire Miners' Association.

Turkey's New Dreadnought.

The Dreadnought just ordered by Turkey at a time when she is in serious financial straits is a reminder that neither she nor her neighbours expect the present situation in the Near East to be final. Greece's retention of the Aegean Islands, handed over to her by the Powers, is likely to remain a fruitful source of trouble, and it would be idle to suppose that Turkish statesmen do not realise the supreme importance of adding to the military and naval strength of their country. For the moment, it is evident, Turkey hopes to solve her financial difficulties by means of loans and one is to be floated in Paris, almost immediately, as has already been notified. This loan is to consist of twenty millions sterling as the first instalment, and of twelve millions sterling to be issued in October.

Kathiawar Grass in Bombay.

It is interesting to learn from a Junagadh correspondent that merchants in Bombay are now fully alive to the great but untapped capacity of Kathiawar as a grass-producing area. Kathiawar grass is said to possess highly nutritious qualities, and its sweetness makes it specially favoured by horses, which are partial to the two varieties known as "Mooshi" and "Jijro." Up to now, however, out of the millions of pounds of grass produced in Kathiawar, only a small fraction has been used for cattle, the rest having gone to serve as fuel. This yearly waste of grass has now been utilised to increase the revenues of the various States. Junagadh alone expecting to benefit by nearly Rs. 40,000 a year. Mr. H. D. Rendall, I. C. S., the Administrator of Junagadh State, who is primarily responsible for this increase of income, has formed a small department to dispose of the surplus grass in the State. Most of the Kathiawar grass, it may be mentioned, is now sent to the Bombay market, about a million pounds having been placed on it last year. The only serious competition is said to be with Dakore grass, but the better qualities of Kathiawar grass are making steady headway and before long, says the correspondent, a boom may be expected in this commodity. Our correspondent invites the attention of the Administrator to the only drawback that at present affects a ready sale of Junagadh grass. This consists in sending out the grass in bundles which are neither compact nor of even weight. This can, of course, be easily set right, and that the Administratior will do so can hardly be doubted, seeing that it is almost entirely due to Mr. Rendall's enterprise and administrative ability that this industry has been created into a State department, thus creating a new source of revenue for the State.

A Boom in the Cocoanut industry.

A few years ago it was rubber, but to-day "cocoanut" is the industrial gospel. According to Mr. F. W. Gammage, who recently read a most interesting paper on "The Romance of the Cocoanut Industry" in London, an estate of 2,000 acres of virgin land can be opened up for the scientific cultivation of cocoanut in Malabar, Java, Malaya, Sumatra and several other tropical countries with an outlay of £20,000. Mr. Gammage is confident that the investment would commence yielding from the seventh year at least £12,000, rapidly rising to fully £30,000 in a few years. The Malabar cocoanuts are regarded as the most productive and delicate in quality. There is no doubt that the popularity of the cocoanut as a commercial product is extending widely, new uses being found for it almost daily. As an instance may be mentioned the manufacture of butter from cocoanut which is one of the most remarkable developments in modern commerce. This butter, as regards taste and appearance, is identical with the dairy product, and, according to Mr. Gammage, "it is more easily digested, more nourishing, absolutely free from microbes, germs and impurities. In its preparation the hand of man never has occasion to touch it and it possesses the overwhelming advantage that it can be sold for half the price of dairy butter." In this connection it will interest the reader to learn that the Eastern Development Corporation Ltd., London, is at present engaged in making extensive enquiries in Southern India and Ceylon with a view to establish cocoanut plantations on scientific lines. The Corporation is represented in Bombay by the Indian States and General Agency, Ismail Building, Hornby Road, which is under the management of Lieutenant Holmes, R. N. (Retd)

Official and Personal.

Mr. T. J. McCloughin, General Traffic Manager of the South Indian Railway, after a distinguished career of over 38 years in India, will leave the South Indian Railway to-day on furlough preparatory to retirement.

Sir T. R. Wynne left Simla yesterday on his way Home by this week's mail to take up his new appointment at the India Office. There was a large gathering at the railway station to see him off.

Mr. C. M. Hanson, Deputy Secretary to the Port Trust, left Bombay yesterday by the P. and O., extra steamer Arcadia yesterday afternoon.

Mr. P. Glyn Messent, Chief Engineer to the Port Trust, will leave by the mail steamer on Saturday on six months' leave and Mr. A. C. W. Rosbery, Deputy Engineer, will officiate for him.

Major-General Gorringe, C.B., C.M.G., D.S.O., commanding the Bombay Brigade, leaves Bombay to-morrow by the Austrian-Lloyd steamer Gablonz, on seven months' leave.

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MOVEMENTS OF TROOPS IN ULSTER.

REPORTED GUN-RUNNING BY NATIONALISTS.

MOTION FOR IMPARTIAL ENQUIRY.

STRONG INDICTMENT OF MINISTERIAL STATEMENTS.

MR. CHURCHILL ON "CLEAN HANDS."

"A MOST IMPUDENT DEMAND."

The debate in the House of Commons on Mr. Austen Chamberlain's motion for an enquiry into the movements of troops in Ulster, was most dramatic, beginning in a passionate strain and ending in a renewal of the talk of settlement.

Mr. Churchill prefaced the peroration to his speech by appealing to Sir Edward Carson to "run the risk for peace," and this is said to have struck a more peaceful note. At the same time he retorted by saying that the suggestion of a vote of censure on the movements of troops in Ulster was audacious and characterised the demand for a judicial enquiry as impudent. It looked, said Mr. Churchill, like the criminal classes moving a vote of censure on the Police.

Later telegrams suggest that some sort of offer has been made and that a peaceful settlement is in view.

Contradictory telegrams are to hand regarding gun-running by the Nationalists and that certain troops at Belfast ordered north have asked for the conditions of service.

The Nationalists have taken the situation with complacency.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, April 28.

In the House of Commons to-day, Mr Austen Chamberlain submitted a motion for an impartial inquiry into the movement of troops in Ulster. He emphasised that the Government had refused information and had refused to publish the instructions given to Lieutenant-General Sir Arthur Paget or what General Paget had told the officers. He proceeded to accuse the Ministers of making grossly and flagrantly inaccurate statements.

INCREDIBLE GOVERNMENT STORY.

They seemed, as regards the naval movements, to be unable to distinguish between truth and untruth. Indeed the whole story of the Government was incredible, while the talk about stores was a mere pretence to cover the movement of an overwhelming force with a view to coercing Ulster. He demanded a full and impartial inquiry amid cheers.

MR. CHURCHILL'S SPEECH.

"CRIMINALS MOVING VOTE OF CENSURE ON POLICE."

Mr. Churchill said this was a most audacious vote of censure and the most impudent demand for a judicial inquiry on record. The complainants should come to court with clean hands, but there were Sir Edward Carson and Captain Craig fresh from their gun-running exploits. He asserted that subsequent events had proved fatal to the motion. It looked like the criminal classes moving a vote of censure on the police. (Opposition cries of "You have not arrested the criminals").

A BAD EXAMPLE TO INDIA AND EGYPT.

Mr. Churchill declared that the Conservatives were committed to tampering with the Army and the Navy and smuggling arms by moonlight. He asked them to think how these doctrines would apply in India and Egypt.

DEBATE OPPOSITION MOTION.

AN APPEAL TO SIR E. CARSON.

In the course of the debate on the Opposition motion for an impartial enquiry into the movements of troops in Ulster, Mr Churchill appealed to Sir Edward Carson to say boldly:—"Give me the amendments to the Home Rule Bill for which I ask to safeguard the dignity and interests of Protestant Ulster, I will reciprocate, using my influence to make Ireland the integral unit of a federal system." That, said Mr. Churchill, would go far to transform the situation and bring a fairer prospect.

APPEAL TO "RUN THE RISK FOR PEACE."

LONDON, Apr. 28.

Mr. Churchill prefaced the peroration to his speech by appealing to Sir Edward Carson who was running the risk of strife to run the risk for peace, adding "I am running some little risk in what I now say." He accused those who were preparing for civil war of having other purposes than that of wanting to subvert the regular system of the Parliamentary Government. The Government would not use force till force was used against the representatives of law and order.

He defended the right of the Government to throw troops into Ulster, to arrest the leaders and to take other drastic measures, but considered them inadvisable in the circumstances with which they had to deal. He asked the House even in that last period to seek a better solution than a civil war and alluded to the anxiety felt by every friendly country owing to the belief that the balance of power would presently be changed.

Foreign countries did not realise that external difficulties would dispel internal dissensions. If that was feasible at the higher call of patriotism why not at the call of internal amity?

GREAT ADVANCE ON ORIGINAL PROPOSALS.

Great importance is attached in the Lobby to Mr. Churchill's peroration. It is considered that the suggestion however vague is a great advance on the Government's original proposals and indicates that the Government is feeling its way towards a federal solution.

THE CABINET.

The Cabinet has resumed its consideration of the Ulster situation. It is understood that it has discussed the reports from Mr. Birrell and Sir Cecil Macready.

CONFERENCE OF MINISTERS.

LONDON, April 29.

After the debate in the House of Commons had been adjourned there was a further conference of the Ministers in the House late last night. The object of the conference it is understood, was to discuss the reports received from the military authorities in Dublin and Belfast.

PRESS COMMENTS ON THE SITUATION

DENIALS OF STORIES.

LONDON, Apr. 29.

The papers strike a more peaceful note to-day, with denials of the stories of Nationalist gun-running and of the reports that the troops in Ireland had demanded the conditions of service. Mr. Churchill's offer is generally received in a friendly spirit.

A DRAMATIC DEBATE.

The debate in the House of Commons last evening was most dramatic, beginning in a passionate temper and ending in a renewal of the talk of settlement. Sir Edward Carson should have followed Mr. Churchill in the debate but he did not speak, retiring to consult with his colleagues.

OFFER OF NEW CONCESSION.

Though the extreme Radicals are alarmed at Mr. Churchill's suggestion, which they regard as an equivalent to responding to the "grave unprecedented outrage" with an offer of new concessions, there is a disposition to await the amplification of the offer which Mr. Asquith is expected to make.

COMPLACENCY OF THE NATIONALISTS.

The Nationalists, to whose persuasions the Government's non-adoption of retaliatory measures against gun-running is attributed, regard the situation with complacency.

AN HONOURABLE SETTLEMENT.

Mr. Redmond is quoted by the "Daily Mail" as saying: "If Sir Edward Carson does what Mr. Churchill suggests, I will try and effect an honourable settlement."

REPORT OF A MOST IMPORTANT ADVANCE.

Captain Craig, interviewed, said that a most important advance had been made. Peace had not yet been reached but he was confident that further negotiations on the part of the leaders could be expected.

ARMS FOR NATIONALISTS.

STEAMER DISCHARGING CARGO IN FISHING BOATS.

LONDON, April 29.

Telegrams from Londonderry state that the steamer which had been noticed off the Donegal coast put into Lough Swilly and has been discharging cargo into fishing boats for the past three nights. The Nationalists in Londonderry say that the steamer carried arms from America for the Nationalists.

GERMAN ESTIMATE OF SMUGGLED ARMS.

BERLIN, April 29.

The "Nationalzeitung" says that the Fanny's consignment of arms for Ulster consisted of 30,000 American small calibre rifles and three million cartridges.

SOLDIERS' CONSCIENCE.

TROOPS ASK FOR CONDITIONS OF SERVICE IN NORTH.

LONDON, April 29.

Telegrams from Belfast state that it is rumoured that certain troops ordered north during the week-end asked for the conditions of service. They were prepared to mobilise, but refused to wage war against Ulster and to shoot those under the flag.

ORDERS CANCELLED.

Consequently orders were cancelled.

DETACHMENTS FOR LONDONDERRY.

LONDON, April 28.

A detachment of Inniskilling Fusiliers has been ordered to leave Omagh for Londonderry to-morrow. They are taking with them two maxim guns. The men will camp at the Magilligan Camp, in county Londonderry, and 120 more will follow on Friday. A hundred of the Bedfordshires are at Omagh. An order has been issued confining them to the barracks to-day.

DISTRIBUTION OF SMUGGLED ARMS

It is believed that practically all rifles landed have now been distributed to individual volunteers. So far as could be ascertained this evening, no arrangements have been made for the troop-trains from Dublin.

THIRD BATTLE SQUADRON.

LONDON, April 29.

The third battle squadron has arrived at Belfast Lough.

CABINET COUNCIL.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, April 29.

Another Cabinet meeting was held to-day.

ARMY ANNUAL BILL.

HOUSE OF LORDS PASS WITHOUT DISCUSSION.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Apr. 28.

The House of Lords has passed the Army Annual Bill finally without discussion.

DISASTROUS EXPLOSION.

IN A WEST VIRGINIAN COAL MINE.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

BECKLEY (West Virginia), April 29.

An explosion occurred to-day in a coalmine at Eccles. It is reported that 160 persons are entombed. The rescuers extricated two, who were fatally hurt. The rescuers are attempting to penetrate further.

250 MEN IMPRISONED.

BECKLEY, Apr. 29.

From the latest investigations it appears that over 250 men are imprisoned in the coalmine at Eccles.

LATER

It has been ascertained that 203 men perished in the explosions in the coal-mine at Eccles. The mine soon became ablaze and rescue was impossible.

AUSTRO-HUNGARIAN DELEGATIONS.

BALANCE OF POWER IN THE MEDITERRANEAN.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

BUDAPEST, April 29.

The Archduke Francis Ferdinand, who opened the Delegations to-day on behalf of the Emperor Francis Joseph, emphasised the further improvement effected in the international situation since the last Delegations met.

The Government, in conjunction with its allies, was striving to preserve peace.

Army requirements and the normal development of the fleets of all Powers called for a larger appropriation.

The Navy Estimates included the first instalment of 45 million kronen of the new naval programme totalling 427 millions, to be distributed over five years.

The money was intended mainly for the construction of four battleships, three cruisers and six torpedo-boats and for the conversion of Sebenico into a naval base.

An explanatory statement which has been issued points out that owing to the recent changes a very near material change in the balance of power in the Mediterranean is to be expected, and timely provision is necessary to maintain the Monarchy's position there.

INSURANCE ON JUTE.

COMBINED FIRE AND MARINE RISKS.

QUESTION OF PRUDENT UNDERWRITING.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, April 29.

Insurance on jute was again discussed yesterday, between the representatives of the London Jute Association, Lloyds' Underwriters and the Marine Insurance Companies.

Representatives of the Association were asked, if it was not possible that jute should be treated in Calcutta as in Chittagong, by the marine policy attaching from the moment when it was shipped, instead of from the entry into port.

In reply it was explained, that the business of the two ports was scarcely conducted on parallel lines. The most suitable plan was a combined policy for fire and marine risks.

Then the marine underwriters pointed out, that they were unable to continue to assume the fire risk at Calcutta before shipment owing to the fear respecting the large accumulations of jute intended for several vessels.

They therefore asked the Association to meet them when they had considered the possibility of arranging the policy covering the jute from the time it left the press till it was shipped. This proposal was approved.

The representatives of the Association suggested, that underwriters should charge rather higher premium for assuming the fire risk, but it was pointed out, that the question was less one of rate than of prudent underwriting.

ENGLISH RACING.

PROBABLE STARTERS AND JOCKEY IN TWO THOUSAND GUINEAS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, April 28.

The Two Thousand Guineas probable starters and Jockeys are:—

Sunny Lake	H. Jones.
Corcyra	O'Neill.
Kennymore	Stern.
Hapsburg	Rickaby.
By George!	Hunter.
Evansdale	W. Huxley.
Black Jester	Randall.
Sir Eager	Clark.
Carrickfergus	Fox.
Courageous	F. Bullock.
My Prince	William Griggs.
Saint Cyr	Walter Griggs.
Trois Temps	Whalley.
Sergoi	Piper.
Land of Song	Donoghue.
Anglesea	Saxby.
Cincinnatus	Wheatley.
Parhelion	Jockey not given.

Flying Orb has been scratched.

LONDON, April 29.

Additional probable starter and jockey for Two Thousand Guineas:—

Saint Guthlac ..... R. Stokes.

RESULT OF THE RACE.

LATER.

The result of Two Thousand Guineas Stakes:—

Kennymore	1
Corcyra	2
Black Jester	3

Eighteen ran. Won by a short head. Two lengths between second and third.

Betting:—

2 to 1 against Kennymore.
7 to 2 against Corcyra.
20 to 1 against Black Jester.

Parhelion was ridden by Earl, and Sergoi by Hewitt.

Saint Guthlac did not run.

P. & O. COY.'S DIVIDEND

7 PER CENT. ON DEFERRED STOCK.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, April 29.

The Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation Company has declared an interim dividend on deferred stock at the rate of seven per cent.

DUKE OF ARGYLE.

IN A SERIOUS CONDITION.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, April 29.

The Duke of Argyll is ill with double pneumonia. His condition is serious.

INDIA IN COMMONS.

QUESTION ON PRESS ACT.

PROPOSED BEARER BONDS FOR GOVERNMENT LOAN.

ATTACHABILITY OF OFFICERS' PAY.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, April 29.

In reply to a question from Mr. Touche with regard to the attachment of officers' pay, Mr. Roberts said that it was impossible to state when a decision would be reached in the matter, as any change would involve legislation. The matter had not been referred to the Nicholson Committee. The Bankruptcy laws in India were probably as desirable as those in England.

WORKING OF PRESS ACT.

Mr. Morrell asked when the papers would be laid on the table regarding the working of the Press Act.

Mr. Roberts replied that the collection of materials took time. Lord Crewe had satisfied himself telegraphically that there had been no avoidable delay.

NEW RULES AFFECTING OFFICERS COMMANDING INDIAN REGIMENTS.

Answering Colonel Yate, he said that the Imperial Government had received and was considering a communication from the Government of India regarding the case of Indian officers, adversely affected by the new rules for the command of Indian regiments.

PROPOSAL OF BEARER BONDS ON DURABLE SUBSTANCE.

Sir George Robertson suggested that in view of the desirability of raising as much as possible Indian Government loans in India and of the liability of documents to destruction by fire, white ants, etc., bearer bonds of, small amount be issued on durable substance.

Mr. Roberts replied that the suggestion would be brought to the notice of the Indian Government which was considering the proposal for popularising Government Paper by bearer bonds.

EXECUTIONS IN CEYLON.

SUBSTITUTIONS FOR DEATH PENALTY.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, April 29.

In the House of Commons to-day, Mr. Pointer asked a question drawing attention to the number of executions in Ceylon, which, in proportion to the population, were eight times as great as on the adjoining mainland.

Mr. Harcourt replied that the executions in 1913 were the smallest in number for some years. He could not admit that the proportion of executions to the population need necessarily be the same as in another country inhabited by different people.

The crime of homicide had unfortunately been exceptionally frequent in Ceylon.

Mr. Harcourt described the recent arrangements for substituting imprisonment and deportation for the death penalty.

THE AMRITSAR EXPLOSION.

DEATH OF THE INJURED MAN.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

LAHORE, April 29.

Kallu who was injured in the bomb explosion in Amritsar on Saturday evening, died on Sunday morning from hemorrhage.

Nothing is definitely known yet as to how the explosion was caused, but it is hardly possible that the story of the deceased to the effect that the bomb was thrown at him by one of the two boys has any foundation and in fact the analysis has shown that the bomb, as suspected, contained sulphide of arsenic and chlorate of potash.

LATER

The bomb which recently exploded at Amritsar killing a man proves to have been of the firework type and the fatality was probably accidental.

INDIAN LABOUR FOR MAURITIUS.

(From Our Correspondent.)

SIMLA, April 29.

It is understood that the Government of Mauritius propose undertaking irrigation works for the benefit of the Colony, and they are anxious to secure Indian labour for the purpose.

GOLD FOR INDIA.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

PORT SAID, April 29.

The P. and O. s. s. Marmora to-day shipped £240,340 in gold for India.

MEXICAN WAR.

ARRIVAL OF TRANSPORTS.

REPORTED MURDER OF AMERICANS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

VERA CRUZ, April 28.

Admiral Fletcher, acting under martial law, has seized certain piers and buildings belonging to a British company, considering that the rental asked was exorbitant.

ARRIVAL OF TRANSPORTS.

VERA CRUZ, April 28.

The transports conveying reinforcements under General Funston, which embarked at Galveston last week, have arrived here. They will be stationed along the outer line when they land.

Admiral Fletcher who has hitherto been directing operations, will return to his flagship. All bluejackets will likewise rejoin their ships.

AMERICAN AND BRITISH REFUGEES.

A train flying the Union Jack has brought 26 Americans and 31 British subjects from Mexico City.

BRITISH MARINE DETACHMENT FOR RESCUE OF EIGHT AMERICANS.

WASHINGTON, April 28.

Rear-Admiral Craddock has sent a detachment of British marines, forty miles inland from Tampico, to rescue eight Americans at Orange Hill.

REPORTED MURDER OF AMERICANS.

VERA CRUZ, April 29.

According to an unconfirmed report six Americans have been taken to gaol at Cordoba and killed and another American has been killed at Casamalcapan.

ROOSEVELT EXPEDITION.

DISCOVERY OF A SAVAGE TRIBE.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

RIO DE JANEIRO, April 29.

The Roosevelt Expedition into the unexplored regions of Brazil has discovered a tribe of unknown naked savages.

PROLONGED COLLIERY STRIKES AT COLORADO.

FEDERAL TROOPS SENT TO RESTORE ORDER.

WASHINGTON, April 28.

The Federal troops have been ordered to Colorado to restore order which has been disturbed by the prolonged colliery strikes. Hitherto only the State troops have been employed.

COLORADO IN A STATE OF INSURRECTION.

DENVER, April 28.

The Governor of Colorado has issued a proclamation appealing to the law-abiding citizens for support. The place is described as being in a state of insurrection.

MILITARY RAILWAY CONCESSIONS.

EXTENDED TO INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE.

(From Our Correspondent.)

SIMLA, April 29.

The concession of travelling on form "E" (India Army form t/1709) in a first class carriage on payment of second class fare, which is at present enjoyed by captains and subalterns doing duty with regiments of cavalry, batteries, or companies of artillery, battalions of infantry, and companies of sappers and miners, has been extended to officers of similar ranks of the Indian Medical Service, on all occasions when they travel at their own expense on the Madras and Southern Maharatta Railway, North Western Railway, Oudh and Rohilkhand Railway and Eastern Bengal Railway.

THE MINISTERING ANGLE.

The evidence of two pretty working girls drew a severe magisterial denunciation upon the New York police for their action in attacking the leaders of a big demonstration of unemployed on Saturday, April 4, wires the "Daily Mails' New York correspondent.

According to the girl Edelson, who figured prominently in the vanguard of the parade, the police attacked "Wild" Joe O'Carrell, a native of Dublin, and others without previously questioning them regarding their intentions. "I was so incensed at the brutality of the officers," said the girl, "that I threw myself on the body of O'Carrell to shield him, and afterwards took his head on my lap and stroked it to relieve the pain. I was engaged in doing this when an officer told me that if I didn't clear out he would beat me too."

Her evidence was corroborated by another girl. The magistrate, in dismissing O'Carrell on a charge of rioting, expressed the hope that the guilty policemen would be brought to justice.

HOCKEY IN BOMBAY.

AGA KHAN TOURNAMENT.

SEMI-FINAL

DORSETS DOMINATE A DOUR GAME.

CUSTOMS BEATEN 2-0.

ALL-ROUND SUPERIORITY OF MILITARY.

The second semi-final of the above tournament attracted a big crowd on the Oval on Wednesday, when the 2nd Dorsets from Poona entered the final stage of the tournament by beating the Customs by two goals to nil. It was a fast and clean encounter. Both teams played very sportingly and the Customs after being subjected to a vigorous and incisive pressure after showing a remarkably good and tenacious fight in defence succumbed to the insistent and puissant attack of the Military, who however, with a better marksmanship might have won by a bigger margin. The display of hockey given by the Customs was nothing out of the ordinary, but that of the Military bore the hall-mark of excellence.

As we have said on previous occasions, temperament for a big occasion is a valuable asset and this the Dorsets possessed in an uncommon degree. They were cool and collected in defence, brilliant in attack and their superiority rested in the admirable relationship of the defence with the attack. The backs stood solid as rocks and the work of the winning half-back line, Lt. Stevens, Drew and Parsens was delightful to watch. Full of resource, they invariably got the ball to the forwards, while their intercepting and tackling were rarely at fault. The victory was a veritable triumph for decidedly classy hockey—the only defect in the Military display being faulty shooting. The halves kept their forwards well ahead throughout, and the forwards beat the opposing defence time and again, but not to any positive advantage until the Customs' custodian made the fatal blunder of not letting the ball past. They romped round the Customs' defence practically throughout, but all the same met with a sturdy opposition which frustrated their final efforts for the greater period of the play. The Military tackled and dribbled and sorely tried the opposing defence, where Singleton and Stokes were seen to be most hard-working and resourceful. Of the Military quintette, White repeatedly thrust himself into prominence by his brilliant dodges and remarkable speed, though in saying this it is not our intention to belittle the merit of the entire forward line both individually and collectively. Parsons, Drew and Lt. Stevens were conspicuous throughout for breaking up the opposing attack which was never very telling, barring the solitary occasion during the closing period, when Singleton leaving Bapu at back went up, rallied his broken forces in a last wild despairing effort to escape the ignominy of a pointless defeat and was all but through; but the Military custodian was not to be caught napping and the chances were successfully averted. The Military forwards, who made sweeping movements on the Customs' goal, which threatened danger every moment, were however faulty at times—the long wing to wing passes during the opening period of the game and a slight faltering while within the firing zone. However on the whole, the display of hockey by the Military on Wednesday was one of the best we have seen and there is no gainsaying the fact there is not a single weak patch in the team.

The final of the tournament on Saturday, between the Grant Medical College and the Dorsets should provide a very good game.

THE PLAY.

The game opened with the Dorsets defending the southern goal, and from the whistle inaugurated an attack, Stokes clearing at the expense of a corner, which proved of no more than temporary advantage. Keeping up the attack the Military attack twice sent over the goal-line, but without any opening. A transfer saw Ganpat in possession, and a splendid run inaugurated. Clarke received from Ganpat via Lynn, and sent in a good centre, which Spilling stopped at the other extremity, but Stone thrust his stick to the centre, the ball going over the line. The raid was beaten back from the corner hit, and the Dorsets transferred with long passes and again gave the Customs' defence an anxious time, Stokes cleared, and a moment later Clarke got down well, but Rudd stopped him, and the attack was returned and there were some exciting moments in Dorset territory. Navin sent Lynn a long pass, which the young "seaside" snapped up in the run, dodged into the circle, and tricked Hoils who ran out of his charge. But the dribble carried the ball to the western end of the circle, and by the time Lynn recovered, the defence had run back into position, only a corner resulting from the shot. The front line failed to stop the drive from the corner, and play was transferred again with a bout of long passes. Reynor sent in a glorious pass but White, who was lying unmarked, redirected the shot hopelessly wide. Bartlett now took a pass from White and sent it a shot, which McQueen just managed to divert over the goal-line. Continuing the pressure, Bartlett sent on to White, who not having an opportunity to shoot, passed the leather on to Reynor, who responded with a wild drive. A "penalty corner" was awarded for Vardon lifting his stick over his shoulder in the circle, and the ball cannoned off Fido's and Bartlett's sticks to Zebedee, who returned straight across the goal mouth, but Bapu reaching out to it forced it to touch. Vardon received the cheers of the spectators in robbing White when almost in the net, and cleared. The Dorset halves were prominent for excellent work in covering the mistakes of their forwards, and again and again the Military front line attacked, but long passes on reaching the circle was anybody's ball, and the Customs' defence strained every nerve to stave off repeated onslaughts. A short corner proved abortive, and Stokes cleared well from an ugly rush by Zebedee, who had robbed Vardon in the circle. A flash came from Lynn and Ganpat, without being effective, and the play being returned, Bartlett secured and sending on to Zebedee, the latter player placed with White, a well-tuned centre, who, however took the leather on the run and a wild shot went high and wide. Lynn and Clarke were responsible now for good work, but Rudd robbed the former in the circle, and cleared with a powerful drive. Reynor was responsible for good work, but Vardon "nipped in" to the centre, and cleared, but only momentarily, for an attack was immediately inaugurated and a corner forced, from which Bartlett sent in a hard, low drive, which Stokes stopped and sent out with a low drive. The whistle sounded shortly after the teams turning round with a blank score sheet.

2nd Dorsets (Poona) ..... Nil.
Customs A. C. ..... Nil.

Immediately on the re-start moments of intense excitement prevailed. A long drive saw Bartlett and Singleton in a race for possession. The latter reached the ball about five yards from the goal slightly ahead of Bartlett, and being unable to turn round, scooped the ball to McQueen, who took the leather on his pads knee-high, and bounced off half a dozen yards as Bartlett reached him, and Stokes coming back was able to relieve, but only momentarily the pressure being relieved by a corner. Clarke stopped and drove out a splendid shot, but the return saw Lynn kick just outside the circle. Further moments of excitement were provided. Reynor sent in to White who tried to dribble through, but Stokes again relieved. A scraggy attempt by the Customs' forwards relieved the pressure only for a moment. White neutralising a corner by "sticks," and a moment later a pass by Reynor saw Bartlett in possession, but his shot missed its billet by a yard. Singleton saved a shot from a short corner by the same player, shortly after conceding a corner, but he ran out to the hit and "snapping" it up sprinted along, but Stone stopped him and the return saw the Dorsets again secure a corner. This time Clarke ran out to it, but Rudd stayed his run. A second attempt saw Ganpat in possession, but Lynn was whistled back for lying off-side in receiving a pass from his centre. Dorsets now kept up a steady pressure and the Customs' forwards responded with occasional flashes, one of which resulted in a fruitless corner. Tatum was responsible for a good run, but his shot with the reversed stick went wide, and shortly after Stokes stopped a "shorter" from Reynor in the circle with his foot. Bapu stopped an ugly movement, but in attempting to stop a long drive gave "sticks" just outside the circle. The "free" was driven straight for goal and McQueen might have let in pass with advantage. He, however, put his pads to it, and Reynor running in caught the ball as it bounced up, and tipped it into the net, twelve minutes before the call of time.

2nd Dorsets (Poona) ..... One.
Customs A. C. ..... Nil.

The Dorsets came down immediately from the re-start and Tatum securing outside the circle sent to Bartlett, who, from a difficult angle, drove in, the ball hitting McQueen's foot and passing into the net.

2nd Dorsets (Poona) ..... Two.
Customs A. C. ..... Nil.

The Dorsets pressed again, and many exciting moments resulted. The Customs broke away just before the call of time and Navin sent in the circle to Ganpat, who replied with a stinger, which Hoils saved splendidly, and a minute later he effected another splendid save, this time off Navin's sticks. The Customs were in Dorsets' territory as the whistle sounded "no time."

2nd Dorsets (Poona) ..... Two.
Customs A. C. ..... Nil.

The following were the teams:—

2nd Dorsets (Poona):—Hoils, goal; Rudd and Stone, backs; Lt. Stevens, Drew and Parsens, halves; Zebedee, Bartlett, White, Tatum and Reynor, forwards.

Customs A. C.:—McQueen, goal; Singleton and Vardon, backs; Stokes, Bapu and Fido, halves; Spilling, Navin, Ganpat, Lynn and Clarke, forwards.

Referees:—Messrs. Ward and Simpson.

RESULTS UP TO DATE.

FIRST ROUND

(1) Parsi Cyclists beat Parsi Pioneers, 0 0, 2-0.

(2) Parsi Hockey Association beat Albion United ,3-2.

(3) Grand Medicals beat Eastern Telegraph, 2-0.

(4) Cyclists, B.V.R. beat Young Cricketers' H. C., 1-0.

(5) Lusitanians beat Young Parsis, 9-0.

(6) Sherwood Foresters beat Pioneers, 4-0.

(7) R. G. A. (Bombay) beat Byculla H. C., 2-0.

(8) Y. M. C. A. beat Institute Luso-Indiano, 3-0.

(9) Customs A. C. beat G. I. P. R. "B" 5-0.

(10) G. I. P. R. "A" beat Crusaders 12-1.

(11) Jhansi Institute beat Bombay Gymkhana, 1-0.

SECOND ROUND.

(1) Grant Medical College beat Parsi Cyclists, 6-0.

(2) R. G. A. (Bombay) beat Parsi Hockey Association, 4-0.

(3) Lusitanians beat Y. M. C. A. 5-0.

(4) Customs beat G. I. P. R. (A), 3-0.

(5) Sherwood Foresters beat Cyclists, B. V. R., 3-1.

(6) 2nd Dorsets (Poona) beat Jhansi Ry. Gym., 1-0.

(7) R. F. A. (Kirkee) beat Bina Railway Institute, 2-1.

(8) Bhusawal Ry. Gym. beat Igatpuri Ry. Gym., 1-0.

THIRD ROUND.

(1) Grant Medical College beat R. F. A. (Kirkee), 2-0.

(2) Lusitanian Sporting Club beat R. G. A. (Bombay) 2-1.

(3) Customs A. C. beat Sherwood Foresters, 2-1.

(4) 2nd Dorsets (Poona) beat Bhusaval Ry. Gymkhana, 3-0.

SEMI-FINALS.

(1) Grant Medical College beat Lusitanians, 1-0.

(2) Dorsets beat Customs, 2-0.

FRIDAY'S GAME.

CIVIL v. MILITARY (CHARITY MATCH).

FINAL.

The final between the Grant Medical College and the Dorsets has been fixed for Saturday next.

ELTON HOCKEY TOURNAMENT.

FINAL GAME.

Last evening on the Cooperage ground the boys of the Byculla Educational Society's School and the St. Mary's High School met in the Final of the Elton Tournament, the former winning by 5 goals to 0.

The game was nothing like the one sided affair that the score would indicate, Byculla had the better of the first exchanges and for a few minutes St. Mary's had a very anxious time. Off-side relieved the situation and from the free hit play was carried into the Byculla half where the Byculla goal had a number of narrow escapes. Good work by the Byculla forwards gave Shultz opportunity but wtih an open goal before him he skied the ball over the bar. From the "25" bully the St. Mary's goal was bombarded but the goalkeeper saved in splendid fashion ball after ball which looked like certain scorers. After a long pass out the St. Mary's forwards got working and carried the ball to the Bcyulla goal where the inside left put in a stinging shot which was well saved by the goal tender. A few minutes later another good run by the St. Mary's forwards was made fruitless by sticks in the circle. After twenty-five minutes play from a scramble at the side of the goal the ball was centered and Byculla notched their first and only score in the first half. Five minutes later the whistle blew for half time with Byculla pressing.

B. E. S. S. 1
St. Marys 0

On resuming Byculla rushed the ball into the St. Mary's "25" and the goal tender had a number of very hot shots to save. The size and weight of the Byculla boys began to make itself felt against their lighter though by no means less clever opponents The St. Mary's boys still continued to invade the Byculla quarters and were at all times dangerous but the defence proved sound throughout. On the other hand the St. Mary's defence was out-played and during the second half four goals were added to the score. The whistle blew with the score standing five to nil. At the conclusion of the game Mr. A. H. S. Aston in a short speech congratulated the winners on the splendid game they had played and the St. Mary's on the great fight they had put up and the keen game they had played all the way through. Mrs. Aston presented the cup to the captain of the winning team on behalf of the Young Men's Christian Association under whose auspices the tournament is played. Rousing cheers were then given for Mr. Aston; the St. Mary's team and the winners of the tournament.

Messrs. N. George and Gawthorne had charge of the game.

Goal scorers:—Gurr 1. Kubes 2. Sinclair 1, Harper 1.

HOCKEY IN CALCUTTA.

BEIGHTON CUP RESULTS.

1ST ROUND.

Royal Fusiliers beat La Martiniere (extra time), 2—1.

Dalhousie beat Sporting Union, 3—3 (extra time), 2—1.

Medicals beat Rovers, 3—0.

Police beat Town, 2—0.

Sibpur beat City Athletic, 2—1.

Port Commissioners beat Orientals, 4—0.

Customs "B" beat Star A. C. 6—1.

Customs "A" beat St. Xavier's, 0—0 (extra time), 6—1.

Rangers beat Rangers Reserves (scr.).

Calcutta beat B. N. Ry. 2—1.

Greer Sporting beat "Night Birds," 3—1.

Bagh Bazar beat Calcutta Athletic, 3—0.

E. I. R. Apprentices beat Measurers, 4—4 (extra time), 2—0.

2ND ROUND.

Port Commissioners beat Sibpur, 2—0.

Customs "B" beat Rangers (holders), 1—1, 1—0, (extra time).

Customs "A" beat Dalhousie, 3—1 (extra time).

Medical beat Greer Sporting, 0—0 (extra time), 3—1.

Calcutta beat Royal Fusiliers, 2—1.

Jamalpur beat E. I. R. Apprentices, 10—0.

Aligarh College beat Police, 4—2.

Dhanbaid beat Bagh Bazar, 2—1.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY.

ANNUAL PRIZE-GIVING.

The annual prize-giving and dance of the Bombay Volunteer Artillery took place on Wednesday, night at the Town Hall, Bombay.

After the Report had been read, Major-General Gorringe, who presided, distributed the prizes, and addressing the assembly, congratulated the prize winners. Referring to the Poona competition he said there were not many competitors last year from Bombay but he hoped to see the number increased this year. The guns recently given were new to the Artillery and under the circumstances they could not be expected to do more than what they had actually done

Three cheers were then given for General Gorringe, and the dancing commenced.

WEIGHTS AND MEASURES COMMITTEE.

SIMLA, April 29.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

The Weights and Measures Committee have arrived at Simla and they will now proceed with the preparation of their Report.

CYCLONE IN CALCUTTA

A BOY STRUCK BY LIGHTNING

HOUSES DAMAGED.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALCUTTA, April 29.

Some serious accidents occurred during last evening's cyclone and hailstorm.

Electric wires at Kidderpore fell on two men and a boy killing them. At the Fort most of the windows were blown in or smashed by hailstones and the rooms flooded. Near the Fort a boy was struck by lighting and died instantly. At Garden Reach Road a man was badly injured by a tram-post which was blown down. In Amherst Street a tree fell on a hackney carriage which was smashed, the occupant escaping.

Father Framertle, of St. Xavier's College, who has been in India forty-four years, states that this is only the second storm of its kind within that period.

REPORTED GOING ASHORE OF A VESSEL.

CALCUTTA, April 29.

During the storm of last evening, it is reported by some boat-man, that a sea-going vessel driven by wind went ashore at Shalimar, but no confirmation is yet to hand.

Three horses were electrocuted by falling tram-wires.

STREETS FLOODED.

A nor-wester of unusual severity passed over the city shortly before 5 p.m. last evening.

Heavy rain and hailstorm lasted less than half an hour. The streets were flooded and all local telegraph communications were broken.

POONA DEFAMATION CASE.

COMPLAINANT'S CROSS-EXAMINATION.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

POONA, April 29.

The case of alleged defamation brought by Mr. Swamy Rao, manager, Clarke Industrial Works Ltd., Poona, against a local pleader named D. H. Bhat and Mr. G. K. Devdhar, Editor of the "Dnyan Prakash" was resumed to-day before M. S. B. Israel Special First Class Magistrate, Poona District.

The first accused, Mr. D. H. Bhat, put in a written statement in which he acknowledged writing the letter in question, which he said embodied certain information about the Clarke Industrial Works, Poona, which was based on the finding of the Judge of the Small Cause Court, Poona.

There was nothing defamatory in the letter, which he wrote in good faith, and for the public good, and with this the accused put in the judgment in the case of certain suits filed by Mr. Swamy Rao the complainant to recover call money due on shares by certain subscribers.

Counsel for the defence cross-examined the complainant Mr. Swamy Rao at some length, to show that the Company of which he was the agent, was a fraud.

This was to the effect that the first set of directors had not paid for their shares.

The complainant himself could not say whether he had paid for his shares in cash or not. Four directors in the first set were removed because they had not paid.

Of the second set of directors none had paid. Later rules were altered to allow the owners of one share to be eligible for directorships.

For the last year the Company had done no business but he had continued the loom business for a year or 18 months.

He had sold goods to the value of Rs. 40 or 50 during the whole time he was at Poona, while goods valued at Rs. 700 had been deposited with a director for disposal.

Of Rs. 10,000 collected Rs. 1,000 in cash was left the greater part of this balance Rs. 700 was in hands of Mr. Barree a former director. Rs. 200 was with complainant and Rs. 100 in the Specie Bank.

In re-examination Mr. Swamy Rao said that the reason why the directors had not paid was, because they promised to pay when a building had been erected for the Compnay.

PRESENTATION OF A SANAD.

(From Our Correspondent.)

SIMLA, April 29.

The Hon. Sir William Meyer, Finance Member, presented the sanad of Khan Bahadur to Mr. Mahomed Hussain Khan this morning and complemented him on his meritorious service in the Secretariat, and particularly referred to his work in connection with the opium question. The officers and subordinates of different departments were present who afterwards warmly congratulated the Khan Bahadur.

FOREIGN MARRIAGE REGISTRATION ACT.

(From Our Correspondent.)

SIMLA, April 29.

It is quite probable that the Government of India will shortly be called upon to amend the Foreign Marriage Registration Act. Already the British Act has been revised and the amendment of the Indian Act will follow as a matter of course. Under section 2 (1) of the existing Act three weeks' notice of marriage intended to be solemnized is required, and it is in contemplation to reduce this period to a week only.

Then new British India vessel the "Mashobra," completed her maiden trip from London to Calcutta on Sunday. The owners claim that the vessel is the last word in Eastetrn-going passenger ships, and from all accounts her first trip has given the greatest satisfaction in every way. The 'Mashobra" has a tonnage of 8,000, is 450 feet in length, has a beam of 58 feet, and a draft of 28 feet. She has accommodation for about 150 passengers.

DELHI CONSPIRACY CASE.

HANDWRITING EXPERT'S EVIDENCE.

THE "YOGA" LEAFLET,

(From our Correspondent.)

DELHI, April 29.

The preliminary enquiry in the Delhi Conspiracy Case was resumed at Delhi to-day.

THE TYPED DOCUMENTS.

Mr. Ross Alston, counsel for the prosecution, continued his examination of Mr. F ..., Deputy Superintendent, C. I. D. Bengal. Witness explained the different considerations which led him to believe that all five of the typed documents produced were all on the same marking. The identification of typewriting matter is determinded first on the horizontal and vertical alignments. Secondly, the impression of the letters is examined to see if they are perfectly flat or if there is more impression on one side or the other, which a printer would describe as the type being off its feet. The third matter to observe is whether there were imperfections in the type such as cracks, stars, faulty alignments, etc. This defect would become inherent in the machine. Witness then pointed out the defects in the horizontal and vertical alignment in the enlarged photos of the five documents in question The magistrate went into the matter with some detail with witness who pointed out numerous examples, illustrating his point A "Yoga" leaflet which was seized in Delhi was said by witness to have been typed on an Empire machine. Witness deposed that the specimen of typed matter produced was done with an Empire machine. This was the sample of type writing done by Dina Nath to shew that the Empire machine was out of order. Witness was of opinion that a number of envelopes bearing addresses were typed on an Oliver machine. A cover sent by Munshi Ram of Hardwar Gurukul was typed on an Empire machine. There was no cross-examination.

PROSECUTION EVIDENCE CLOSED.

DELHI, April 29.

Lala Atma Ram, student, Lahore, said he was formerly in the D. A. V. School and now attended the Dayal Singh College. Witness identified Khusi Ram who was with him at the College. They met in February and witness accompanied the latter to his house and saw some people outside. Witness went upstairs and found Bal Raj and another man. Seven or eight men came in after witness and asked who were Khusi Ram and Bal Raj. Witness afterwards found they were police. They took his name and then let him go. This was on February 19. Lala Gugar, a Lahore gharry-owner, gave evidence as to the search of Khusi Ram's house. Bal Raj was also present. Cross-examined by counsel for Khusi Ram, witness said:—The first day nothing but books was taken.

Ananta Narayan Shastri, clerk in the office of the Director of C. I. D., Simla, deposed to typing some matter on a Smith Premier machine under Mr. Petrie's orders.

Mr. Stead, recalled, deposed that under medical orders Khan Sahib Rihmatullah, the inspector who conducted Khusi Ram's house search, could not appear.

Lala Magwan Das, Deputy Superintendent, C. I. D., deposed to comparing copies of the Gadar newspaper with a copy book found in Sultan Chand's "bhasta" and another copy book and some papers found at the search of Ganeshi Lal Khasta's house last year.

This concluded the witnesses for the prosecution.

One hundred and ninety-six witnesses have been examined and two hundred and twenty-five exhibits have been put in. In many cases a single exhibit is composed of many other exhibits arranged alphabetically. Not more than six witnesses gave their evidence in Punjabi and over half of them spoke in English.

SATARA CONFERENCE.

RECONCILIATION BETWEEN CONGRESS PARTIES.

(From a Correspondent.)

SATARA, April 28.

The Provincial Conference held its third sitting this morning, the Hon. Mr. Belvi being in chair.

Mr. Cowjalji of Bijapur moved:—

That this Conference views with apprehension the principle of the Bombay Land Revenue Bill relating to the compulsory suspension and remission of rent by the superior at the discretion of the Collectors because they are unjust and calculated to inflict hardship upon the many land owners who constitute interference with legal relations between the landlord and the tenant.

The Conference then unanimously resolved that a committee consisting of Rao Bahadur Vaidya, Belvi, Chitle, Patankar, Despande, Sane, Rao Bahadur Pathak be empowered to attempt a reconcilation between the two Congress parties on the lines that the Congress shall be open to every person elected as delegate at any public meeting or association in the British Empire, provided the delegate accepts in writing the articles of the present Constitution of the Congress.

In support the mover, Mr. Chitle, read a passage from Mr. Gokhale's speech advising the different parties to lay aside their minor differences and to unite for the national welfare. Mr. Chitle further said if the Conference did not accede to this compromise, the resolution in respect of signatrue on article I, of the Congress would not be binding.

RUSSO-GERMAN RELATIONS.

GERMAN FOREIGN SECRETARY'S STATEMENT.

CAPE TO CAIRO RAILWAY.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

BERLIN, April 29.

Speaking before the Budget Committee of the Reichstag in the course of a discussion on Foreign affairs, Herr von Jagow, Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, denied that the Powers of the Triple Alliance had concluded agreement with regard to the Mediterranean an Referring to Russo-German relations, he said that both the Governments detsired to preserve the old friendly and neighbourly relations. It was to be hoped that such would be maintained, despite the undercurrent of feeling which could not be overlooked.

RUMOUR OF NEGOTIATIONS WITH GREAT BRITAIN DENIED.

The Minister denied that negotiations were proceeding with Great Britain regarding the Cape to Cairo Railway.

MURDEROUS ASSAULT ON SIR LIONEL PHILLIPS.

CULPRIT GETS 15 YEARS' HARD LABOUR.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

CAPETOWN, Apr. 29.

Nan Nissum who shot Sir Lionel Phillips, has been sentenced to fifteen years' hard labour.

On Dec. 11, Sir Lionel Phillips while walking with Sir James Fitspatrick outside the Rond Club at Johannesburg, was shot by a Russian named Nissum, described as a storekeeper at Ferreira Mine.

MR. GOKHALE'S HEALTH.

DEPARTURE FOR VICHY UNDER MEDICAL ADVICE.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON April 28.

The condition of Mr. Gokhale's heart has considerably improved, but owing to the return of diabetic symptoms, he left to-day under medical advice for Vichy, where he derived great benefit on the three previous visits. He will return on May 20th.

TURKEY ORDERS ANOTHER DREADNOUGHT.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

CONSTANTINOPLE, April 29.

The Government has ordered another Dreadnought from Messrs. Armstrong and Whitworth. The vessel is to be completed within 21 months.

DEATH OF A LABOUR MEMBER.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, April 28.

The death is announced of Mr. William Harvey, Labour Member of Parliament for North-East Derbyshire.

INCREASE OF CRIME IN CROWN COLONIES,

DUE TO "MARITAL JEALOUSY."

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, April 28.

In reply to a question from Mr. Pointer drawing attention to the inadequate proportion of women in the Crown Colonies largely populated by Indian labourers, and the consequent frequency of crimes due to marital jealousy, Mr. Harcourt said that he was aware that the occurrence of crimes due to the causes mentioned was increasing. The proportion of women among the emigrants recruited for such colonies would receive attention.

IMPETUS TO TURPENTINE INDUSTRY.

(From our Correspondent.)

SIMLA, April 29.

The turpentine industry is about to receive a fresh impetus. Already at a recent Conference held at Dehra Dun which was attended, amongst others, by Mr. Kershaw, Revenue Secretary to the Government of India, the question was discussed at length. as a result of Mr. Gibson's study of the turpentine industry in Europe improved French machinary has been installed at Bhawali in the United Provinces and it has been also decided to improve the machinery at Lahore. Steps have also been taken to standardise the production, and it is hoped that within the next few years the Indian demands will be fully met by local production.

Two new sugar mills are in course of construction in the Darbhanga district, one at Ryam, and the other at Lobut.

The Indian Central Flying School at Sitapur, is being joined by Captain O. G. Hoare. The other flying officers there are lieutenant C. L. N. Newall and H. L. Reilly the commandant being Captain S. D. Massy. The school now has three aeroplanes, and two more are on their way out.

HIGH COURT.

POISONING WITH ACONITE.

BAWA SENTENCED TO BE HANGED.

(Before Justice Batchelor and Davar.)

GANPATPURI YADAVPURI v. KING-EMPEROR.

This was an appeal against the decision of Mr. F. R. Boyd, Sessions Judge of Nasik, who, disagreeing with the assessors, found the accused guilty of murder and sentenced him to death.

The accused was charged with the murder of one Sheikhal by poisoning him with aconite. Sheikhal, who was a dealer in bangles, went to ply his trade at Girnara, a village about 12 miles from Nasik. There he was given some *chivda* (fried grain mixed with spice) by the accused. The deceased returned home at about sunset, and complained of fever and pain in the stomach. After a while he began to vomit. The patil and the kulkarni of the village were called, before whom the deceased made a statement that the *bawa* had given him *chivda* in the *bazar*, and he had eaten some of it. After stating this he became unconscious and died. The accused was arrested, and on his person were found some *chivda* and two pice.

The defence was that the case was concocted by the village officers and police.

Their Lordships confirmed the conviction and sentence.

Mr. S. R. Gokhale appeared for the accused, and the Government Pleader represented the Crown.

FILLING IN A TANK.

CONVICTION SET ASIDE.

(Before Justices Batchelor and Davar.)

RAMCHANDRA BALARAM v. BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY.

This was a criminal application for revision made to the High Court against the decision of Mr. C. H. Setalwad, Second Presidency Magistrate of Bombay.

The petitioner was charged for not complying with, after conviction, notice No. 6 of 1913 issued under Section 381 and 472 of the Bombay Municipal Act, which required him to fill in the water tank at his premises.

The petitioner has agreed to take on a 99 years' lease a plot of ground situated at Gilder Street, Bombay. The greater portion of this plot is occupied by a tank. The petitioner has been filling up the tank ever since he took the same on lease, but still he was convicted on the 7th of October, 1913, under Sections 381 and 471 of the Bombay Municipal Act. After this conviction the petitioner has filled up over 5,000 square yards and about four to five thousand square yards still remain to be filled up.

The petitioner was, therefore, again prosecuted under Sections 381 and 472 of the Act, and has been convicted and sentenced to pay a fine of Rs. 50 by the Second Presidency Magistrate, Bombay.

It was contended on behalf of the petitioner that under Section 381, a person who had only agreed to take the property on lease was not responsible; it was the owner who was required to carry out the provisions laid down in that section. It was not proved that the petitioner continued "to neglect to comply" with the requisition of the Municipality within the meaning of Section 472 of the Act. Under the terms of the lease, which is still to be executed, the petitioner is not liable to the penalties laid down in Sections 471 and 472.

The Hon. Mr. Justice Batchelor, in delivering the judgment of the Court, said that under Section 381 of the Municipal Act, in contrast with the preceding section of the same Act, the present applicant was not the owner of the premises. He was, in His Lordship's opinion, a mere licensee in occupation of the tank. A lease was in contemplation between the Government and the present applicant, but no such lease had been yet executed. The fact that the Government would have been entitled to receive rent from the present applicant makes the Government the real owner of the premises. Under the circumstances the present applicant not being the owner, the conviction was bad.

Their Lordships made the rule absolute. The conviction was set aside, and the fine ordered to be refunded.

Mr. Bhandarkar, with Mr. A. G. Desai, appeared for the petitioner.

Mr. Campbell, instructed by Messrs. Crawford and Co., solicitors, appeared for the Municipality of Bombay.

ATARA TREASURE TROVE CASE

(Before Justices Batchelor and Davar.)

KAZI KHAIRUDDIN KAZI KUTUBUDIN v. KING-EMPEROR.

This was an appeal against the decision of the Sessions Judge of Satara.

The accused in this case, who was the Sub-Inspector of Panchgani, received information that certain people in the village of Jor, in the Satara district, had found certain treasure in a field while working, and had distributed the same among themselves. The accused accordingly in July, 1913, visited the village and recovered the property found from various persons. Out of this property the prosecution alleged that the accused handed over only a part to the Mamlatdar of Wai, and misappropriated a part for himself. Further, in order to create documentary evidence in his favour, he prepared a false *panchnama* and diaries, in order to screen himself from the offence of misappropriation. The accused was charged with criminal misappropriation, forgery, and fabricating evidence, and was sentenced in all to 18 months' rigorous imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 50.

Their Lordships admitted the appeal and released the accused on bail.

Mr. Kazi Kabrudin with Mr. Nijsure appeared for the accused.

Mr. F. J. Warh, M. Sc., Agricultural Chemist, Burma, has issued a bulletin on disintegration of rice grains by means of alkali. The method described ought to prove particularly useful in studying the ripening of paddy. The Bulletin is published by the Agricultural Research Institute, Pusa.

COL. SEELY ON ARMY CRISIS.

WHY HE RE IG ED.

THE "PECCANT" PARAGRAPHS.

Colonel Seely, late Secretary for War, addressed two meetings of his constituents in the Ilkeston Division on April 9—the first at Ilkeston and the second at Long Eaton, says the "Morning Post." In both speeches he dealt at length with the Army crisis that brought about his resignation. "I have no intention whatever, of standing in a white sheet," he said. "I resigned, not because I desired to recede one inch from the policy I laid down, but because at a critical time my leaving the Government would make their task easier." He admitted his mistake in not consulting his colleagues before writing in what are now known as the "peccant" paragraphs. He denied that the Government ever engineered a deliberate massacre in Ulster, and that the King had interfered in any way in the Army crisis. He (Colonel Seely) had told General Gough that soldiers must obey lawful orders. The written word was meant to convey nothing more, and it was only because the Conservative Press had spread the story that the document was extracted from him as a trophy of Army insubordination that he had resigned in order to ease the Government's position.

Mr. Cursley, of Long Eaton, Chairman of the Ilkeston Division Liberal Association who presided, said they all wished to assure Colonel Seely of their sincere confidence in him. History alone would reveal what the Colonel had suffered during this crisis, and of this they were all convinced, that it was for the country's sake he had suffered (Cheers.)

A resolution expressing unabated confidence in Colonel Seely was carried with extraordinary enthusiasm.

Colonel Seely, who was affected by the warmth of the reception accorded him, after thanking his supporters for not having proved fair weather friends, said that whatever, mistakes he had made he had paid for. "If I may say so," he proceeded, "I have no intention whatever, of standing in a white sheet, or of going about with any bitterness or reproach towards others. But let us see for a moment how these events took place—some curious, some important, some farreachnig, and some which nearly caused a catastrophe in many directions. It came to my knowledeg as Secretary of State for War that there was a real risk that hot-headed persons, not under any kind of discipline or order, might attempt to rush certain places in Ireland where there were large stores of arms and ammunition. My colleagues agreed with me that we must take measures to protect these places. Now, suppose there had been a plot to crush Ulster by a surprise attack, the last thing in the world to do would have been to send small detachments of men to assist the police in guarding these places. It was also suggested that we should remove these stores, but my view was that that might precipitate bloodshed in Ireland if we did that in face of opposition from an armed force.

NO WHITE SHEET.

Finally, we all agreed that the proper plan was to send small detachments to assist the police in guarding the stores, and here let me give you one of the reasons why I do not propose to stand in a white sheet. During my tenure of office as Secretary of State for War every order given under my instructions was punctually and implicity obeyed. No man disobeyed any order then or before. The trouble arose over words and the application of words. The Conservative newspapers went mad—they really went mad—by trying to make the country and the Army think that a great plot was being engineered to treat Ulster as an enemy country, and to overwhelm her by fore of arms; in other words, to shoot down you in order to make others conform to your will. So wicked a thing could never have been conceived by an Government, least of all by a Liberal Government—(cheers)—for we Liberals take our stand—and this has an important bearing on the words I used—on the principle that no amount of provocation will make us forget that force in itself is no remedy. (Cheers.) Our second principle, almost greater, is this: under no circumstances in these islands has the Army ever to be used except in support of the civil power, and to enable the civil power to exercise its duty—(cheers)—that it shall use as much force as a necessary to protect the lives of peaceful citizens and to protect public property but it shall use no more. (Cheers.) These vital principles have ever been present to my mind, but when the Ulster crisis passes away there will remain for ever the question of how far you are entitled to use force to repress political opposition. If I had to stand alone I would say that under no circumstances, under no provocation, shall we ever depart from that sound rule of liberty, that the Army in this country is only to be used in the last resort, and then olny to the extent that may be required to protect the lives of the citizens within it. (Cheers.)

THE CURRAGH INCIDENT.

Through the madness of the Conservative newspapers, Colonel Seely proceeded, vast masses of people were told that the Government was engaged in this nefarious plot. He knew they would believe him when he gave that an absolute contradiction. (Cheers.) As the result of instructions given, telegrams came from the Commander of the Forces implying clearly that there had been several breaches of discipline not amongst the troops ordered to move, but amongst others. Those who were supposed to be the guilty parties were sent for. When they had been interviewed it became at once apparent that they had been suffering under the most complete delusion. They believed that there had been put to them a hypothetical question, which is the one thing you may never put to a soldier. (Hear, hear.) I saw General Gough for five minutes, and I have never seen him since, but I do not believe any of the stories that have been put about as to any undisciplined action on his part. I told him the substance of what I have now told you. I told him the Army was bound to obey all lawful orders, and as they had got it into their heads that we were contemplating unlawful action, I told him in good set terms that that was not so. He then said he would obey all lawful commands, and that was the end of the interview. I saw my colleagues at the Cabinet for a moment, and I then went to report the matter to my Sovereign. Here let me say that all the wild stories about the King having interfered are absolutely untrue, and as for the document itself, he never knew there was such a thing till next day. When I came back my colleagues had dispersed except the Prime Minister and Lord Morley. They had been considering the substance of what should be given to these officers for them to speak from in addressing their officers. It was quite clear it was impossible for my colleagues to write a document representing what I had said. That document itself was not complete, and I proceeded without a moment's hesitation and without the remotest idea that I was dealing unfaithfully with my colleagues to put into that document what I had actually said. I completed the document as I had stated it to them, so that the written statement should be the same as the spoken word, and the last two paragraphs which Lord Morley reproduced as the Government policy in the House of Lords do seem to me to represent very accurately the true Liberal view of the proper duty of the Army in support of the civil power. I had said that I adhere to every word of that. (Cheers.) If they had been challenged as a statement of policy the Liberal Party might have been shattered, for in trying to cope with passing emergency you might have surrendered the very charter of the liberties of the working men of England. (Cheers.) But they were not challenged. They were emphasised by my collagues.

MISTAKES ADMITTED.

Where did I make a mistake; clearly not in making what I intended to be a clear statement of fact for all men to know as to the duty of officers and men in the Army, and in clearing away all misconceptions as to the supposed plot on the part of the Government to crush Ulstetr; but in the electrical atmosphere that document, meant to be statement of fact, was held by the whole of the Opposition Press, and indeed, by many besides, to be a trophy extracted from an unwilling Secretary of State for War and from an unwilling Chief of Staff and Adjutant-General, not expressing their real views, but a surrender on their part to a plot on the part of Army. It was no such thing. You know me well enough to know that if the issue were ever clearly raised as to whether the Lords or the Army or any other power should attempt to dispute the will of the people, your know I would be on the side of the people. (Cheers.) But, thanks to the Conservative Press, this view that the document was a trophy extracted from us went right through the Army. In these circumstances what was my duty? I saw that these tremendous misapprehensions having occurred, and I having made the mistake of not having gathered my colleagues together again, though there was little time, clearly my usefulness in this crisis to the Government was gone for the moment, and therefore I pressed the Prime Minister to accept my resignation, not because I conceived I had done anything wrong, still less because I desired to recede by one inch from the policy I had laid down, but because, having made various mistakes at a critical time, my leaving the Government would make the Government's task easier.

TRIBUTE TO GENERAL FRENCH.

Colonel Seely went on to pay a glowing tribute to the services and merits of Sir John French and of Sir Spencer Ewart, both of whose resignations, because it had appeared that they had signed a document that implied a surrender to insubordination were a matter of national regret. His greatest consolation in the sacrifice he had made was that he had been succeeded by an abler man than had ever before been the head of the British Army. (Cheers.) As for the future he would look after the interests of his constituents and devote himself to social reform, the chief and most pressing branch of which he conceived to be the housing question.

Colonel Seely afterwards motored to Long Eaton, where, speaking at a crowded meeting, he went in even greater detail into the story of his resignation. "I apologise for nothing," he said, "and I withdraw nothing. The words of my paragraph appear in the new Army Order."

Colonel Seely dealt in conclusion with the Irish question and the housing problem. A resolution of confidence was also passed here with enthusiasm, there being only one dissentient.

SEVERE COLD BENEFITED AT ONCE.

A remedy that dispels Influenza quickly and leaves no unpleasant after-effects is Dr. Stohr's Kephaldol. Chemists and Kephaldol Ltd., 15, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, report an enormous increase in the sales with general satisfaction to all customers. Kephaldol was the official remedy used in breaking up one of the worst Influenza epidemics from which Vienna ever suffered.

"I was suffering from a severe cold when I took the tablets as directed. I felt they did me good at once. They are a specially splendid medicine," says Miss A. E. Beattie, 28, Lismain-Street, Ravenhillay, Belfast.

The non-official Famine Relief Committee of the United Province's is extending its operations. In addition to Muttra and Jalaun, it has opened a new centre of work in Bandal, which is perhaps in a worse condition than any of the other Bundelkhand districts. In addition to this some work is being done in Allahabad, city as well as district. Gratuitous relief is being given to a number of widows and orphans and it has been decided to help the Prayag Goshala at Kydgunj, which has about fifty cows.

AHMEDABAD MUNICIPALITY.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "CHRONICLE."

Sir,—I shall deem it a great favour if you will spare some space to publish the following lines, in your paper *re* the mismanagement of civic affairs by the Committee of Management of the Ahmedabad Municipality appointed by the Government. The local press has been raising protests for many weeks as regards the scarcity of water in the city, the ill-lighting of the streets, and the dust nuisance, but it seems it has been crying in the wilderness. It is high time, therefore, that some protests were raised in the Bombay papers and it is with that hope, that some good may result by my addressing you this letter, that I am sending it.

Sir, it is well-known that Ahmedabad occupies the second place in the Bombay Presidency, with its large population of nearly 2,00,000 inhabitants and its vast industrial development What would one expect such a place to be? One would expect it to be a nicely laid out, well-lighted and a most up-to-date and model place from the sanitary point of view. Far from it, sir, would it not be a surprise to you, sir, if when you paid a casual visit to this city, you found that the water supplied to the city was not only scarce but dirty; that if you passed any streets at any time of day, you would be welcomed with clouds of dust; that, if you had to pass through the streets at night, you would have to grope your way in the dark? A few facts are necessary before I proceed further.

What are the grievances of the citizens? If I gave a detailed list, people might think that the Committee of Management was asleep. I would not go to the length of saying that the Committee does not meet at all. On the contrary its meetings take place very often, but, sir, the work done there is not done with that enthusiasm and devotedness with which the members of an elective body always work. The reason is obvious. The former,—I mean the Committee,—has not to account to any one except, perhaps, the Government. The latter being elected by the citizens themselves would always work for the citizens and take care of their interests, being afraid that at the next election people would have no hesitation in ousting them if their grievances were not redressed.

There are three or four of the most important grievances, which, it is the almost unanimous desire of the citizen, ought to be immediately redressed.

Unlike many other cities, Ahmedabad had not long to wait for the erection of water-works to supply the needs of the citizens. The prime mover in this respect was the late R. B. Ranchhodlal Chhotalal a wealthy mill-owner of Ahmedabad, whose memory is up to this day cherished by old and young alike. Water was supplied to the city thoughout the whole day, and no wonder, that, then, it was the envy of other cities which had their old-fashioned wells to depend upon for their supply of water. As the city grew it was found that the present works would have to be extended in order to meet the increased demands of the town. The water-tax has consequently been doubled. The work of extension is being done at present with the result that the usual supply of water to the city has not been maintained for a long time. The water that is at present supplied is not only scarce but dirty. Though repeated protests have been raised, the Committee of Management does not even think fit to give any plausible explanation to the citizens through the local press. Another complaint is that the street are not watered. The clouds of dust you meet with wherever you go, combined with a high temperature, does not make Ahmedabad, by any means, a pleasant place to stay in. Yet those who have to stay there must stay, and it is the paramount duty of the Committee of Management to see that the citizens are made comfortable.

The third complaint is as to the lighting of the streets. A number of incandescent lamps, have, no doubt been placed at some of the street corners; but when one passes the streets at night, one daily finds, on an average, three or four of the big lamps not working at all. Except in the main thoroughfare the Richey Road where lights are placed, all the other streets are lighted by Kerosine lamps and he would be indeed a bold man who could pass the streets at night without any accident.

The fourth complaint is the want of public lavatories. Fortunately for Ahmedabad, plague and cholera have been absent; but would it be a surprise if these diseases affected this city, a city which must be called a disgrace from the sanitary point of view.

In fairness, I ask, that the committee of management should take more active interest in eradicating the causes of these complaints and should try to work for the welfare of the inhabitants. When the old municipality was suspended and the Committee of Management appointed in its stead, it was believed that the committee would make Ahmedabad a model city. Far from that ideal being realised, Ahmedabad has become worse from the sanitary and civic point of view.—Yours, etc.

I. N. M.

Ahmedabad, April 28.

ANOTHER BANDRA GRIEVANCE.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "CHRONICLE."

Sir,—The just complaints about the dust nuisance in Bombay will pale into insignificance compared with what the people in Bandra have to suffer in this respect. Since the last monsoon, the main road has not been watered, and it is tantalizing to see water carts daily going this way to water the more aristocratic roads leading to Pali Hill. The result is that people, using the main road, have to walk through a perpetual cloud of dust raised by the vehicular traffic. Sundays are the worst days owing to the fact that a good number of Bombay motorists drive into Bandra at break-neck speed. The hot days are upon us and it is hoped the Bandra Municipality will at least feel the necessity of watering the main road now.—Yours, etc.

A BANDRITE.

Bandra, April 29.

ALL INDIA NEWS IN BRIEF

Mr. B. C. Allen officiates as Chief Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Assam

The Hon. Mr. J. J. Reid officiates as Commissioner of Surma Valley and Hill Districts and the Hon. Mr. M. F. C. Henniker as Commissioner of the Assam Valley districts.

Mr. H. Walmsely, District Judge, 24 Paragnas, has been appointed temporarily to undertake the duties of President of the Land Acquisition Tribunal of the Calcutta Improvement Trust.

A press communique states:—The Government of India have this year awarded the State Scholarship tenable in Europe, by Domiciled European or Anglo-Indian girls or women, to Miss Amy Watts, B.A. (Madras).

The Government Engineer has submitted a report to the Calcutta Corporation on the condition of the river Bidyadhari which forms the outfall of the sewage system. He states that ten miles of the river must be dredged. The capital cost will be six lakhs and the annual recurring charges two lakhs for the first five years and two and a half lakhs yearly from the sixth to fifteenth year.

New taxicabs made their appearance in Rangoon on Wednesday. There are 24 altogether at present of the well known Hupmobile type of 15-18 horse power. If these are found insufficient, it is the intention of the Rangoon Taxi-cab Co., to put practically an unlimited number of cars on the roads. The fares are eight annas per mile within a five mile radium of the town ten annas beyond that radiums and twelve annas from 9-30 p.m. upwards.

The Indian Church Aid Association Church House, Westminster, has received through the S. P. G., £100 for the Delhi Cathedral Fund from Canon Keymer, on behalf of the proprietors of "Hymns, Ancient and Modern."

Out of the 106 prosecutions against beggars, recently sent up by the Rangoon Police, 87 have been disposed of. Some were fined Rs. 10, others were discharged, while some of them were confined and afterwards released. A very small number of beggars were sent to jail.

It is rumoured says, a Madras paper, that the Public Service Commission has decided on an important change in the methods employed at present for the selection of members of the Indian Civil Service. Their proposals are, to hold the examination for that service at the age of nineteen, instead of at an age between the years of twenty-two and twenty-four. The successful candidate will then be detained in England on a three years' probation, during which he will be expected to study subjects which are intended to be useful to him in his subsequent career.

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SPORT AT HOME.

LEAGUE RESULTS.

OTHER ATHLETIC NOTES.

ASSOCIATION FOOTBALL.

Although Derby County accomplished an excellent performance when receiving Manchester United, the effort will hardly save the "Peakites" from the Second Division, whilst Preston North End will no doubt be the other unfortunate.

The United takes a lot of beating, even when away from home, so that the Derby players must have worn their special shooting boots to put on four goals to the two by their visitors. Barnes, Scattergood, Lunard, and Barnes did the scoring for Derby, whilst Hoad and Travers got through for the United.

In opposing Everton on the Goodison Park ground West Bromwich Albion had to take the field without Pennington and McNeal, both engaged in the International match at Glasgow. Clemmell and Parker scored for Everton, the home men having an easy task.

Delightful weather favoured the meeting of Manchester City and Oldham Athletic on the Hyde Road ground, and so much interest was taken in the game that fully 30,000 people were present. Jones (2) scored for the City, and Walters for the Athletic, the game being well contested throughout.

PRESTON DOOMED.

Following their victory over Aston Villa during the week, Preston North End journeyed to Middlesbrough. Tinsley, Elliott (2), and Healey scored for Middlesbrough, and Kennedy for North End, which makes the loser's prospects of avoiding the Second Division look hopeless.

Blackburn Rovers beat Bolton Wanderers by 3 goals to 2. Latheron, Dawson, and Shea scored for the Rovers, and Lillycrop (2) for the Wanderers. It was an even struggle, and being at home, probably turned the scale in favour of the Rovers.

The defeat in the semi-final of the F. A. Cup seems to have made the Aston Villa players down-hearted. They met Newcastle United on Saturday, and in spite of being at home, failed to show winning form. Wilson and Sheppard (2) scored for the visitors, to Wallace's goal for the Villa, so that the Northerns gained a handsome victory.

Sheffield United gained valuable points when receiving Burnley. Perhaps the representatives of the Lancashire club were not very keen, in view of their coming Cup final, for they failed to score, whilst Gillespie (2), Farzackerley (2), and Kitchen got through for Sheffield.

These clubs were also engaged on Tuesday, Burnley receiving Middlesborough, and Sheffield United being at home to Bolton. The former match proved rather uninteresting, Elliott, of Middlesborough, scoring the only goal. The Sheffield players showed up well before their own supporters, Utley and Farzackerley scoring, which raised the club well above the danger zone.

THE SECOND DIVISION.

Notts County accomplished another excellent performance by securing both points when visiting Barnsley. True, the margin was not great, only one goal being scored, but goals are hard to get at Barnsley. Notts County made certain of the championship some time ago, the interest now being centred in the struggle for second place.

Southerners are hoping that Woolwich Arsenal will pull through, and the "Gunners" are certainly playing well. Their match against Bristol City on Saturday yielded a point. The visitors opened with great dash, and scored in the first five minutes. The Arsenal responded with great spirit, and soon equalised, but all efforts failed to increase the score.

Bradford offers most danger to Woolwich in the race for promotion, but there was no relative change in the respective positions on Saturday. The Yorkshire club had to meet Bury, the latter being at home, and a keen game ended in honours divided, nothing being scored.

THE SOUTHERN CHAMPIONSHIP.

Crystal Palace and Swindon are having a battle royal for Southern League honours. The former received Coventry on Saturday and the visitors opened the scoring after twenty minutes' play. The home side soon responded however, Whitley, Smith, and Hughes scoring.

Showing superior form all round, Swindon, on their own ground, gained a decisive victory over Portsmouth by 5 goals to 0. The feature of the game was the form shown by Gunner Rogers, who was making his first appearance for Swindon in an important engagement.

He scored three goals in the first half, and added another midway through the second, Swindon's other goal was the outcome of a penalty.

THE SCOTTISH LEAGUE.

Owing to the International at Glasgow, the Scottish League programme was considerably curtailed on Saturday.

Superior combination forward was chiefly responsible for Greenock Morton's victory against Clyde. Gourlay and Buchanan scored Morton's two goals.

Aberdeen were soundly beaten by Airdrieonians. At Airdrie the local club scored four goals through Reid (2), Thomsond and Templeman.

Neither Falkirk nor Hibernians were at full strength, the former being without Croal, who was engaged in the International. In the last minutes of each half Hibs scored, the first coming from a penalty taken by Girdwood, and the second from Aitken, but against this Falkirk had three. Robertson two and Jack one.

An accident to Stewart, Hamilton Academicals' inside right, which kept him off the field most of the game against Ayr United, was too much of a handicap for his side, and Ayr won comfortably, Richardson, Middleton, and M'Laughlan each scoring, the latter from a penalty. Kelly got Academicals' only goal.

Raith Rovers were good winners against St. Mirren, but the score, 5—1, rather flattered the Kirkcady team. Martin scored two good goals, and had something to do with the three others scored by Waugh Rattray, and Anderson. Elmore got St. Mirren's only point.

SUMMARY OF RESULTS.

At a meeting of the council of the London Football Association on April 7, it was announced that as the result of the match between the Corinthians and English Wanderers at Stamford Bridge, on March 25, £97 7s. 8d. had been given to the Boys' Naval Brigade.

Scotland beat England, at Glasgow, on April, 4, by 3 goals to 1.

New Crusaders beat Oxford City, in the Isthmain League, at Sidcup, on April 4, by 4 goals to 0.

Dulwich Hamlet beat Clapton, at Upton, by 3 goals to 1.

Woking beat West Norwood, at Woking, by 2 goals to 1.

Dulwich Hamlet beat Oxford City, at Champion Hill, on April 6, by 3 goals to 1.

Leytonstone beat West Norwood, at Leytonstone, by 3 goals to 1.

Bishop Auckland beat the Northern Nomads, in the final round of the Football Association Amateur Cup competition, at Leeds, on April, 4, by 1 goal to 0.

In the Amateur Football Association Cup competition, on April 4, Ealing beat Civil Sevice, at Tufnell Park, by 5 goals to 2.

The 18th Hussars (holders) and the 12th Lancers played a drawn game in the semi-final round of the Cavalry Cup competition at Aldershot, on April 8, each side having scored 3 goals.

The results in the League Championship competition on April 4 were as follows:—

Blackburn Rovers 3 goals, Bolton Wanderers 2, at Blackburn.

Newcastle United 3, Aston Villa 1, at Birmingham.

Middlesbrough 4, Preston North End 1, at Middlesbrough.

Sheffield Wednesday 1. Sunderland 0, at Sunderland.

Manchester City 2, Oldham Athletic 1, at Manchester.

Derby County 4, Manchester United 2, at Derby.

Sheffield United 5, Burnley 0, at Sheffield.

Bradford City 0, Chelsea 0, at Bradford.

Everton 2, West Browich Albion 0, at Everton.

Tottenham Hotspur 0. Liverpool 0, at Tottenham.

Middlesbrough beat Burnley, at Turf Moor, on April 6, by 2 goals to 1, and Sheffield United beat Bolton Wandrers, at Bramall Lane, by 2 goals to 0, a result which leaves them safe from relegation to the Second Division.

Notts County made their position at the head of the Second Division of the League more sure than ever on April 4, when they accomplished the difficult task of winning at Barnsley. Results:—

Notts County 1 goal, Barnsley 0, at Barnsley.

Woolwich Arsenal 1. Bristol City 1, at Highbury; Bury 0, Bradford 0, at Bury.

Hull City 0, Leicester Fosse 0, at Hull.

Fulham 1. Wolverhampton Wanderers 0, at Fulham.

Birmingham 2, Grimsby Town 0, at Grimsby.

Stockport County 2, Huddersfield Town 0, at Huddersfield; Glossop 5, Lincoln City, 1, at Lincoln.

Blackpool 0, Clapton Orient 0, at Blackpool.

Notts Forest 2, Leeds City 1, at Nottingham.

Swindon Town and Crystal Palace have each obtained forty-four points in the Southern League Championship, and each has five more matches to play. The results on April 4 were:—

Swindon Town 5 goals, Portsmouth 0, at Swindon.

Crystal Palace 3, Coventry City 1, at the Crystal Palace.

West Ham United 1, Northampton 1, at Upton Park.

Exeter City 3, Queen's Park Rangers 2, at Park Royal.

Bristol Rovers 1. Brighton and Hove Albion 0, at Bristol.

Plymouth Argyle 1, Gillingham 0, at Plymouth.

Southampton 2, Norwich City 0, at Southampton.

Millwall 3, Cardiff City 0. at New Cross.

Merthyr Town 1, Southend United 0, at Merthyr.

Appended are the League Tables:—

LEAGUE DIVISION I.

Results to Saturday, April, 4 (Inclusive).

	Pd.	Won.	Lt.	Dn.	Goals For.	Ast.	P.
Blackburn R.	34	19	6	9	76	39	48.
Bolton Wan.	33	15	9	9	61	43	47
Aston Villa	33	16	11	6	57	42	39
W. Bromwich	34	13	10	11	39	38	38
Sunderland	34	15	13	6	57	48	37
Middlesbrough	32	15	12	5	60	54	36
Oldham Athletic	33	13	11	9	45	41	35
Bradford City	33	11	10	12	34	32	35
Everton	33	12	12	9	43	46	24
Chelsea	33	13	13	7	30	49	33
Burnley	33	10	12	11	50	44	32
Tottenham H.	33	11	13	9	46	51	31
Newcastle United	33	11	13	9	36	45	31
Liverpool	32	12	13	7	42	53	31
Manchester U.	31	13	14	4	46	54	31
Sheffield Wed.	34	12	16	6	48	65	30
Sheffield United	32	12	15	5	50	52	30
Manchester City	33	11	15	7	41	48	29
Derby County	33	8	15	10	51	60	22
Preston N.E.	34	10	19	5	45	62	25

LEAGUE DIVISION II

	Pld.	Won.	Lst.	Dn.	Goals For.	Ast.	Pts.
Notts County	33	22	7	6	74	34	50
Bradford	33	19	11	3	58	44	41
Woolwich Arsenal	32	17	8	7	44	34	41
Hull City	33	15	9	9	52	32	39
Leeds City	32	17	11	4	70	43	38
Clapton Orient	32	13	10	7	40	28	37
Bristol City	33	15	11	7	48	45	37
Wolverhamptom	33	16	13	4	44	47	36
Barnsley	32	14	11	7	42	40	35
Bury	33	13	11	9	35	34	35
Fulham	33	14	12	6	43	39	34
Stockport C.	33	11	13	9	47	47	31
Grimsby Town	32	12	13	7	39	31	31
Birmingham	33	11	14	8	40	52	30
Huddersfield Town	33	10	16	7	38	47	29
Blackpool	33	8	14	11	28	37	27
Leicester Fosse	33	10	20	3	42	56	27
Glossop	33	9	19	5	45	60	25
Lincoln City	34	8	20	6	32	59	22
Nottingham Forest	33	6	18	9	33	65	20

SOUTHERN LEAGUE.

	Pld.	Won.	Lst.	Dn.	Goals For.	Ast.	Pts
Swindon Town	33	20	9	4	75	38	44
Crystal Palace	33	16	5	12	55	30	44
Reading	32	16	8	8	41	30	40
Northampton	33	11	5	17	38	30	29
Plymouth Argyle	32	14	8	10	42	37	38
West Ham. U.	32	14	9	9	54	48	37
Brighton & Hove	32	12	10	9	37	39	35
Queen's Park R.	31	12	10	9	38	37	33
Exeter City	32	10	10	12	37	34	32
Portsmouth	32	11	11	10	45	42	32
Southampton	33	13	14	6	48	49	32
Millwall	31	11	11	9	46	44	31
Gillingham	33	12	14	7	44	44	31
Norwich City	33	8	11	14	46	47	30
Cardiff City	32	10	13	9	40	41	29
Bristol Rovers	33	9	16	9	42	62	27
Southend U.	33	9	15	9	28	61	27
Watford	33	9	17	7	43	47	25
Merthyr Town	32	7	17	8	29	49	22
Coventry City	33	4	17	12	35	64	20

SCOTTISH LEAGUE.

	Pld.	Won.	Lst.	Dn.	Goals For.	Ast.	Pts
Celtic	32	25	3	4	67	11	54
Rangers	34	25	6	3	72	27	53
Hearts	35	22	5	8	65	24	52
Morton	35	24	9	2	73	47	50
Airdrieonias	35	17	7	11	66	37	45
Falkirk	35	19	9	8	64	49	44
Dundee	35	16	14	5	54	51	37
Third Lanark	30	11	11	8	37	41	30
Raith Rovers	34	12	17	5	52	51	29
Clyde	35	10	16	9	40	43	29
Kilmarnock	33	10	14	9	44	61	29
Partick Thistle	33	10	16	7	34	43	27
Motherwell	33	11	17	5	46	58	27
Ayr United	34	11	18	5	47	67	27
Hibernians	33	11	18	4	51	66	26
Aberdeen	34	9	17	8	35	52	26
Queen's Park	31	9	15	7	47	69	21
Dumbarton	33	8	20	5	38	81	21
Hamilton Acad.	33	7	20	6	41	62	20
St. Mirren	33	8	22	3	36	69	19

RUGBY FOOTBALL.

London Welsh beat Old Whitgiftians, at Addiscombe, on April 4, by 1 placed goal, 1 penalty goal, and 1 try (11 points) to 1 try (3 points).

Newport beat Harlequins, at Newport, on April, 4, by 6 points to 0; Blackheath beat Bristol, at Bristol, by 25 points to 0.

The results of the matches in the semi-final round of the Midland Counties Cup competition, on April 4, were as follows:—Coventry beat Leicester, at Leicester, by 1 goal and 1 try (8 points) to 0; Moseley beat Leicester Premier Works, at Moseley, by 2 goals (10 points) to 0.

Rossiyn Park beat Chatham Services, at Richmond, on April 4, by 6 goals and 3 tries (39 points) to 0.

Swansea beat Llanelly, at Swansea, by 1 goal, 1 penalty goal, and 1 try ((11 points) to 1 try (3 points).

Neath beat Aberavon, at Neath, by 1 goal and 1 try (8 points) to 0.

Devonport Albion beat Cardiff, at Devonport, by 1 goal and 1 try (8 points) to 0.

Cinderford beat Gloucester, at Cinderford, by 1 dropped goal and 1 try (7 points) to 2 tries (6 points).

Old Edwardians beat Northampton, at Northampton, by 3 goals and 1 try (18 points) to 2 tries (6 points).

Old Leysians beat Manchester, at Manchester, by 3 goals and 2 tries (21 points) to 1 goal and 2 tries (11 points).

Liverpool beat Birkenhead Park, at Liverpool, by 2 goals, 1 dropped goal, and 3 tries (23 points) to 2 goals (10 points).

Hartlepool Rovers beat Watsonians, at Hartlepool, by 1 goal and 5 tries (20 points) to 1 goal and 3 tries (14 points).

GOLF.

The annual Inter-University golf match, which was played at Rye on April 3, ended in favour of Oxford by 5 points to 4. Mr. Mc Clure led the successful side by beating the Cambridge captain by 4 and 3 after an excellent game. The form of some of the members of the defeated team was disappointing.

The scratch competitions for the Moncrieff gold cross and the club silver medal were played at the final spring meeting of the North Berwick New Club on April 3. Mr. Robert Maxwell again won the Moncrieff cross with a score of 82, in spite of an eight at the third hole, where he struck the wall with his second and took three puts; and Mr. Leslie Balfour-Melville won the club silver medal with 83.

The spring meeting of the Honourable Company of Edinburgh Golfers was held on April 4 over the Muirfield course. Mr. Robert Maxwell won the spring gold medal with a score of 73 (38 out and 35 home), including a 2 at the fourteenth. The second medal was won by Mr. J. R. Gairdner at 73. Both were scratch competitions.

J. B. Batley and Mr. D. S. Froy beat Edward Ray and Mr. W. G. Aston by 4 holes up and 3 to play in an eighteen-holes match played by electric light at Bushey Hall on April 4. The round took three hours and twenty minutes. There was a bright moon, and only one ball was lost—at the eighth hole, where Ray put his second shot out of bounds.

Thirty competitors took part in the London Press Golfing Society's open competition of the year, which was held at Oxhey on April 6. The weather was fine, but a high wind was blowing. Mr. Gilbert Jessop won the scratch prize with a score of 81. He went out in 46 and came home in 35. The senior handicap prize was won by Mr. Pomeroy Burton with 84—5 equal 79, and the junior handicap prize by Mr. Hartley Aspden with 111—18 equal 93.

The American golfers Mr. J. D. Travers and Mr. F. Herreshoff were partners in a thirty-six holes match at Hoylake on April 3, against Mr. John Ball and Capt. Nicholls, who went round in 73 a few days ago. The play was good, and the visitors showed improved form. At the end of the first round they were 1 up, and finally won by 2 holes up and 1 to play.

Mr. Francis Ouimet, the young American golfer who defeated Vardon and Ray in America last year for the United States Open Golf Championship, has arrived from New York.

RACING.

At the Derby Races on April 3 chief interest centred in the Doveridge Handicap Plate, which was easily won by Mr. E. Hulton's colt Flippant, the favourite, Mr. Davis's Cuthbert, being second. On April, 4 the Derbyshire Plate was won by Mr. H. Brushwood's Asparagus, the Chaddesden Plate by Lord Durham's Dunholm, and the Osmaston Plate by Mr. A. Belmont's Sandmole.

At Nottingham, on April 6, the Nottingham Spring Handicap was won by Mr. G. D. Smith's Bonfire, the Clumber Stakes by Sir W. Cooke's Fatality, and the Little John Plate by Mr. F. Benson's Ciceromar. On April 7 the principal race was the Newark Plate, which was won by Mr. Leopold de Rothchild's Ocydrome.

At Leicester, on April 8, the Durham Plate was won by Lord St. David's Speron, and the Melton Selling Plate by Mr. R. Wootton's Bobbin II.

ATHLETICS.

The remarkable sprinting of W. A. Applegarth was the feature of the Spring sports promoted by the South London Harriers at Kennington Oval on Saturday. After the excessive rain during March, the turf was naturally a bit "dead," so that Applegarth's times are remarkable. Apart from what the watch showed, it is something out of the common for a scratch man to win a double event at a first-class London meeting. The champion had to run two heats in the 100 yards handicap, and he won the final by a good yard in 10 1-5 secs.

Perhaps his victory in the 200 yards handicap was even more brilliant. The Oval is well-named, and Applegarth had to run round half of it, the straight being a short one. Being compelled to go on the outside of his rivals, he must have run two or three yards over the full distance, yet the watch showed 22 2-5 secs. at the finish.

From this it looks as thought England's champion sprinter is likely to show himself to be even a better man than last year. This is pleasing but it is to be hoped Applegarth will not take too much out of himself during this and next season, as great hopes are centred on him for the Berlin Olympic Games of 1916.

Another interesting event at the meeting was a team race over one mile. The crack clubs have been meeting in cross-country team races during the past few weeks, and sportsmen were curious to see how form would work out on the flat at one mile. The conditions were that the positions occupied by the leading three from each club should count, and as the Highgate team included C. H. Ruffell (the National Cross-Country, and the Steeplechase champion), and G. C. Gorringe, who finished a good second in the one mile championship last July, the prospects looked good.

A. H. Nicholls, the International cross-Country Champion, turned out for the Surrey A. C. and helped his club to secure premier honours.

The race for first place produced a big surprise, G. P. Sweet, Surrey A.C., beating Ruffell after a grand race by a yard in 4 min. 36 2-5 secs.

It is interesting to note how the totals were made up, the positions of the teams being:—

Survey A.C., 1, 5, 6, total 12 points.
Highgate H., 2, 9, 12, total 23 points.
Birchfield A., 3, 7, 13, total 23 points.

A SCOTTISH CHAMPION.

G. C. Wallach, who ran so well when finishing second in the International Cross-Country Championship at Chesham, added to his laurels by winning the Scottish ten miles track championship at Edinburgh on Saturday. Not only did Wallach easily vanquish his rivals, but he also sliced 12 1-5 secs. off his own Scottish native record for the distance, his time being 52 mins. 48 3-5 secs. It may be added that much faster time has been accomplished by a visitor, as it was on a Scottish track that A. Shrubb made his world's record of 50 mins. 40 3-5 secs.

LAWN TENNIS.

There is much of interest going on in the lawn-tennis world just now. Perhaps the most significant happenings have been at the Cannes Tournament. The arrival of Norman Brooks of Australia, aroused much interest, he being bent on getting into form for the Davis Cup matches. With A. F. Wilding, another member of the team, it is evident that Australasia will be dangerous. Brooks is already showing up well, as illustrated by his victory in the Singles at Cannes. He met Max Decugis in this, and beat the Frenchman by 3 seats to 1. Decugis won the opening set at 6—4, but Brooks then struck his form winning the next three seats at 6—1, 6—2, and 6—1. Brooks and Decugis coupled up for the Doubles, and they proved too strong for A. W. Dunlop and F. G. Lowe. It was a good game, however, as after Dunlop and Lowe had won the first and second sets, the other pair secured the next three in succession.

Turning to doings at home, the Covered-Court Championships have claimed attention at Queen's Club. M. J. G. Ritchie's fine tactics were seen to advantage during the last stages of the Singles. He disposed of W.C. Crawly in the final in three straight sets, and then beat P. M. Davison in the Challenge Round. The latter made a fight of it in the opening set, which Ritchie won at 8—6, but after this the holder fell away, Ritchie winning easily.

Owing to an injured ankle, Mrs. Lambert Chambers was unable be defend her title in the Singles for ladies, and this passed on to Miss E. D. Holman, a much improved player. Championship form evidently runs in the family, as her father, the late S. K. Holman (for many years the Hon. Secretary of the London A.C.) won the half-mile race at the amateur championship of England in 1880.

BOXING.

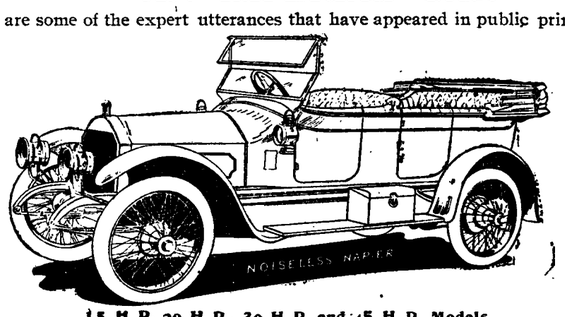
Sportsmen always admire pluck, and they saw it to advantage at the National Sporting Club on Monday. W. Ladbury and T. Harrison were down to box fifteen rounds, and from the opening it was evident that both boxers meant business. Harrison was knocked down in the first round, and it looked as though he would soon be beaten. The Staffordshire man is made of the right stuff, however, and his plucky display evoked great applause. Boxing with much determination, he gradually improved, so that at the halfway stage he looked to have a chance. Matters went against him in the tenth round, however, when he got a cut over the eye which bothered him considerably. He stuck to his task, however, but was knocked down three times in the fourteenth round, and again in the fifteenth round, when his seconds "threw up the sponge." The loser's display stamped him as a glutton for punishment, and he well deserved the cheers given him when he left the ring.

NAPIER PLEASURE CARS.

Messrs. D. Napier & Son are one of the most successful motor builders of the world, for Napier Cars have practically gained their high place in the estimation of the motoring world, not only through their successful racing in the past, which by the way they have now entirely abandoned, but because Napier Cars now hold in R. A. C. Certificates of Official tests more than four times the number held by any other make of six cylinder cars, and it is the only British car to win the Gordon Bennett cup against the world. It is no wonder, therefore, that the English Press is so enthusiastic in praise of the Original and Proved Best Six cylinder Car.

"THE KING OF CARS"
"THE CHAMPION OF SIX CYLINDERS"
"AN IMPERIAL CAR"

are some of the expert utterances that have appeared in public print. The Napier is a Car with a great reputation and a list of satisfied owners in every part of the world. Every conceivable test which it can be put to has been applied to the Napier—speed—hill climbing—economy—silence and reliability. And because the Napier has come through these tests with greater success than any other car it is claimed for it that it is the Best Car in the World.



15 H. P. 20 H. P., 30 H. P. and 45 H. P. Models, Four and Six-Cylinders.
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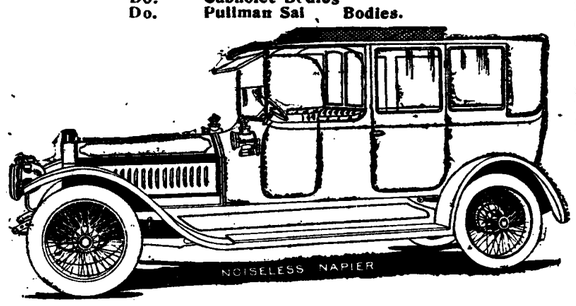

The Six-Cylinder Napiers were the centre of attraction at the recent Salon d'Automobiles at Brussels, and the Belgian Press were unanimous in their appreciation of these famous Cars.

"LE PATRIOTE" says:—

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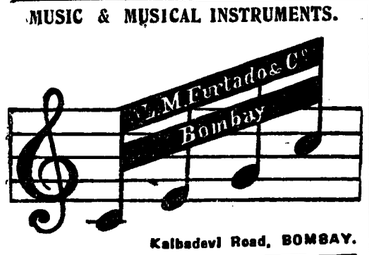

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THE WOMAN'S KINGDOM.

"CHURCH EN.'

Miss Millicent Garrett Fawcett writes to the "Daily News":—

The German Emperor, defining what he considered to be Woman's Kingdom, declared that it was contained in the three K's—namely the three words, Kirche, Kuche, and Kinder.

If anti-suffragists who follow this dictum were logical suffragists would have little to complain of, for such a definition of woman's sphere would inevitably lead to the demand for the vote, but even within these realms the full rights of women have been denied them.

A well-known preacher some time ago told the women of his congregation "not to come to Church and leave their brains behind them to cook the dinner." All of us will agree with him, yet for centuries women have been encouraged to forget their brains, and their devotion has been accepted while their counsel has been denied. The Church is essentially not regarded as their sphere so long as women are excluded from a voice in its Representative Assemblies, so long as a woman has no legal right to determine the religion of her child and no voice in determining the religion of the State, or the place of religion in State provided education. In the kitchen it might be expected that her capacities would have fuller scope. She fares as a matter of fact considerably worse. The home as a food agency holds an essentially and permanently unfavourable position as purchaser, and is one of the principal factors in maintaining the low standard of food products against which we struggle with the cumbrous machinery of legislation. There are the problems of adulteration of food, and of the pure milk supply. We have been told that 20 per cent. of the mixed milk supplied to towns contain tubercle bacilli, yet year after year Pure Milk Bills are shelved, and the subject is in danger of becoming one of the hardy perennials in the House of Commons. In the witty words of Mrs. Perkins Gilman, "Politics are not outside the Home, but inside the Baby," for Politics have much to do with securing or failing to secure, a pure milk supply.

HOUSING AND HEALTH.

But the question of the kitchen does not end here. There is the cupboard where the milk is kept, the cupboard which, in the Shoreditch slum house, for instance, often does duty for larder as well, and where scraps of food, dirty saucepans, refuse, and clothes are kept in the most detestable confusion. A short time ago the Shoreditch Health Visitors, reporting on a recent summer epidemic amongst children pointed to the "link between larder and lives." In only two of the 37 houses where deaths occurred was there proper pantry accommodation. In Shoreditch Mr. Lloyd George tells us that "out of a thousand boys born into the world in five years, 300 lie under the sod."

Even the administrative powers of woman are seriously curtailed by legislation at the present moment, and if they were not, they could not grapple effectively with the housing problem if they are debarred from touching the land problem. "You must remember," said Mr. Lloyd George," that every housing scheme presupposes land not merely for building, but for rational building. . . . There has been too much haphazard flinging of streets about."

The question of infant mortality carries us further afield still. Whenever there is a woman's movement in any part of the world there will be found, forcing its way to the front of political demands, the question of the health of the children and all its attendant obligations of hygiene, better economy and morality In New Zealand, since women were enfranchised in 1893, the infant mortality has fallen from 88 per 1,000 to 56 in 1911. In America, where women's suffrage is making such gigantic strides, the question of the home is being grappled with characteristic energy, So impressed was Sir John Ghrost a few years ago with the necessity of the supervision of women in the case of our own children at home that he recommended the establishment of a Woman's Department of Education—a particularly interesting point when we remember that under the new Division of the Home Office recently established to deal especially with the care of children no new appointments for women have been made.

In all departments of life women are showing their capacity and claiming the right to be consulted in matters pertaining to infant welfare and the social and domestic life of the State. The old barriers are breaking down, and men as well as women are demanding that where public interests are concerned "the women's brains shall not be left at home to cook the dinner."

MILESTONES OF PROGRESS.

It is fitting that the National Union, which stands for the granting of the vote to woman, the prime symbol of her liberty, should undertake at the forthcoming Children's Welfare Exhibition to give a demonstration in tangible and simple form of the women's movement in some of its many aspects. In science, Mme. Curee has made discoveries which are revolutionising medical science. In 14 foreign countries women are allowed to practice as barristers, and are on the verge of grainging admission to the law in Great Britain. Women are even attempting with men the conquest of the air, and the British Government has recently handed over to a firm controlled by a woman, a well-known aviator, the building of machines on whose stability depends the lives of the men of the Army Flying Corps.

The woman's Kingdom section of the Exhibition at Olympia will give some idea of what women have accomplished and of what they are seeking to attain. The professional women show us the milestones along the road of their advance—the professions that are open to them and those from which they are still debarred. The nursing exhibits marks the progress which has been made since Florence Nightingale stirred the whole country to a fuller realisation of its totally inadequate provision for the soldiers who were facing the ghastly sufferings of war. The sweating League reminds the men and women of today of the misery of the ill-paid army of women for whose squalid lives we all have to bear responsibility. There will be the model cottage, demonstrating what housing can accomplish in lessening the work of the rural labouring woman. The athletic and outdoor side of woman's life will be represented in the outdoor, camping, and the horticultural sections.

Finally, in the international section, we shall see the growth of the woman's movement in all countries, a fact which is brought home to us when we remember that woman's suffrage has been discussed during the last year or so in 17 national Parliaments and in 33 State and other Legislatures.

Woman's kingdom, as John Wesley said of his parish, is in truth "the whole world."

KITCHEN MANAGEMENT.

A revolution in the management of the home will do more for women than any franchise, political freedom will not eliminate the actual bondage of house-work, says "The Review of Reviews."

According to Christine Frederick in "The American Review of Reviews," the only way out is to adopt the business methods which have proved successful in the shop and office; and she has gone farther than most reformers, who are too often satisfied when they have launched a book at the public containing details of the pet theory:

Mrs. Frederick is a pioneer and has founded the Applecroft Experiment Station at her home in Long Island, and, to quote the writer:—

It may be interesting to note the way in which the station came into existence.

One evening, several years ago, when without a servant, I counted the number of pans, pots, and dishes I was washing. There were eighty-seven in all. I timed myself on this unpleasant old task which I hated from the bottom of my heart, and found it took forty-five minutes to wash, dry, and lay them away. When I was through I was so heated and tried that I didn't feel like doing anything else all the evening.

That evening, however, we were entertaining a friend who was prominent in the new science of industrial efficiency. He and my husband were discussing it, and I heard them say, "motion study," and such mysterious phrases as "standardising." and "standard practice." Although I was tired, I found myself interested in spite of myself. I asked our friend to explain what he meant, and he did, telling me how efficiency was revolutionizing the office and the factory.

"Do you mean to tell me," I asked sceptically, "that you think such things could be applied to the home?"

"They are universally applicable to any work anywhere," he replied seriously.

Still half sceptical. I decided to experiment. That was three years ago, and I can say that it has revolutionised my entire thought and practice about my home, and convinced me that a new era for woman's work—traditionally "never done"—is coming.

The writer gives elaborate particulars of the methods by which she has achieved simplicity in the arrangements of household duties, and these can best be summed up as a severely scientific application of common sense in the discharge of those duties which have made millions of women "drudges."

Mrs. Frederick belongs to a nation which is, in many ways, in advance of the rest of the world; but some day, even in Britain, we may see great architects leaving the elevation to rear itself, so to speak, and devoting some consideration to the necessary planning of a home. It can be done, but so far has not been attempted outside such model resorts as prisons, workhouses, and occasionally hotels.

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„ Empress Sweet, Fintage 1884	5	4
Saravalle, Red Wine, very old, similar to Port Wine but far better quality..	2	6
Malvasia, White	2	10
Malvasia Gutland Red, Sweet Wines very very old	3	0
„ White do. do.	3	0
Port Wine, White old dry ..	1	14
Port Wine, Red	1	12
Mascato, very old, light flavoured..	2	0

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Morea, Vin de table, Red ..	1	6
Demestica, Vin de table, Red	1	10
Kalavryta, Vin de table, Red	1	12
Acheos, Vin de table, White. (very old)	2	8
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Demestica, Vin de table, White	1	12

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„ 1890 (Princess)..	5	0
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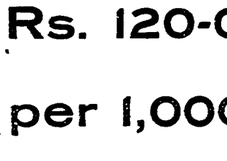

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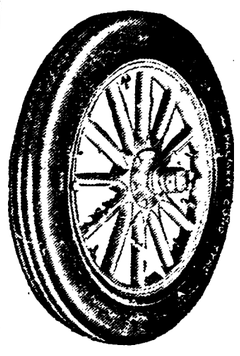

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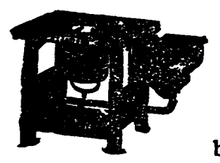

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